St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. 42.—NO. 349. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 30, 1891.—TEN PAGES. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

REPLY TO CHILI

Blaine Takes Charge of the Diplomatic Controversy.

Draft of His Response Submitted to the Cabinet To-Day.

THE EFFECT OF THE JUNTA'S LAST OFFICIAL NOTE.

Reasonable Time Will Be Granted for the Investigation of the Valparaiso Outrage—A Naval Demonstration in Chilian Waters Among the Possibilities—The Cruisers of the Two Countries—How England Regards the Trouble—Text of Chili's Reply to Egan.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30.—The Cabinet met promptly at 11:30 this morning, all the members but Secretary Foster being present. It is understood that the Chilian situation was taken up and that Secretary Blaine submitted a draft of a reply to the cablegram of the Chilian Minister of Foreign Affairs received yesterday from Minister Egan. This was fully considered. The nature of this reply can not be ascertained, and is of course a matter of speculation in all quarters of the capital. No dispatches were received at either the State or Navy Departments this morning from Chili. Secretary Blaine did not come to the Department of State this morning, but went from his home direct to the White House to attend the meeting of the Cabinet.

The Cabinet meeting adjourned at 1:15 p. m., after being in session nearly two hours. Secretary Blaine was the first member to leave the Executive Mansion. He declined to talk about the action of the cabinet—telling correspondents that if there should be anything to be made public it would be furnished later. All the other members of the Cabinet were approached for news, but each one most respectfully declined to talk on the subject.

FAVOR MODERATION.

The course urged by the more moderate members of the Cabinet, it is said, is to take no decisive action until the permanent Government which has just been chosen in Chili should take the place of the present provisional Government. The Cabinet meeting last week and the meetings held since at which the subject has been discussed decided that Chili should be allowed a reasonable time to investigate the bloody work in the streets of Valparaiso and tender reparation for it. This purpose was not changed to-day, in spite of the unsatisfactory nature of the assurances given by Senor Montt in his interview with Secretary Blaine and the impertinent reply given by the Chilian foreign office to Minister Egan. A reasonable time will be allowed for inquiry and there is the special reason for waiting that the change of Government is about to take place. It will be more satisfactory in every way to deal with a Government which is permanent and which represents the suffrages of the people of Chili, than which is merely a provisional and represents the accidents of civil war. The change of Government need not delay the prosecution of inquiry into the outrage upon our sailors through the regular judicial channels, and by the time that the new Ministry of American officers in Chili is in fairly working orders it will find a very emphatic demand from the United States before it to furnish satisfaction for the attack made upon the American sailors.

If the demand is not promptly met by a suitable apology the punishment of the criminals and an indemnity in money, American vessels will begin to concentrate on the Chilian coasts, and every preparation will be made for the bombardment of Valparaiso, if such a course be deemed necessary.

The President and Secretary Blaine are very much in earnest in the feeling that we should allow no trifling, and that we should allow it to appear that we were indifferent to the sufferings that have been inflicted upon the families by the murders, nor to the dignity of our uniform by the outrage put upon it.

The Chilians believe that the English would come to their assistance in order to protect the nitrate beds in which English capital is heavily invested. They apparently imagine that the opening of American's gun on the defenses of Valparaiso will be the signal for a counter fire from English iron-clads. The extent to which this idea has taken possession of the Chilians is shown by a recent episode at Santiago, the inland capital of the country. Some leading Chilians arranged a dinner party and carried the English officers up there on a special train. In the course of the meal after the Chilians hae been warmed to the fighting point, one of them proposed a toast couched in the most slurring language towards the United States. It was so insolent in tone that the English officers flatly refused to drink it, but their courtesy does not seem to have undeceived the Chilians in the hope that they will have English guns behind them if they see fit to insult the United States. They are evidently counting upon some such support in the future, and it is this which has led them to reply as they have.

SOME POLITICS IN IT.

A distinguished international lawyer of large experience in treating diplomatic questions said to-day:

"This Chilian question needs to be handled with due regard to common-sense as well as to national pride on our part. I do not see in it myself much more than a barroom brawl among a lot of noisy sailors. Sailors are much the same the world over, regardless of the particular uniform they may happen to be wearing. Give them their liberty on shore for a brief period, and a bottle is apt to convert them into very ugly customers. But whatever more there may have been in that Valparaiso affair we as a people are largely responsible for. We have never treated Chili with entire fairness. The report of the Spanish-American Commission appointed by President Arthur was very severe in its strictures on Chili. Then in the recent crisis through which she has passed our conduct towards her necessarily prejudiced us in her eyes. If our support had availed anything it would have established Balmaceda as a despot over a people who have been free almost as long as we ourselves have been.

"Then there is some possible politics in this business. I refer to the fact that England is showing an undue interest in the situation. The London *Times* has had two editorials expressive of the hope that the United States will not attempt to bully a weak neighbor. This sort of solicitude, coming from a country which had done nothing for forty years but bully and thrash hapless savage tribes, is funny. It is plain enough, of course, why England is trying to put in her oar. She fears for those nitrate beds which she practically now controls. She is tentatively, therefore, offering Chili support, but if she should offer it too boldly and too vociferously she might make it tempting for the President and Mr. Blaine to assume a much firmer tone with Chili and bring things to a crisis.

"It is easy to be seen what effect such a course, if shrewdly taken, would be likely to have in this country on the eve, practically, of a presidential election. England is so unpopular in the United States that a good stiff challenge of any of her fine work by the Administration would be certain to overshadow, for the time, all local issues."

THE OFFICIAL NOTE.

CHILI'S FORMAL REPLY TO THE WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30.—Chili has replied to the demand of the United States presented by Minister Egan for an investigation of the acts of the Valparaiso mob. The Andean Government takes almost precisely the same position as that maintained by Secretary Blaine in his diplomatic tilt with the Italian Premier, Rudini. The substance of the official note, which came in cipher from Egan to the State Department, was given to the press last evening. It differs little from the statement sent out in the dispatches yesterday from Santiago. In its answer the Chilian Government says:

The Minister of Foreign Affairs replies that the Government of the United States formulates demands and advances threats that, without being cast back with acrimony, are not acceptable, nor could they be acceptable in the present case or in any other of like nature. He does not doubt the sincerity, rectitude or expertness of the investigation on board the Baltimore, but will recognize only the jurisdiction and authority of his own country to judge and punish the guilty in Chilian territory. He says the administrative and judicial authorities have been investigating the affair; that judicial investigation under Chilian law is secret, and the time is not yet arrived to make known the result; when that time does arrive he will communicate the result, although he does not recognize any other authority competent to judge criminal cases than that established by the Chilian people. Until the time arrives to disclose the result of the investigation he cannot see that the disorders in Valparaiso or the silence of his department should appear as an expression of unfriendliness toward the Government of the United States that might put in peril the friendly relations between the countries.

DIVIDED ON THE PRESIDENCY.

ONE EXPLANATION OF CHILI'S RESPONSE TO THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from Valparaiso to a firm in the Chilian trade, in reply to a dispatch of inquiry says that the secret of the Junta's refusal to give satisfaction to the American government is that the members of the Junta and their associates in command are divided on the question of the presidency and each faction is afraid to make enemies by seeming to yield to American demands, and that after the election of a president there will probably be a change for the better in the situation. This cheerful view is not generally accepted, however, by those having Chilian interests, although it is believed that rivalry for the presidency is causing considerable bitterness among the chiefs of the revolution. The failure to capture Vicuna is greatly regretted, as many, even of the Junta party, consider that Vicuna was the legal President-elect, his position having been different from that of Balmaceda, and he having been chosen by the electoral body in accordance with constitutional forms. Had Vicuna been captured, said a former Balmacedist official, he would probably have been got rid of by murder under the cover of pretended suicide, and then the Junta would have a free field. As it is, the fact that Vicuna is alive and, so far as known, willing to undertake his duties if permitted to do so, is a rankling thorn, and will remain so for the five years of what would have been his term. The official added with a significant shrug that Vicuna might be invited back to Chili yet.

Senor Vicuna, referred to in the above telegram, is now in New York. He arrived there two days ago on the Pacific Mail steamer Colon from Panama. Vicuna was last summer the Balmacedist candidate for President of Chili. The elections were held in all the Southern provinces of the country, then under the late Dictator's administration. As all the offices were filled by Balmaceda's adherents, the elections were in favor of Senor Vicuna succeeding to the chief magistracy.

Balmaceda's term of office was to have come to an end on Sept. 18. Following Balmaceda's overthrow and prior to his suicide at the Argentine Legation in Santiago Senor Vicuna escaped on board the German war ship Leipzig, and, with a number of other Balmacedist refugees was landed at Mollendo, Peru. Thence he made his way to Panama and sailed for this country. The Junta's troops in their victorious march into Valparaiso destroyed Seno Vicuna's elegant mansion in the suburbs of that city.

WHY THE ETATA CASE IS ON.

THE JUNTA'S REPRESENTATIVE DEMANDED THE UNCONDITIONAL RELEASE OF THE VESSEL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30.—The hostility of the Chilians to everything American has no better illustration than that given by the Etata affair. For the settlement of this episode this Government, through Attorney General Miller, made what is looked on as a magnanimous offer. It agreed to dismiss the suits on Chili's paying the cost. Such a settlement was eagerly agreed to by Messrs. Grace & Co. of New York, who were interested, but Pedro Montt would not yield an inch. He held that the Etata was innocent and demanded that she be released unconditionally, the United States thereby acknowledging that it had been wrong throughout the whole affair. This was absurd, and the Attorney General ordered the suits to be prosecuted, and they are now on. The course pursued by the Junta representative has done much to increase the strained condition of relations between the two countries.

THE BRITISH VIEW.

COMMENTS OF THE LONDON PAPERS ON THE CHILIAN SITUATION.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The *Times* to-day publishes a letter signed "An American," which asserts that the attitude of the United States in regard to Chili is entirely due to the approaching election in several American States.

The evening papers comment at length upon the strained relations existing between the United States and Chili.

According to the *Pall Mall Gazette* there is no doubt that much of the excitement is due to the elections. "Nobody," says the *Gazette*, "seriously believes that President Harrison will push matters to extremities. Neither the sympathies of other countries nor the majority of Americans will be with him."

The *St. James Gazette* referring to the same subject, remarks that "whether President Harrison's rising indignation or Mr. Blaine's electioneering calculations will result in war is doubtful."

"The Chilians," the *St. James Gazette* continues, "are not now in a mood to submit to bullying. If the Americans have grievances for which they can legitimately demand redress, Chili has equal reason to complain of the conduct of Mr. Egan. Possibly, if the ex-Secretary of the Land League was recalled, the difficulty between the two Republics would be much more easily arranged."

The *Globe*, touching upon the same subject, is of the opinion that it "is incredible that the United States should go to war with Chili, however much it may enjoy the preliminary bluster."

"It is even more incredible," the *Globe* continues, "that Chili should court irretrievable disaster. A weak government will also find plenty of reason for yielding to a strong government without loss of dignity. But there remains the question whether if President Harrison's government pushes the quarrel to an actual declaration of war it may not find itself taken at its word in a way both unexpected and undesired."

NEW YORK PRESS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—All the morning papers comment liberally upon the crisis reported in the controversy between Chili and the United States. While almost unanimous in the opinion that the government will not and should not submit to insult, heaped upon an injury, several of them allege that the policy of sending and keeping a Minister to that country an utterly unfit man, with improper instructions, is bearing its natural fruit.

SHIPS OF WAR.

VESSELS WHICH MAY PLAY A PART IN THE CHILIAN COMPLICATION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30.—Naval officers are confident that the dispute with Chili can only be settled by a display of force by this government. The talk about available vessels and the possibility of assembling a sufficient fleet before Valparaiso to compel Chilian respect is animated among naval men and officers are beginning to think of active duty on board of ship. Secretary Tracy, will, no doubt, in a few days, if the dispatches from Chili are not more courteous and reassuring, send the Chicago and the Newark after the Yorktown and the Boston, which have started for Valparaiso, and later on will support the vessels already under orders for Chili by others, including if necessary the ships of the North Atlantic squadron, now almost ready to sail.

Admiral Gherardi has unofficially suggested to the Navy Department that he be ordered to sail for Valparaiso at once with the Philadelphia and the Concord. It seems probable that his suggestion will be acted upon, though no orders have yet been issued.

But the presence of the United States fleet would probably bring to Valparaiso a large fleet of vessels of the British Navy. British interests in Chili are large, and it is assumed that any demonstration by the United States would be watched with concern by the British fleet, and that if a determination to shell the city was reached by this government, the lives and property of the subjects of Great Britain would have to be considered. The suggestion of British intervention is not likely, however, to deter the United States from following a course that will compel respect for our flag and an expression of regret for taking the lives of men wearing the uniform of the United States. If Great Britain is influential in Chili it is believed that its power could be exercised beneficially to bring the Chilian authorities to their senses.

The Government cannot take any immediate action at Valparaiso to enforce its demand. The Baltimore alone would not be equal to the task of compelling Chili to make a speedy and satisfactory answer. Several weeks must pass before the fleet can be greatly increased. The interim may be used to reach an amicable settlement, and it is possible that it will be employed by Chili in preparation for sustaining its attitude of defince and apparent hostility.

HERE IS THE LIST.

The following list shows the ships which could in a short time be made available in case of a declaration of war, or the necessity of making a naval demonstration against Chili:

	Speed in knots.	Men.	Guns.	Tonnage.
Chicago (first rate)	14	400	14	4,500
Philadelphia (first rate)	16	400	16	4,324
Newark (first rate)	16	300	12	4,083
Atlanta (second rate)	10	300	8	3,000
Bennington (third rate)	15	200	6	1,703
Concord (third rate)	15	200	6	1,703
Kearsarge (third rate)	8	175	7	1,550
Petrel (fourth rate)	15	160	4	885
Miantonomoh (monitor)	6	150	4	3,990

THE BIG MONITOR.

The placing of the big monitor Miantonomoh in commission at the Brooklyn navy yard created some surprise among offices of the navy here. They say this looks business-like and indicates that the navy is to supplement the failure of diplomacy. This monitor is the nonpareil of American warships. Though bearing the name of "monitor" she is a vastly more powerful ship than any of the vessels that came under that general title during our civil war. In fact the Miantonomoh could meet the whole fleet of old monitors and destroy them all, without once being in serious peril.

The Miantonomoh was built about the close of the war, and was one of the most formidable ships in the navy. She was built in the Brooklyn navy yard, and originally her hull was of oak. She was 257 feet long, 53 feet broad and drew 15 feet 4½ inches. Her iron armor was bolted on over her hull. In 1872 she was rebuilt in iron. She has been in the navy yard since 1883 undergoing repairs or alteration. She is now 259½ feet long and 55½ feet broad, and has 12½ inches of blended steel and iron on her sides.

There is not a ship of war afloat in any water which the Miantonomoh could not meet with some chance of victory. But she is primarily a harbor defense ship. Her business is not to go out to meet an enemy in other waters, but to lie in wait for an approaching foe. To such a foe she would give a welcome worthy of her flag. Each of her two Coles turrets carries two 10-inch modern rifles. They are called the best and most effective marine guns ever built in this country. They throw solid steel projectiles weighing 500 pounds each, with an effective fighting range of seven miles, and can hurl them thirteen miles. Besides these big guns she carries on her superstructure and military mast two six-pounder and two two-pounder rapid-fire guns, two 37-mm. revolving cannons, and two Gatlings.

The Miantonomoh can lie in the Narrows and sink an unarmored cruiser off Sandy Hook. She could steam out in the lower bay and clear the coast near Coney Island and Rockaway Beach of ordinary hostile craft. She is not graceful, nor swift, nor beautiful. She was built to fight, and she can do it.

It would take a long time for her to get to Valparaiso, but there would be no discounting her strength in a fight if she once got there.

CHILI'S BIG CRUISERS.

BATTLESHIPS OF THE LITTLE SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLIC.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—There is much speculation here as to the outcome of a trial of strength between the battleships of the United States and those of the little Andean republic in case of hostilities opening. One of Balmaceda's officers now here thus describes the navy of his country. The torpedo boats, he says, are the stronghold of the country in defending her harbors.

In addition to the torpedo vessels, the Chilian navy comprises three armored and seven unarmored vessels. Of the former class the Almirante Cochrane is an iron vessel of 3,500 tons, built in 1875. She has an armour belting of nine inches and battery protection of eight inches. She carries four 9-inch and two 7-inch Armstrong breech-loading rifles and eleven rapid firing guns. The most formidable armored vessel on the Chilian ship list is the Capt. Prat, a steel sheathed and copper vessel of 6,900 tons, now in process of construction in France. She is heavily armored and carries her four 10-inch guns in barbettes. She is designed for a speed of nineteen knots. The Huascar, an 1,800 ton armored cruiser, carries two 10-inch muzzle loading guns and some obsolete weapons of smaller caliber.

The unarmored class consists of the Abtao, a 1,050 ton corvette vessel, carrying one 20 and four 40-pounder Armstrong guns; the Chacabuco, a modern vessel of 1,100 tons, carrying three 8-inch, two 20-pounder and four 40-pounder Armstrong guns; the Esmeralda, a steel cruiser of the Charlestown type, carrying two 10-inch, six 6-inch Armstrong and a number of rapid fire guns; the Magellanes, a composite vessel of 800 tons, armed with one 7-inch breach-loading rifle and a number of rapid fire guns; the corvette O'Higgins, 1,100 tons, a wooden vessel, carrying three 7-inch and four 40-pounder Armstrong guns, and the Pilcomayo, a 600 ton wooden craft, carrying two 20-pounder and two 40-pounder Armstrong. Valuable additions to the Chilian navy are the Presidente Errasuriz and Presidente Pinto, just built. These are vessels of the type of cruiser No. 10, to be launched at Baltimore this week. Besides their heavy battery of rapid fire guns they are equipped with the latest improved Fish torpedoes. These vessels have a speed of nineteen knots.

MURDER MYSTERY.

Thomas Scanlon of St. Louis Found Dying in Pine Bluff, Ark.

NO CLEW OBTAINED TO THE AUTHOR OF THE CRIME.

The Aurora Poisoning Case on Trial—Pastor George Undergoing Investigation—Saloonkeeper Shot—Rich Haul by Burglars—A Jealous Lover's Crime—Criminal News in Brief.

PINE RIDGE, Ark., 30.—A stranger, who gave the name of Thomas Scanlon, from St. Louis, was found in the extreme eastern limits of this city this morning, suffering from two terrible wounds in his head. One was evidently inflicted with a blunt instrument and the other a stab from a knife. He was brought to town and sent to the hospital, but died in a few hours. The man's condition was such that he could give no account of what had befallen him, or who inflicted his wounds. He was evidently a laboring man, about 30 years of age, with red hair and mustache, 5 feet, 6 inches high and weighs probably 140 pounds. Letters found on the body identify him as Thomas Scanlon, and give evidence that his home was in St. Louis.

QUIET RESTORED AT BUCKSNORT.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 30.—Information received here from Bucksnort, the scene of Tuesday night's riot, reports everything quiet, but the feeling against State Lecturer Bryan of the Farmers' Alliance is very strong. He took advantage of the first opportunity and left that part of the county. Bryan has been on a lecturing tour of the State, and has visited all the Alliance strongholds, preaching the sub-treasury and land loan schemes. It is said his utterances at Bucksnort Tuesday against his political opponents were the direct cause of the trouble. Burk Manning, one of the injured, died yesterday. The remains of a 3-year-old girl were found, after the crowd disappeared, crushed almost beyond recognition. J. A. Towns and Manning were shot with Winchesters. Five other men were seriously wounded. Their names cannot be learned. The trouble has caused intense excitement throughout the State, and it is feared will break out elsewhere when Bryan resumes his work.

TRIAL OF PASTOR GEORGE.

CATSKILL, Oct. 30.—The jury in the George case has not yet been completed. Rev. H. W. George is charged with manslaughter in the first degree in causing the death of his adopted daughter, Lizzie Townsend, by a criminal operation. Judge Sanderson has become impatient at the many delays that have attended the selection of the jury, and to-night he is holding a session of court to expedite matters. Lawyer William P. Field has exhausted fourteen of his twenty peremptory challenges, and it is probable that the jury box will be filled to-day.

The Rev. Mr. George is now a prisoner, his bail bond having been withdrawn. The witnesses for the defense. it is said, will try to substantiate Mr. Fiero's theory that Mr. George as a confessed kleptomaniac is morally irresponsible.

HUNTING SMUGGLERS.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 30.—United States Revenue Collector Bell arrived here yesterday from an extended inspection along the Rio Grande border. He says that a large number of bandits has for some time been deliberately engaged in smuggling operations along the border near Roma. The Custom-house guards are unable to prevent this violation of the law. The smugglers are desperate characters and well armed. They are terrors to the Custom-house guards and to honest citizens. Most of the smuggling which is carried on is into Mexico and not into the United States as formerly. The increase in tariff on certain articles is responsible for this change.

THE AURORA POISONING CASE.

AURORA, Ill., Oct. 30.—The Siebert-Kelchner poisoning case is on trial in the County Court at Geneva. On Oct. 7, 1890, Edwin Kelchner, an employe of the car shops at Aurora, was taken sick after eating his lunch from his dinner pail and died two days after. Kelchner's wife and a saloon-keeper named William Seibert, who roomed with the Kelchners, were arrested on suspicion of having poisoned Kelchner. Prof. Haines of Chicago, an expert, testified to having found arsenic in Kelchner's stomach. A Geneva druggist testified to having sold Seibert rough on mice.

SALOON-KEEPER SHOT.

DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 30.—William H. Clark, proprietor of the Coney Island saloon and club-room, was shot and probably fatally injured yesterday by Charles, alias Frank Hutton, a desperate character. Hutton was thrown out of the saloon Wednesday night for disorderly conduct. Yesterday at 11 o'clock he entered the saloon and began firing at Clark who was behind the bar, discharging five shots, two of which took effect. Hutton was jailed and narrowly escaped a mob. He is from Eminence, Ky. Clark is one of the best known sporting men in Texas and is very popular.

BOY SHOT AND KILLED.

MUNCIE, Ind., Oct. 30.—On Wednesday night William Bradshaw, a farmer, shot and killed Daniel Bradshaw, a boy 15 years old, near Tipton, west of this city. A party were on their way from church and were making a noise. The farmer ordered that less noise be made, and some one said: "Go to bed, old hayseed." Bradshaw fired a shot from a rifle to scare them, he said, and which struck the boy, who was in a buggy ahead.

THREE CONVICTS ESCAPE.

JACKSON, Mich., Oct. 30.—John Donovan, Walter Briquilet and Charles Keehn, three convicts in the Michigan State Prison, made their escape yesterday afternoon by tunnel under the prison wall. They have been at work on the tunnel for six weeks. This makes seven convicts who have escaped from the prison in the last two months.

REQUISITION FOR A BANK ROBBER.

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 30.—Deputy Sheriff C. W. Jackson of Higginsville left here yesterday morning for Jefferson City to secure requisition papers for Palmer Derrick, who is under arrest at Newport, Tenn., on a charge of having assisted in robbing the bank at Corder, Mo., Aug. 21 last.

RICH HAUL BY BURGLARS.

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 30.—Burglars made a rich haul here Wednesday night in the residence of Mrs. Dow, one of the wealthiest residents of this city. The plunderers secured jewelry, diamonds and a number of shares of railroad stock, all valued at $20,000.

A MISER POISONED.

WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 30.—The inquest on the body of Rudolph Mueller, the old German miser found dead in his room Wednesday, was concluded last evening and a verdict rendered to the effect that he was poisoned by an unknown hand. No arrests have as yet been made.

A JEALOUS LOVER'S CRIME.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—A special from Cairo, Ill., says: At Belknap, a station on the Big Four twenty-seven miles from here, a man named Hartline killed a Miss Thurman this evening and then shot himself. He had been keeping company with her and became jealous because she had accepted attentions from another man. Meeting her in the road he shot her, inflicting a wound that caused her to fall, but not killing her. He then placed his Winchester to her head and blew out her brains. Before he could be prevented he placed the weapon to his own head, and, firing, fell dead beside his victim.

CRIMES IN BRIEF.

The Postmaster at Elkton, N. C., two miles east of Clarkton, on the Charlotte & Columbia Railroad, was shot in his office Wednesday night by an unknown person. No cause can be assigned for the deed.

C. W. Thomas and Thomas Haines, who have been engaged in the flour business at Watseka, Ill., have disappeared, leaving debts to the amount of $15,000. They bought flour from a number of mills on credit and sold it for cash, afterwards disappearing. Their creditors are on the lookout for them.

Two weeks ago T. R. Milliken obtained the signature of A. B. Allison of Mattoon, Ill., to a draft, under pretense of appointing him agent of a life insurance company. Allison followed him up, caused his arrest in Sherman, Tex., and he is now in jail at Charleston.

Lee West, a desperado was shot and fatally wounded last evening at Arkansas City, Kan. West escaped from the officers here a day or two ago and sent word to Marshal Kitchen that he intended to kill him. Kitchen accompanied by Marshal Mann met him and captured the desperado after shooting him.

Pacific Express detectives are busily engaged on the western end of the Central Branch road in Kansas looking for the robbers who stole $2,600 from the express car at Lenora. It is now the impression of the officials that the money has not been taken far away from Lenora.

Chief Saunders of Little Rock was requested by telegraph by the Marshal of Bison, Ark., to look for Tom Frazier wanted for assaulting the 16-year-old daughter of a prominent citizen. Frazier was arrested here, but denies that he is the guilty person.

John Whittle died at the Chamber Street Hospital, New York, this morning, from the effects of a fractured skull, received during an altercation in the hallway of 86 Cherry street at an early hour this morning. John Finnigan, whom, it is alleged, committed the assault with a piece of an iron pipe, is under arrest.

FIERCE FLAMES.

The Advance Elevator at Peoria, Ill., Completely Destroyed.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 30.—The Advance Elevator, owned by Kingman, Warren & Co., was completely destroyed by fire early this morning. There were 100,000 bushels of grain in the building, some of which can be saved. The loss on the building will approach $30,000 and the whole will approximate $90,000. It is impossible now to get at the insurance on the grain, but on the building there was $16,000 insurance, divided among half a dozen companies. The origin of the fire is a mystery, but is supposed to be from sparks from passing locomotives. The Washington Foundry on one side was damaged about $6,000. A high wind was blowing and drove the flames in spite of the efforts of the firemen. Owing to the great height of the elevator it was very difficult for them to work effectually.

SERIOUS FIRE IN INDIANA.

BLOOMFIELD, Ind., Oct. 30.—Nearly the entire business part of the town of Newberry, ten miles south of here, was burned yesterday, together with a score of dwellings. The fire was the work of an incendiary and was started in a saloon. The amount of insurance is unknown, but the loss is estimated at $15,000. The business houses burned were as follows: Edwards' meat market, Musselman's saloon, Gorles & Scott's hardware store, San Hard's shoe shop, Marketts' barber shop, Clark's furniture store, the Flour Exchange, Gantz' drug store and the Post-office.

SERIOUS FIRE AT NASHVILLE, TENN.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 30.—About 8 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the Nashville Gas Co.'s four-story building. The third and fourth floors, used for offices and sleeping rooms, were burned out and the rest of the building drenched with water. The loss will probably reach $35,000. The Vendome Theater building in the rear, and entered by a long passageway through the gas company's building, was saved without material loss. Patti Rosa's engagement will not be interfered with. Some of the persons rooming in the gas company's building had narrow escapes, but so far as known no lives were lost.

AN OLD HOMESTEAD DESTROYED.

MASSILON, O., Oct. 30.—The old Beatty homestead, two miles from this city, which was occupied by Gen. Beatty before and after the war, was destroyed by fire yesterday. The venerable mother of Gen. Beatty, who is within a few months of 100 years old, and has been unable to walk for fifteen years, was rescued by neighbors just before the flames reached her room.

PRAIRIE FIRES IN OKLAHOMA.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Oct. 30.—Fears are expressed here for the safety of the farmers throughout the Territory, owing to the prairie fires. A high wind prevailed yesterday and made the situation more dangerous. Some of the farmers have either cut the grass growing in the vicinity or burned it off for safety, but this will not help them much in a high wind, as sparks from the burning grass will be carried to barns and dwellings.

LOSS $22,000.

NORWALK, O., Oct. 30.—The contents of Smith & Himberger's lumber yard were destroyed by fire early this morning. The bridge connecting the east and west sides of the town was also burned, entailing a loss of $15,000 to the firm and $7,000 on the bridge. Partially insured.

NORTH DAKOTA PRAIRIE FIRES.

BISMARCK, N. D., Oct. 30.—Two large prairie fires are raging north and west of this city. The flames are leaping high and can easily be seen. It is impossible to obtain definite information as to their extent and the damage done, but owing to the dry condition of the ground it is feared that they will sweep over a large district.

A LARGE MALT HOUSE.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 30.—A fire at an early hour this morning destroyed the four-story malt house of P. Mueller & Co., on Michigan street. Loss, $40,000. A. F. Schade & Co.'s crockery store-house, adjoining, was damaged to the extent of $10,000.

FACTORY BURNED.

BRAZIL, Ind., Oct. 30.—The Turnbuckle factory of this city was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $40,000. Insurance about one-fourth. Fifty hands are thrown out of employment. The factory was owned and operated by the Brazil Steel & Iron Co.

MOUNTAIN FIRE IN ALABAMA.

SHEFFIELD, Ala., Oct. 30.—The mountains to the south of here have been devastated by forest fires. In some places the fire has reached the sedge fields in the valley. A negro lost his entire cotton crop. The only hope of the people is rain.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

BELVIDERE, N. J., Oct. 30.—Clinton, Hunterdon County, was visited by a destructive fire last night. Nineteen buildings, including society halls, storehouses and dwellings were burned. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

LOSS NEARLY $50,000.

PAXTON, Ill., Oct. 30.—The main business block of Soda, Iroquois County, was destroyed by fire Wednesday night. The loss is $48,290; insurance, $26,150.

The LaFollete Charges.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 30.—For the present no action will be taken in the Sawyer-LaFollete case by the Attorney-General. As soon as the public excitement has abated, however, if LaFollete's charges against Sawyer are substantiated, Attorney-General O'Connor will institute proceedings against the Senator.

IRELAND ABLAZE.

The Factions Ready to Substitute Winchesters for Blackthorns.

A PLOT UNEARTHED TO ASSASSINATE WILLIAM O'BRIEN.

Policemen Surround the Arms Depots—The Constabulary Placed at Mr. Dillon's Disposal—The Fighting Priest Warned—Party Strife Growing More Bitter.

CORK, Oct. 30.—As a result of last night's fierce fighting between the factions ninety-two persons, more or less seriously injured, reported to the hospital for treatment. The majority of the visitors departed after having their cuts and bruises bandaged or otherwise attended to. Many, however, were found to be so seriously wounded that it was found necessary to detain them for more thorough treatment. With the light of morning came the startling announcement that the police were in possession of information going to show that a plot had been concocted to assassinate William O'Brien. At first the story was believed to be a canard, but as soon as it became known that Mr. O'Brien had hurriedly decamped in consequence of the discovery, the excitement became intense. At the moment of filing this dispatch the streets are filled with angry men, who threaten to arm themselves with more deadly weapons than blackthorns and stones. Strong guards of police are stationed in the vicinity of the gun shops and where ever else it is possible to obtain firearms. The officers are doing their utmost to keep the turbulent and bellicose mobs in motion, but is a difficult task. The report of the murderous conspiracy has terribly enraged the McCarthyites, who threaten to cast aside even the slight restraint which they have put upon themselves and outdo the Parnellites in deeds of violence.

At an early hour Mr. Davitt arrived to fill the engagements of Mr. O'Brien. Meantime the self-respecting and law-abiding citizens are becoming seriously apprehensive that the events which are disgracing the Irish cause in this city will assume dimensions so great as to make imperative the calling out of British troops to protect the Irish people from themselves. The candidates will be formally placed in nomination on Tuesday next and the election will occur on the following Friday. The Parnellites deny that they intend giving up the fight in the event of the defeat of John F. Redmond, their candidate for election to the seat in the House of Commons for Cork, made vacant by Mr. Parnell's death. They will, they insist, adhere to their intention to hold a general convention.

The *National Press* of Dublin is responsible for the report that there was a plot on foot to murder Mr. O'Brien. The same paper stated that there was a plot to assault, if not to kill, Mr. John Dillon. According to a sensational story circulated which the police of Cork and the police of this city, who have carefully investigated the matter, declare to be unfounded, a woman who was returning from a political meeting at Mayfield heard four men plotting to kill Mr. Dillon as he and a number of his followers were returning from the meeting. The woman, the report stated, made such a loud outcry as Mr. Dillon and his party approached as to warn them of the proximity of the would-be murderers and the latter hastily decamped. The affair has caused a sensation.

At a police court this morning a number of McCarthyites were fined for stoning a Parnellite meeting. In imposing the sentences the magistrate stated that the behavior of the rival factions was worse than anything he had witnessed in Belfast.

In consequence of the disturbed state of affairs in Cork, the police of Fermoy, nineteen miles forom this city and the constabulary from all the outlying stations have been ordered to proceed immediately to Cork. The whole force of mounted police at present in this city has been placed at the disposal of Mr. Dillon and will accompany him everywhere until the close of the political campaign now being fought here between the McCarthyites and the Parnellites.

It is stated that Canon O'Mahoney, the fighting priest, has been notified by Bishop O'Callaghan not to take any personal part in the struggles between the two parties in a muscular way. The Canon and other priests; however, are not restrained as to taking a share in the political features of the election. Bishop O'Callaghan is himself a pronounced anti-Parnellite and resolutely determined not to extend any episcopal courtesies to the advocates of the Parnellite cause, although he has not questioned their right to share in the services of the church.

GENERAL FOREIGN.

FRANCE REDUCES THE DUTY ON AMERICAN PORK—GOSSIP.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The Ministry expects to get the Senate to repeal the prohibition of American pork, but only to substitute a tariff that is virtually prohibitive. The agriculturists have been in a ferment ever since the Chamber of Deputies adopted the repeal, and it is argued that it would be fatal to the big breeding industry of France. The opposition in the Senate is urged on in a great degree by Deputies in the Chamber, some of whom regret their former action. There is a disposition to be commercially hostile to the United States, not only on the pig, but other matters, also, and the maximum tariff to which the United States is subjected is in several important particulars prohibitory.

The Senate has agreed to the removal of the prohibition upon the importation of American salt pork. It has also voted in favor of the imposition of a duty upon that article of food at 25 francs.

TRADE RESTRICTIONS RELAXED.

VIENNA, Oct. 30.—The Austrian Government has resolved to comply with the request of the United States and to remove the restrictions on the importation of pickled pork and bacon, but will retain them on lard. The Government is influenced by the fact that a similar concession was granted by Germany. The assent of the Hungarian Cabinet is still wanting, but will doubtless be obtained, as Hungary fears that otherwise the United States will make reprisals affecting the export of sugar.

BIMETALLISM.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—Mr. Jesse Seligman, the well known New York banker, has been in this city recently furnished with credentials from the United States for the purpose of making inquiries among foreign financiers in regard to the possibility of arriving at some international agreement in the interest of bimetalism. Mr. Seligman has received much attention in this city. It is stated here that President Harrison and Secretary Foster are greatly interested in the negotiations being conducted by Mr. Seligman. The United States Minister, the Hon. Wm. Walter Phelps, has secured for the New York financier interviews with Herr Von Maltzahn, Secretary of the Treasury, and with other prominent men in the financial world of Germany.

Mr. Seligman, upon leaving Berlin, seems to have the highest hopes that matters, so far as Germany is concerned, are progressing towards an international conference on the subject of bi-metalism.

THE CZAR'S MOVEMENTS.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30.—The plans of the Czar's movements are being daily altered in view of the activity of his Nihilist enemies. It is to-day announced that the sea voyage to Dantzic, enroute for Livalia, in the Crimea, has been abandoned and that the Czar and Czarina, together with their royal companions and guests, will proceed to their destination overland, via Frederica.

FLEEING FROM PUNISHMENT.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—Since the Kaiser's rescript against men who live on the earnings of frail women, there has been a large exodus of the men described from Berlin, and in some cases accompanied, and in other cases not, by their female associates.

The seismic instruments at the observatory in this city indicated the tremor of the Japanese earthquake between 11 o'clock p. m. and midnight on Monday.

SPAIN IS NEUTRAL.

MADRID, Oct. 30.—In an interview with a representative of the United Press to-day ex-Premier Sagasta said that he discredited the idea that there was at present any danger of war in Europe. Should war break out, however, Spain would remain neutral.

A BETTER OUTLOOK.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 30.—The agricultural outlook in the Presidency of Madras is immensely improved. In the district where distress was most acute it has been relieved by abundant rain.

THIRTY HOUSES BURNED.

GENEVA, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from St. Gall, capital of the Canton of that name, says that the village of Rebsten, not far from St. Gall, has been visited by a severe fire. Thirty houses were burned to the ground.

THE BALLOTS READY.

An Enormous Number of Them Distributed in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—If all the official ballots printed at public expense for use at the election next Tuesday were pasted in a line with the names of candidates it would stretch over fifty miles. These ballots are nearly all printed, and by Saturday night they will be delivered to the various police station-houses, from which they will be distributed to the polling places. The printing is being done by Martin B. Brown, and it requires a large force of printers and pressmen working day and night for seven days to do the work. Eight presses have been at work since last Saturday night running off the ballots and from seventy to eighty girls have been constantly employed collecting the printed sheets. There are 887 election districts in the city and each district must be furnished with 700 ballots of each ticket, that is 700 each for Tammany, Republican County Democracy, Voorhees Democracy, Socialist, Labor, Prohibition, and where there are independent nominations for any office containing 700 the Independent's name must also be furnished. By yesterday morning one-half of the ballots had already been distributed to the various police stations. They are sent in neat pasteboard boxes, 700 in each box. On the bottom of these boxes, which are bound with red tape and sealed according to the statute, there is a sample ticket of those in the box. On the front is the indorsement, election district, assembly district, precinct. It is a simple arrangement, but the greatest care has to be used by the girls to avoid mistakes. These girls are not children, but sensible young women selected especially for their good sense and carefulness.

TACKLING PROHIBITION.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 30.—Yesterday witnessed a hot contest between the prohibition and free whisky delegates to the Farmers' Alliance convention. The Prohibitionists fought for a declaration of prohibition doctrines, while the free whisky men favored a resolution advocating the abolition of the internal revenue tax and saloon licenses. Both sides urged their claims with great heat, and it was finally decided to table all resolutions concerning the liquor traffic, which in the resolutions passed was not touched at all. The convention adjourned last night after electing the following officers:

President, H. M. Gilbert, Henry County; Vice-President, Wm. Wallace, Knox County; Secretary and Treasurer, P. D. Stout, Morgan County; State Lecturer, C. W. Stevenson, Jo Daviess County; State Business Agent, D. M. Fullwiler, Chicago; member of the Executive Committee, F. J. Cross, Jackson County; member of the Judiciary Committee, W. C. Perry, Brown County. Delegates to the National Assembly—Wm. Hess, Sr., Pike County, and Thos. Barton, Brown County; alternates, Miss Lavina Roberts, Pike County, and G. W. Wickline, Washington County.

THE TWELFTH JUROR.

He Is at Last Secured in the Woodruff Case.

LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 30.—The Woodruff trial made some progress yesterday after the securing of a twelfth juror. E. C. Shilcutt, the man selected, had read all about the case, but had formed no opinion and could try the accused on his merits. The names of the full jury are: Joseph Schaer, E. A. Ramsey, R. D. Partee, John Wilkins, A. Boyd, S. C. Rolling, M. L. Krumpse, James Etling, Henry Diel, A. W. Lange, Joseph Kendrick and E. Shilcutt.

After the reading of the indictment by Prosecuting Attorney Pemberton Gen. Atkinson outlined the case for the State. He declared the State able to prove that Woodruff had been recreant to his trust and had converted public funds to his own use and benefit. He said that the peculations did not begin with the Treasurer's last term, but had been carried on for years. He used the State's money himself, and had loaned it to others, and on final settlement with his successor he was found short $64,000 in currency and a large amount of scrip. The shortage would exceed $100,000.

Col. B. Martin opened for the accused. He said: "When the defendant was first approached and told of the charge against him, he said, 'If there is a dollar shortage in my office I don't know it. Here is my property, take it and hold it in trust against any possibility.' Was this the act of a man who was guilty of any crime? He had even deeded away his house where he lived. The defense would be able to show a most remarkable state of affairs. There had been confusion in the State Treasury for nearly a score of years, and when this confession was sifted in the light of law and evidence it would be found that Maj. Woodruff was innocent of the charge against him."

Auditor Dunlap was the first witness called. He identified the items of indebtedness in his settlement with the ex-Treasurer and produced the record of credits and debits against the Treasurer's office. W. M. McCully, the Auditor's book-keeper, was also examined upon the debits and credits.

The attorneys for Woodruff objected to the introduction of the records of the Auditor's office, claiming they were not competent evidence, but Judge Lea overruled the objection, holding that the books were official records and therefore good evidence.

Burlington Earnings.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 30.—The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad statement which includes controlled roads, shows gross earnings, $3,718,136; increase, $468,568; net earnings after operating expenses and one-twelfth of annual charge deducted (estimated for 1891), $816,348; increase, $298,870.

Staunton—A Half Mile Track.

STAUNTON, Ill., Oct. 30.—The half mile race track and Base Ball Park is now assured. Hon. W. C. Shirley is busily engaged in the work; he will furnish the ground, while eight or ten other men will furnish the money to build fences, stalls, and other buildings.

Next Friday the first election under the Australian system, will take place here.

TRUE BILLS.

The Grand-jury Indicts Jail Guards Walsh and Fitzgerald.

Strong Presumption of Their Complicity in the Jail Delivery.

THE JAILER SCORED FOR BAD MANAGEMENT OF THE PRISON.

Unwarranted Privilege Allowed the Worst Criminals and Some of the Guards to Terms of Intimacy With Them—Whisky, Money and Jail-Breaking Implements Passed Into the Cells—A Serious State of Affairs.

The October Grand-jury made its final report this morning and was dismissed after being complimented for the effective and conscientious manner in which the members had discharged their duties.

When the Grand-jury made its report it also handed two indictments to the judge of the court, but this was to be kept a secret until the parties were arrested. Within one hour after the report was received John Fitzgerald, the ex-bullring jail guard, who has been under suspension since Oct. 3, was arrested on a capias writ or bench warrant and taken into court. The warrant was served on him at his home on Twelfth street near Clark avenue, where he lives with Patrick Kane, Justice of the Peace. Justice Kane went to the Four Courts with him and immediately offered bond in the sum of $1,000. Judge Normile had left the building and Clerk Joseph Judge could not approve the bond. While Fitzgerald was sitting in the court-room his acquaintances began twitting him on the possibility of his going to jail, where he had so lately been a guard. It was very painful and the thought of the reception Fitzgerald would be given made Justice Kane desperate. He offered a check for $1,000 and said that he would give $1,000 cash if it would be accepted. Judge Normile returned during the afternoon and accepted the bonds.

THE GRAND-JURY'S REPORT.

The condition of the jail and the deplorable dearth of discipline were set forth clearly by the jury.

The report was as follows:

The Grand-jury of the October term, having completed their labors, beg leave to submit their final report:

During a session lasting eighteen days we have carefully considered 132 cases, our examination resulting in finding 128 indictments and ignoring four bills. Upon visiting the jail we found that the general condition of that institution was satisfactory, the plumbing work, however, constituting a notable exception. Nothing but the complete removal of the present, and substitution of entirely new plumbing, would remedy this evil.

The basins in the cells are worn out and sanitary considerations demand immediate displacement.

The wretched condition of the roof of the jail kitchen should receive the earliest attention. In stormy seasons the rain leaks through the roof, damaging plastering and flooding the kitchen, making it for the time being untenable.

The yard of the jail is filled with lumber and other truck that should be instantly removed, as its presence is calculated to facilitate escape.

THE JAIL DELIVERY.

Pursuant to the special instructions of your Honor, requiring an investigation of the recent jail delivery, we have heard the testimony of twenty-seven witnesses in the connection. We find that the escape of the ten prisoners on Oct. 2, was the result of a carefully arranged and skillfully executed plan, rendered possible by the careless management of the jail and the connivance of at least one of the guards. It is painfully apparent that there exists a great lack of discipline and vigilance in conducting the jail. Many of the guards have become intimate with prisoners almost to the point of friendship, allowing them unwarrantable privileges not sanctioned by the established rules. Ample testimony disclosed the fact that it has been a continuous practice to pass into the prisoners such contraband articles as money, implements of escape and whisky. A further evidence of careless management is disclosed by the fact that the keys of the doors leading to the kitchen from the "bull ring" have been repeatedly carried by a prisoner from the bull ring gate to the chief guard's desk. Again, the prisoners are allowed two daily recesses, namely, from 8 to 9 o'clock a. m. and one from 3 to 4 o'clock p. m. After the hours indicated it is to be presumed that each prisoner is safely locked in his cell. We were naturally surprised to find that such is not the case. There are at least from thirty to forty who enjoy the privilege of the floor from 7 o'clock a. m. to 6 o'clock p. m., among them some of the worst criminals of the jail. Such seemed to be the fact on Oct. 2 last. We cannot too strongly urge the immediate cessation of this unwarrantable indulgence. All persons should be promptly consigned to their cells at the proper time, and no favoritism extended to any inmate. Such "trusties" as are necessary to do chores about the jail and yard should be under the strictest surveillance of the guards while engaged in the performance of such duties. We find that the guards in the jail are clad in the usual citizens' attire, thus rendering it impossible to distinguish them from the prisoners. We consider it a matter of vital importance that the guards should be required to wear a uniform, the many reasons for which are so various as to render enumeration unnecessary.

It is a matter of sincere regret that the character of many of the witnesses as well as the conflict of their testimony have precluded us from pursuing a more vigorous policy than simply calling attention to the methods by which the disgraceful episode of Oct. 2 was made possible.

Mr. William Zachritz, the Assistant Circuit Attorney, has materially assisted us in our investigations, for which we return our grateful acknowledgment.

LUTHER H. CONN, Foreman.

THE FITZGERALD INDICTMENT.

The indictment against Fitzgerald read as follows:

The Grand-Jurors of the State of Missouri, within and for the body of the city of St. Louis, now here in court duly empanelled, sworn and charged upon their oath present: That John Fitzgerald, late of the City of St. Louis aforesaid, and State aforesaid on Oct. 2, 1891, at the City of St. Louis aforesaid, by means the exact nature of which is to this Grand-jury unknown, did unlawfully, wilfully and feloniously aid and assist one John D. Shea to escape from the St. Louis City Jail; he, the said John D. Shea, being then and there lawfully detained in said jail for a felony, to-wit: For the crime of murder in the second degree, contrary to the form of the statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State.

The exact nature of the manner in which Fitzgerald aided the prisoners to escape is not known, as Shea, the escaped murderer, arranged the affair with the bull ring guard, and never told the particulars to Jones. It was on Jones' testimony that the jury based the charge. Jones told the jury, about $500 had been raised in the jail, and of this Fitzgerald received $250 and another guard $150. As it could not be proven that the second guard received the amount which Shea told Jones he had given him, an indictment was not returned.

WALSH'S ARREST.

About the same time Fitzgerald was arrested another Deputy Sheriff arrived in the building with Michael Walsh, the jail guard who was suspended last Sunday "for shootin' off his mouth." Walsh was made a jail guard under Jailer Kraemer by Mayor Noonan last August, and when several guards were suspended for complicity in the jail delivery, he was made a turnkey on the outside. Last Saturday he made a public boast that he had a hand in saving William Gleason's neck from a rope by chasing Jacob Grassmuck, the principal witness against him, out of town. Gleason killed John Whalen Nov. 18, 1889, and the only eye-witness was Grassmuck. Gleason's friends, among whom was Jail Guard Walsh, kept Grassmuck out of the way and thus compelled the State to accept Gleason's plea of manslaughter and give him three years in the penitentiary. Walsh, in telling of the part he took in the fight against the State and justice, said he was paying off a political debt.

THE WALSH INDICTMENT.

The warrant against Walsh reads as follows:

That Michael Walsh, late of the city of St. Louis aforesaid, and State aforesaid, on the 24th day of October, 1891, and at divers times within a year prior thereto at the city of St. Louis aforesaid, did unlawfully, wilfully and feloniously, by means the exact nature of which is to this Grand-jury unknown, induce one Jacob Grassmuck to absent himself from the St. Louis Criminal Court and to withhold his evidence in a certain criminal cause and proceeding then and there pending wherein the State of Missouri was plaintiff and one William P. Gleason was defendant, the said William P. Gleason being then and there charged with the crime of murder in the first degree and the said Jacob Grassmuck being then and there a competent witness and the said St. Louis Criminal Court being then and there a court of competent jurisdiction to try said cause.

Walsh has been hanging around the Jail ever since he was suspended last Sunday and he was found within an hour after the capeas was issued. It took him by surprise. He accompanied the Sheriff to the Criminal Court and for an hour kept the telephone wires hot, calling for his brother, friends and relatives to rush to his rescue and give bond for him. He, too, feared the rousing reception the prisoners would give him should he be sent to jail and was in a highly nervous state until his brother arrived late this afternoon and gave bond. The indictments created a sensation in the Four Courts and in the jail.

THE JAIL DELIVERY.

The jail delivery occurred about 5 o'clock on the afternoon of Oct. 2, and it was the most extensive jail break in the history of the city. The prisoners who succeeded in getting away were John D. Shea, the murderer of Patrolman Doran; John Orrick, a murderer under sentence of death, held for safe keeping for the authorities of Wayne County, Mo.; Dan Casey, indicted for criminally assaulting a little girl; Ed Lenhert, a notorious burglar; George Logan and H. P. Seep, burglars and thieves; Watt Jones, alias Stetson, John Murphy, John Morgan and George Walsh, a quartette of accomplished bank sneaks, who were caught red-handed by the detectives last spring.

Shea was under a ninety-nine years' sentence, and his case is still in the Supreme Court.

Orrick was to have been hanged to-day in Wayne County. He killed a man named Antiss near Gado Hill, Mo., in January, 1888. The escaped prisoners were all enjoying the privilege of the floor at the time they made the break, though it was after the exercise hours. They had influence enough to receive this distinguished consideration from the jail guards.

The only one of the number captured thus far is Matt Jones. He was taken in Kansas City a few weeks ago and was one of the witnesses before the Grand-jury.

The prisoners, as has been fully told, opened both the heavy doors leading from the jail to the outside and ran in front of the jail cook after they got out of the bull-ring. Once in the yard they had an easy time reaching the street.

The statement of Wils Howard, published in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH furnished all the details of how the escape was planned and executed.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Wheat—Receipts, 243,700 bu; sales, 3,200,000 bu; advanced ⅜@½c on steady cables and foreigners buying; declined ⅞@1c on large receipts, rallying again a little; Oct. $1.03⅜c; Nov., $1.03⅝; Dec., $1.05¼@1.06⅛; Jan., $1.06⅞@1.07¾; Feb., $1.08¾@1.09¾; March, $1.10⅜@1.11⅜; May, $1.11¼@1.12¼. Rye quiet, firm; Western, $1.00½@1.03. Corn—Receipts, 12,575 bu; sales, 896,000 bu; decline ⅜@⅝c, reacted ⅛@¼c; fairly active; No. 2, 70½@71½c. Oats—Receipts, 131,300 bu; sales, 70,000 bu; dull weak; Western, 35½@42c. Beef quiet and steady; extra mess, $9@10; family, $11@12. Pork—Quiet, unchanged; new mess, $11; old mess, $10; extra prime, $10.50@11. Lard—Weak, dull; steam-rendered, 6.35c. Butter—Receipts, 3,501 pkgs; dull and weak; Western dairy, 14@23c; Western creamery, 20@32c; Elgins, 32c; imitation creamery, 15@26. Eggs—Receipts, 5,440 pkgs; steady and quiet. Western 23½@25c. Sugar—Refined quiet and firm; fair refining, 3c; centrifugals, 96-test, 3 9-32c; refined, dull, steady; crushed, 5¼c; powdered, 4½c; granulated, 4¼@4⅜c. Spirits of turpentine inactive, steady at 36½@37¼c. Molasses quiet and steady; New Orleans common to fancy, 28@32c. Tallow quiet and steady; city ($2 for packages), 4 11-16c. Coffee contracts opened without special features, the weak foreign markets being responded to by easier prices here by 5 to 10 points, with sales of a moderate character. Havre was dull and unchanged to ¼f decline. Hamburg was quiet and ¾ pfennige down. Receipts at Brazil ports were 22,000 bags. Rio on spot quiet and steady; No. 7, 12¾@12⅞c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30.—The fluctuations in the wheat market still hinge on the weather reports. Signal Service predictions of light rains in the Northwestern States for to-night had the effect of causing some weakness in the market and a feeling of uneasiness. As the section covered by the prediction only touched the northern part of the winter wheat belt, the weakness was not as pronounced as it might have been had it extended further south. The Dec. option started in steady at yesterday's closing prices, 95½c. The report of rain then sent the market down to 94⅝@¾c. At 11 o'clock Dec. was quoted at 94½@⅝c. The failure of Aldrich yesterday had but a momentary effect upon the market then, and was not felt at all this morning. Nov. started in steady at the final figures of yesterday, 52⅞c. Everybody tried to unload their Nov. holdings, and as nobody would buy the market eased off to 51⅞c at 11 o'clock. Oats were dull and steady within a narrow range. The provision market started in steady, but as the prevailing prices were too high to suit the trade a considerable decline resulted before 11 o'clock.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30, 9:30 a. m.—Wheat opened at yesterday's closing for Dec., 95½c and sold at off ⅛c. Nov., corn started at yesterday's final figure, 52⅞c and sold off ⅛c. Jan., pork opened without any change at $11.20. Jan., lard 6.2½c sellers.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30, 11:15 a. m.—No. 2 wheat—Dec., 94½@⅝c; May, $1.01. No. 2 corn—Nov., 51⅞c; May, 42⅝@⅜c. No. 2 oats—Nov., 30c; May, 31⅝c. Mess pork—Dec., $8.32½; Jan., $11.05. Lard—Dec., 6.05c; Jan., 6.15c. Short ribs—Dec., 5.75c; Jan., 5.75c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30, 1:15 p. m.—Close—No. 2 wheat weak; cash, 93¼c; Oct., 93¼c; Dec., 94¼c bid; May, $1.00⅜ bid. No. 2 corn weak; cash, 55c; Oct., 55¼c; Nov., 52¼c; Dec., 45¼c; Jan., 41⅜c; May, 42⅛c bid. No. 2 oats weak; cash, 29⅝c; Nov., 29¼c; May, 31⅜c. Mess pork steady; cash, $8.25; Dec., $9.25; Jan., $10.95. Lard steady: cash, 5.92½c; Dec., 6c; Jan., 6.10c. Short ribs steady; cash, 5.80@6.10c; Nov., 5.70@5.72½c; Jan., 5.67½. No. 2 rye easy at 91c. No. 2 barley quiet at 60c. No. 1 flaxseed easy at 94½c. Prime timothy seed firm at $1.18@1.19. Butter steady. Eggs, 20@24. Whisky, $1.18.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 30.—Wheat—No. 1 white cash, 94c bid; No. 2 red cash, 97c; Dec., 98¼c; May, $1.04⅝ bid. Corn—No. 2 cash, 56c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 32c; No. 2 white, 33¼c. Rye—93c asked. Receipts—Wheat, 19,700 bu; corn, 400 bu; oats, 1,600 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 30.—Wheat firm; No. 2 spring on track, cash, 91c; Dec., 90¼c; No. 1 Northern, 94½c. Corn easier; No. 3 on track, 51c. Oats easy; No. 2 white on track, 32½c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.01½; No. 2 red, $1.01½. Corn—No Nov. corn here. Receipts wheat—141,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 35,000 bu; corn, 325,000 bu.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 30.—Flour quiet. Wheat steady at 94@94½c. Corn quiet at 59c. Oats active, firm at 31½@32c. Rye strong at 91c. Pork dull at $9. Lard weak at 5.75c. Bulk meats and bacon weak. Whisky firm; sales, 1,137 bbls.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 30.—Wheat lower; cash and Oct., 97½@97¾c; Dec. active, 99⅝@98¼c; May, quiet, $1.05@1.04¾; No. 3 soft, 95c. Corn strong; cash, 59c; No. 2 yellow, 59c. Oats firm, dull; cash, 30½c; No. 2 white, 32½c; No. 3 white, 31c. Rye quiet; cash, 93c. Cloverseed quiet, steady; cash and Oct., $4.55; Dec., $4.60; Jan., $4.65. Receipts, 674; shipments none.

EXECUTIONS POSTPONED.

Charles Seaton Respited by the Governor Until Dec. 4.

MT. VERNON, Mo., Oct. 30.—Charles Seaton, who was to have been hanged here to-morrow for the murder of Lewis Channell on June 5, 1889, has been respited by the Governor until the 4th day of December next. All preparations for the execution had been made by the Sheriff.

FLETCHER ESCAPES.

CADDO, I. T., Oct. 30.—Jackson Fletcher the Choctaw who was sentenced to be shot to-day, made good his escape Tuesday night while the Sheriff was eating supper. Fletcher is one of the few Indians who ever ran away to escape escape execution. There is an old tradition among the Indians, that if they ran away and failed to be on hand at the time fixed for the execution, they would not go to the happy hunting grounds. The Indians claim that the whites got him to escape.

How to Pour Bottled Beer.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

At a dinner, not long ago, some gentlemen who were sitting at the table with Hugo Blanck, the noted chemist, observed that he exercised the greatest care in pouring out a glass of beer. He tilted the bottle gently and slowly, so that the liquid passed from the bottle to the glass without the least disturbance, and when the glass was full it had no collar or froth upon it.

"I could have understood your case," said one, "if you had been drinking Bass' ale or Guinness' stout, that go on a rampage if not gingerly handled, but I confess I can't see why you bother so much about a glass of lager."

Mr. Black cast a kindly look of compassion upon the critic and said: "I thought every beer drinker knew that it should be poured so as to avoid froth. Surely such a simple yet important fact is generally known. No? I'm astonished. Why, if you pour out lager beer headlong into a glass, allowing foam to fill half the measure, you lose the best ingredient in the beer, the invigorating, lively tonic—carbonic acid gas. Pour the beer slowly and so," and Mr. Black illustrated his meaning by holding glass and bottle inclined together, "and you retain the carbonic acid gas in the beer. In the old country more attention to this essential precaution is paid, but I thought every one knew about it here, even if they overlooked its importance."

Green's

How Can You Resist

A CHILD'S PLEADING

For one of those new ITALIAN CAPS? They are the most beautiful and also serviceable caps ever made for children. You can see them in our window.

Special for Saturday, 50 dozen FEZ CAPS in cardinal, blue and brown,

39 Cents.

Sold everywhere at 75c

To close—A few dozen CHILDREN'S FLATS, trimmed with cords and ribbon,

49 Cents.

Worth $1.25

New Things in

Stanley Caps,

Oxford Hats and

Sailor Hats.

A Tumble in

BABY CAPS.

39 Cents

Buys a Regular

65c

Infant's Cream Silk Cap.

50 Cents

Buys Our Former

85c

Babies' White Silk Caps.

One Dollar

Buys Your Choice of

Plush or Silk Caps

That Sold for

$1.50 and $1.75.

All Colors and Sizes,

One Dollar.

L. E. Green & Son,

BROADWAY AND WASHINGTON AV.

WAS NOT PROVEN.

The Case Against the Pohlmans for Importing Laborers Dismissed.

JUDGE THAYER RENDERS ANOTHER DECISION ON THE CONTRACT LABOR LAW.

An Alleged Contract With Two Scots Which Was So Unintelligible as to Be Valueless—The State's Mistake—A Post-Office at Holt, Mo., Burned to the Ground.

Judge Thayer gave his opinion in the United States Circuit Court to-day in the third case presented before him of violations of the alien contract labor law. His decision is against the Government. The case is that of the United States against William Pohlman and John H. Pohlman, Jr. William Pohlman is a brother of ex-Sheriff John H. Pohlman. Wm. Pohlman and his son were dealing in horses and in 1890 young Pohlman went to Europe for some stock and brought two young man from Scotland to assist him in caring for the stock on the steamer crossing the ocean, and it was alleged agreed to furnish them with employment after they had arrived in this country. The young men testified to this, but it was denied by young Pohlman. The court holds that, as the penalty attached to offenses of violations of the contract labor law are severe, being a fine of $1,000 for each offense, that the testimony should be of the most convincing nature before judgment should be rendered. The case against the elder Pohlman was not strong and the court gives Pohlman, Jr., the benefit of the doubt and dismisses him. The Court's views on the subject as rendered orally from the bench and taked by a stenographer are as follows:

JUDGE THAYER'S OPINION.

"I have looked over all of the testimony in this case. The suit is under the alien contract labor law to recover a penalty imposed by the statute for assisting in the importation of aliens into this country who were under contract to perform labor. I don't think the District Attorney can claim under the testimony that any case has been made out against William Pohlman. There is an entire absence of such proof as is requisite to convict him of any offense. The case is somewhat different with respect to John H. Pohlman, Jr. In 1890, John H. Pohlman, Jr., went to Scotland to buy a lot of Scotch ponies. He bought them with a view of bringing them to this country to sell. He hired two Scotch boys to assist him in taking care of the ponies during the voyage. By the terms of his contract with the Steamship company he was entitled to free transportation for two men or boys to assist him during the voyage and he selected these two Scotch lads and in that way provided them with tickets.

The depositions of these two boys have been taken and they testify in substance that before he employed them to come to this country in the manner stated that he agreed with them to give them employment in the United States for a certain time at the rate of $7 a week. One of them produced a document that is on its face almost unintelligible which, it is claimed, was written by young Pohlman and was intended to express the agreement he had made with them to give them employment. The government called John H. Pohlman, Jr., as a witness and by so doing vouches for his credibility and he testifies that he made no contract with these young men to furnish them with employment after they arrived in this country, and he furthermore says that the contract was not written by him, that he never saw it or knew of its existance until it was shown to him by his attorney after this suit was brought.

That is the state of the testimony in the case. Now in view of all the circumstances attending the case I have reached the conclusion that the testimony is too inconclusive to warrant the court in rendering a judgment against either of these defendants. It is a criminal statue, the penalty imposed is large, and to justify the court in rendering a judgment the evidence ought to be of a character as to convince the Court that an offence has been committed. In this case I entertain great doubt under the evidence whether there was any violation of law. Judgment will be entered for the defendants.

THE ALLEGED CONTRACT.

The alleged contract is attached to the papers in the case and bears out the court in refusing to recognize it. It is impossible to make sense of the scrawl without supplying letters and guessing at what was meant.

Post-Office Burned.

Col. George A. Dice, Post-office Inspector at St. Louis, received word to-day from the Postmaster at Holt, Mo., stating that the Post-office at that place had been burned last night, and that everything was a total loss.

School Board Candidates Denounced.

The Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 4, whose headquarters are at Tenth and Franklin avenue, have passed and adopted resolutions, asking all citizens and fellow-workmen in the city to vote against Alex Cudmore, Joseph Kelly, John Sparling and E. J. O'Connor, "because it is the belief of the order that their election would endanger most seriously the welfare of the public schools."

The resolutions are as follows:

Whereas, Alex Cudmore, in the Ninth School District; Joseph Kelly and John Sparling, in the Fourteenth, and E. J. O'Connor in the Eleventh, who are candidates for election to the School Board, are men who have for years opposed the interests of organized labor, the three first named invariably hiring non-union men in preference to union carpenters, except that for some years past Mr. Cudmore has done most of his hiring in the same manner that he got his school jobs, that is, by proxy through his dear brother John, while Mr. O'Connor's general course in the board has been an outrage on common decency, his flagrant violation of his oath and of the law in the matter of the Fuller & Warren non-union made furnaces, "of which he is the St. Louis agent," also his action in the sale of the Polytechnic Building and the Bates School and his vote against "free books" entitle him to the severest censure and condemnation.

Realizing that education is the workingman's key to liberty and prosperity and feeling that we have even a greater interest than the wealthy in the honest, economical and efficient management of our public schools; therefore be it

Resolved, That we consider the election of Alex. Cudmore, Joseph Kelly, John Sparling and E. J. O'Connor to the School Board at the present time as particularly dangerous to the public welfare, and we earnestly request all honest citizens to vote and work for their defeat, so that honest and true men be placed in charge of our public schools.

The resolutions are being indorsed by other labor organizations, and are being upheld by a great many of the workingmen throughout the city and vicinity.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30.—The storm has moved from Assiniboia to the North Minnesota, increasing rapidly in intensity. Rains have occurred in the rear of the storm on the Atlantic coast of Florida. The clearing condition has moved from North Carolina to the South Atlantic Coast and dominates the weather over the whole country east of the Missisipi River.

The temperature has fallen in the extreme northwest and has risen elsewhere. Fair weather will continue in the North and Middle Atlantic States for the next thirty-six hours.

Forecast till 8 a. m. Saturday:

For Illinois and Missouri—Generally fair, except light rain in extreme northwest; stationary temperature; southerly winds; cooler in Missouri Saturday.

Rivers will remain nearly stationary.

Famous

CLOAK DEP'T

TO MOTHERS.

We have gone through our stock and taken all the broken sizes in CHILDREN'S CLOAKS and divided them in two lots:

All Cloaks that were $3, $4, $5 and $6,

Are Now $1.50

All Cloaks that were $5 to $10,

Are Now $3.50

There are all styles of Children's Cloaks in these lots—plaids, stripes, solid colors, Gretchens with capes and without capes—and all go at these prices.

To make the sale additionally attractive, we have selected a large variety of

MISSES' NEWMARKETS, Worth More Than Double, and Placed Them on Sale at $1.50 AND $3.50

Famous Cloak Department

Broadway and Morgan.

A WANT ADVERTISEMENT

IN THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH

Has proved the turning point in many a man's life—leading to comfort and happiness when rightly improved. Try it and be convinced.

AWARDED HIGHEST PRIZE

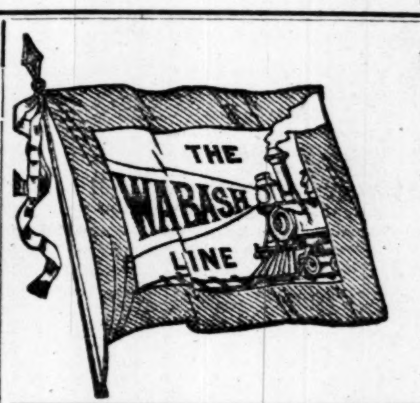
PARIS EXPOSITION 1889

SCHOLTEN

ARTIST & PHOTOGRAPHER

OPP. EXPOSITION

1312-1314 OLIVE ST.



SIXTEEN LIVES LOST

The Oliver Beirne Disaster Worse Than First Reported.

HEARTRENDING SCENES DURING THE PROGRESS OF THE FLAMES.

List of the Injured—A St. Louis Lady Among the Dead—Capt. Thorwegan's Account of the Fire and His Own Escape—History of the Burned Boat.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 30.—Capt. Thorwegan, Clerk Entrikin, First Engineer Edward Bird, Second Engineer Morgan Youngblood and a number of others who were officers and passengers on the ill-fated Oliver Beirne arrived at 8:30 this morning by the Mississippi Valley Railroad, which kindly extended the free use of its trains to all the sufferers. According to their stories the boat tied up for the night at Milliken's Bend. She had on board a crew of about fifty or sixty, both white and colored, and about 200 passengers. Her cargo consisted of 708 bales of cotton and 100 tons of miscellaneous freight. The colored night watchman was on duty, and first discovered the fire, waking up the Captain and the others.

When Captain Thorwegan left the boat everybody else had gotten up, so rapidly did the fire spread. This was about 3:30 o'clock. The ruins of the boat sank at daybreak, and she never left the bank to which she had been secured about midnight.

The fire started somewhere about the center of the boat, and is supposed to have been caused by sparks from a pipe which one of the deck passengers was smoking.

The Captain had given special orders to guard against just such dangerous practices and the passenger evidently enjoyed his costly smoke in hiding. Most of the passengers got off by the aft gangways, held on to the fenders and jumped in the river, and were picked up by the yawl which the first engineer, Bird, and some of the crew rapidly launched.

Mrs. Frazier threw her child to the lower deck and slid down the hog chain, picked up her child and reached the bank. The child was badly injured and will probably die.

The people on the boat were kindly taken care of by the residents in the neighborhood and have since scattered in all directions. Forty odd came to New Orleans, about thirty roustabouts boarded the Ouchita. About sixty or seventy boarded the Scherfield for Natchez. Pilots Burbank and Massie and Barkeeper Martin left for St. Louis

LIST OF THE LOST.

The list of the lost so far as known is:

Samuel D. Entrikin, the 17-year-old son of the clerk and the grandson of the late Samuel Entrikin, who lived for years in St. Louis after his retirement from a long career on the river.

Mrs. Waddell of St. Louis.

Dr. Worley's two young daughters from Baton Rouge.

J. M. Adams, a young man from Omaha.

An unknown cabin passenger from Greenville, Miss.

Mrs. Grandison Jones and daughter, colored chambermaids from St. Louis.

Another colored chambermaid.

Five colored cabin boys, names unknown.

A white baker boy.

A number of deck passengers, mostly white, whose names are unknown.

About sixteen persons in all are known to have perished by drowning. Grappling-hooks were put to work immediately after the disaster, but so far only the bodies of Mrs. Jones and her daughter and two colored cabin boys have been recovered.

The list of injured survivors is:

Mrs. Frazier's child, who can not be moved.

E. M. Howell, badly burned about arms and face and unable to be moved.

Mrs. Dr. Worley, who is prostrated and seriously ill.

Pilot Massie, badly injured about face and hands.

Second Engineer Morgan Youngblood, burned about hands and face.

A ladies' cabin boy, badly burned and taken to the hospital at Vicksburg.

A white cook.

A colored cabin boy and the night watchman were slightly burned.

A white sailor man was also badly burned and was taken to the Vicksburg Hospital.

A white carpenter sprained his ankle and knee.

Capt. Thorwegan was in command of the Chouteau at the time she was burned, but this is the first accident in his experience where there was loss of life. Had the boat been in the middle of the river the consequences would have been much more serious, as all the deaths were caused by drowning.

The loss of the boat is a serious blow to the Planters & Merchants' Packet Co., but Capt. J. B. Woods, the President, has already opened negotiations to replace her with another boat and expects to have one in a few days. The insurance on the Beirne was valued by the underwriters at $61,666 and was insured for $36,250.

HISTORY OF THE BOAT.

The steamer Oliver Beirne, which was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning at Milliken's Bend Landing, had just been launched from the Marine docks, about a dozen days' ago. After the excursion season the big steamer was docked and was given a good overhauling preparatory to her trip South. The work that was done on her in repairs was enormous. She left the docks in a new dress of paint and steamed proudly north toward the city.

NAPOLEONIC SUPERSTITIONS.

The Important Part Played in Their Lives by the Fateful Letter "M."

It is not generally known that both Napoleon I. and Napoleon III. attached a most superstitious importance to the letter M, says Marquise de Fontenoy in an exchange. This will be understood when it is remembered that Marbœuf was the first to call attention to the genius of young Bonaparte at the military college, that Marengo was Napoleon's first great victory, that Melas was the name of the General whom he superseded in the command of the French army in Italy, that Mortier was one of his best Generals, that it was Moreau who betrayed him, and that Murat, King of Naples, was the first martyr to his cause. Marie Louise shared the culminating point of his success. Moscow was the scene of his greatest disaster, and it was Metternich who defeated him in the field of diplomacy.

No less than six of his Field Marshals and twenty-six of his best Generals had names beginning with M, and Maret, Duke of Bassano, was his most trusted confident. His very first battle was that of Moulnotte, and his last that of Mont Saint Jean, subsequently and more universally known as Waterloo. Among his victories were those of Millesimo, Mondori, Montmirail, Montereau and Montmartre. His first chamberlain was M. de Montesquieu; his last residence in France was at Malmaison. He surrendered himself to Capt. Maitland of his British Majesty's ship Bellerophon, and his attendants at St. Helena were Montholon and Marchand.

The superstition attached by Napoleon III. to the same letter may be accounted for by the fact that his wife was a Countess of Montijo, that his most intimate friend was the Duke of Morny, and his most dreaded enemy Manzini. The most glorious feats of arms by the French army during his reign were the capture of the Malakoff and of the grim Mamelon during the Crimean war. His most famous field marshals were MacMahon, Duke of Magenta and the Duke of Malakoff. The great victory of Solferino, in 1850, took place on the banks of the Mincio, and the cities of Mantua and Milan played an important role during the campaign. The Mexican war and the execution of Emperor Maximilian caused his power to wane perceptibly. Malmesbury was the name of his most intimate friend in English political life. Sedan, which witnessed his fall, is on the banks of the Meuse; the surrender of Metz rendered his restoration to power impossible, and Moltke was the name of the man to whose genius he chiefly owed his defeat.

MUSIC AS A MEDICINE.

Musical therapeutics is a subject that is attracting considerable attention among physicians and philosophers in London, where an attempt is being made to introduce music as a medicine for the sick in the hospitals, and several American physicians are also studying the idea. Herbert Spencer was recently consulted in the matter, and gave it as his opinion that exhilarating rather than solemn music would produce the best results.

Obituary.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 29.—Charles Gilpin, who was twice elected Mayor of Philadelphia and held the office from 1851 to 1854, died to-day, aged 82 years. Mr. Gilpin was appointed United States attorney for this district by President Lincoln in 1864, but was removed in 1868 by President Johnson.

DEATHS.

FINCH—On Oct. 30, at 6 a. m., LUCY M. FINCH, nee Hartry, aged 37 years, beloved wife of William J. Finch.

Funeral from family residence, 540 South Garrison avenue, on Sunday, Oct. 31, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GILES—On Thursday, Oct. 30, 1891, at 6:55 o'clock a. m., JOSEPH L., son of Thomas and Winifred Giles, aged 24 years.

The funeral will take place Sunday, Nov. 1, 1891, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 1019 Park avenue, to St. Vincent's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Deceased was a member of Compton Hill Council, No. 9, Legion of Honor.

O'BRIEN—On Friday, Oct. 30, at 6:40 a. m., WILLIAM F., beloved son of Mary O'Brien, nee Monohan, and brother of John, Tim, Dan and Kate O'Brien.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

Deceased was a member of the Legion of Honor, Bonaparte Council, No. 15.

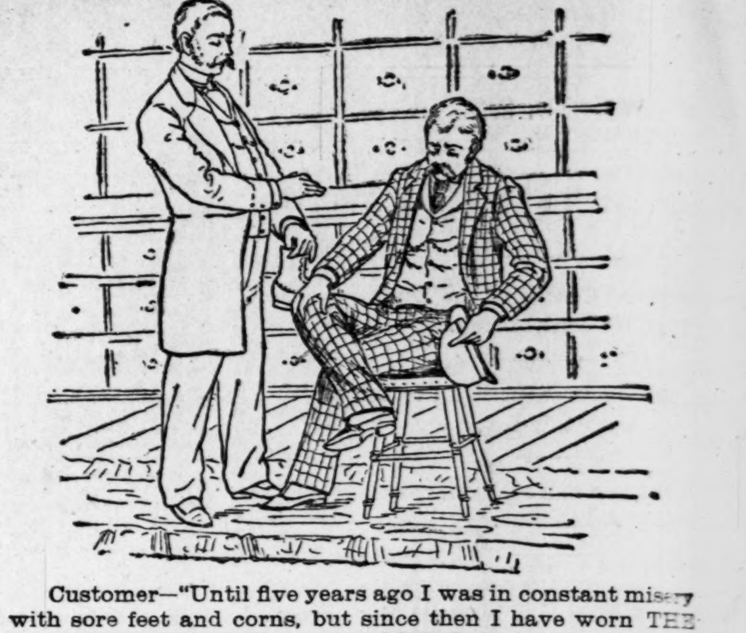
SHELLY—Wednesday, Oct. 28, at 7 p. m., CATHERINE, wife of the late James Shelly, and our beloved mother, aged 50 years.

Funeral from the family residence, 2538 Warren street, Saturday, Oct. 31, at 9 a. m., to Sacred Heart Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

SO COULD YOU, IF YOU USED

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

ALL ST. LOUIS GROCERS KEEP IT.



Customer—"Until five years ago I was in constant misery with sore feet and corns, but since then I have worn THE BOEHMER KUMFORT LAST SHOES and have had perfect, unadulterated COMFORT ever since."

Salesman—"We hear the same story a great many times every day."

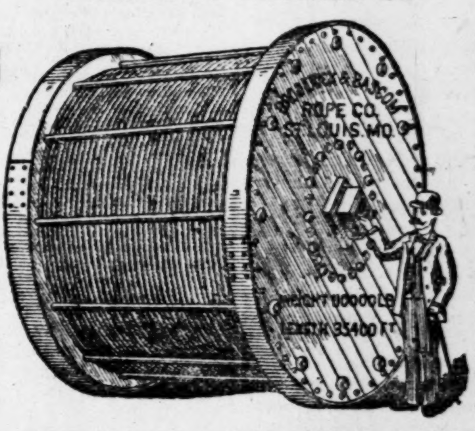
MORAL—Wear one pair of THE BOEHMER SHOES and you will have no other.

G. H. BOEHMER,

Men's Shoes Exclusively,

621 Olive Street.

See our new $3.00 Goodyear Welt and $3.50 Hand Welt. Send for our new Illustrated Catalogue. Mailed free.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WEIGHT 10000 LBS
LENGTH 33400 FT

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Wire Ropes Of Every Description for all Purposes.

Try Our Power Ropes.

Manila and Sisal ROPES!

Lath Yarns, Hemp Packing, Blocks, Etc.

704 and 706 North Main Street, St. Louis.

CHICAGO

Two Daily Trains.

Buffet Compartment Cars. Hot and cold water and all toilet appliances in every room.

Free Chair Cars. Buffet Parlor Cars and Palace Dining Cars on Day Trains.

Ticket Offices at Broadway and Olive St. and Union Depot.

GOING TO PIECES.

Result of Dissensions Among Canadian Cabinet Officials.

THE ABBOTT GOVERNMENT ON THE EVE OF DISSOLUTION.

Rapid Disentegration of the Strong Conservative Party Built Up by Sir John Macdonald—Chapleau's Recent Threat—Regarded as a Dangerous Man by the Tories—His Resignation.

OTTOWA, Ontario, Oct. 30.—The Government of Premier Abbott stands on the threshold of dissolution, Abbott having informed ecretary of State Chapleau yesterday that e would accept the latter's resignation ather than yield to his demands. If Chapleau should adhere to his throat and desert ith his followers, the downfall of the Abbott iministration would seem to be assured. case of such an event, Lord Stanley would ill upon the Liberals to form a Government hich, owing to the equal division between e two political parties, could hardly be ccessfully carried on without a dissolution d an appeal to the electorate.

Mr. Abbott sent to Montreal for Col. Quimet, Speaker of the House of Commons, and fered him the position in the Cabinet as one the four Ministers from the Province of ebec, now held by Chapleau, which Quimet clined until he could confer with his friend, e Secretary of State.

There is now every indication that the once rong and aggressive Conservative party hich Sir John A. Macdonald, late Premier Canada, left behind him when he died ill go to pieces through dissensions among s leaders. Cabinet reconstruction is the ck upon which the party is splitting, and less the ambitions of different Cabinet inisters are satisfied they threaten to leave e Government, taking their following with em. Such action would be fatal to the onservative party.

HOW ABBOTT WAS MADE LEADER.

When Sir John A. Macdonald died the feeling between several members of the Cabinet, otably Sir Hector Langevin and Hon. J. A. hapleau, was so bitter that to none could be usted the leadership, so as a compromise on. J. J. C. Abbott, the leader of the Senate, was brought from comparative obscurity d placed as leader of the conservative rty. The position was supposed to be only mporary until the session closed, but once aced in power Mr. Abbott evidently intends keep it, although he does not even represent a single constituency in the Dominion.

It is the first time such a case has occurred ce confederation. It is the case of a man, known to many, badly known to most, rponsible to no one, owing his seat, not to a section of people, but to the very men he is now said to be distributing portfolios among. Mr. Abbott was connected with the great Canadian Pacific Railway scandal which in 1873 overthrew the Conservative party, and handled the money which passed between Sir Hugh Allan and Sir John Macdonald. On this account he is not generally looked upon as a leader who can purify the Government, and that is what the people now desire.

The Ministers are fighting among themselves. Most of them have come through the recent scandal investigations most discreditably. Sir Hector Langevin, the Minister of Public Works, has been driven out of public life by the scandals, probably forever. He has sold his house in Ottawa and retired to Quebec, but as he has a large following in Quebec the government is very uneasy lest he should throw his influence on the side of the liberals. Langevin was the great rival of Hon. J. A. Chapleau, who is supposed to have been quietly pushing the charges against Langevin in the House.

The latter's retirement leaves Chapleau leader of the Conservative party in the Province of Quebec, and he is disposed to push his triumph to the utmost. He demands as a reward for his services the portfolio of Railways and Canals, which has more patronage than any other Cabinet position, and which was assumed by Sir John Macdonald himself. Suspicion, however, was cast upon Chapleau's methods in the House, and the purer section of the Conservative party refuse to give him this important position. Chapleau now threatens, that if he does not get the position he will smash the government, and he can do so, as there is no doubt the Liberals would be glad to welcome a man with such a large number of votes behind him and whitewash his previous political record.

CHAPLEAU IS FEARED.

Chapleau is without doubt the most dangerous man for the Conservatives in the Dominion. Another minister who strongly protests against the agitation to oust him from public life is Hon. John Haggart, Postmaster-General. His name was so prominent in the recent investigation in connection with certain female employes in his department that he will have to resign, and a suit recently taken against him by his wife for divorce in New York has added to the strong feeling of indignation against him. Irish Catholics in Montreal also want Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue, dismissed, and Hon. J. J. Curran, who represents Montreal, to receive the portfolio. Costigan represents the maritime provinces, however, and the people there will not listen to this, as they say the Western section of the Dominion is well enough represented.

Sir Adolphe Caron, Minister of Militia, has antagonized Ontario by the favoritism he has shown to French regiments, and it is openly charged in Ontario that he is supplying the French volunteers with better arms and equipments than the English in case trouble arises between the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

There are numberless aspirants from all parts of the Dominion for these Cabinet positions, and once more the different races in Canada are arraying themselves against each other. The race and religion cry is being worked for all it is worth, and, as usual, the French in Quebec want the lion's share of positions. The opinion of many is that, instead of the Cabinet, the entire party should be reconstructed, and that is evidently what it will come to in the end. In the meantime bad blood is being engendered and bitter feelings raised between persons and sections that will not soon subside.

MEN'S $3.50 calf shoes, $2.50.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Belonged to a Watch Club.

James H. Ewing called at the Four Courts last evening and tried to obtain a warrant against George D. Scott of 3307 Morgan street on a charge of fraud. Ewing says he belonged to a watch club, and paid Scott $5 after the club was dissolved, and that Scott refused to return the money.

North St. Louis.

Rev. T. B. Larimore is conducting a very successful mission at the Fourth Baptist Church.

The Florine Social Circle will have their annual reception and ball to-morrow night at the Natatorium.

Rising Sun Lodge, A. P. A., will celebrate its anniversary next Sunday night with an entertainment and ball at the North St. Louis Turner Hall.

Miss Bessie Davison of 1505 Hebert street was tendered a surprise party by her friends last Tuesday night, the occasion being her 16th birthday anniversary. The presents were numerous. There was dancing and singing and an elegant table was spread at midnight.

Marriage Licenses.

Oscar M. Mark	3120 S. Broadway
Elizabeth Reinhardt	209 Sidney st
William Allen	3121 Lambden st
Annie Letridge	Columbia, Mo
William L. Stoetzer	531 S. Ewing av
Lyolia E. Carleton	2614 Missouri av

PURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.

SEMINARY VS. ASSEMBLY.

The Briggs Conference Fails to Agree—Methodist Conference—Religious.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The question whether Union Theological Seminary will continue under the control of the General Assemby or become an independent institution continues to be a leading topic of discussion among those identified with the Seminary's interests. Yesterday's conference of the seminary authorities with the committee of fifteen appointed by the General Assembly was earnest and protracted.

At the adjournment of the conference last night the proceedings were made public. It appears that very little was accomplished and that nothing was settled. The seminary directors to a man stood by Dr. Briggs and maintained their right to control the institution without interference with the assembly. Dr. Hastings, a seminary director, read the statement of the board, which contained these words: "We recommend that in order to prevent future misconceptions of the interests of the board in this matter the following minute be entered upon our record: 'Inasmuch as there appears to be in some quarters a misconception of the meaning and intent of the action of the board taken in 1870, whereby all appointments of a professor were to be reported to the General Assembly, and further providing that no such appointments had to be considered as a complete election is disapproved by a majority vote of the Assembly, this board would hereby record its conviction that the said action of 1870 was then understood by this board to refer to the election of additional members of the faculty, and not to the appointment to new departments of instruction of professors already in office, or to their transfer from one chair to another as may seem expedient to the board.'"

After deliberation the Assembly Committee made answer as follows: "Whereas, President Hastings, representing the directors, communicated to the committee orally that the directors reserved the right to determine the question hereafter, and at the same time expressed the readiness of the directors to hear views of the committee on the subject, therefore this committee states that the General Assembly has always regarded the said agreement or arrangement as binding legally or morally upon both parties to the same, and it desires to know the views of the directors upon the fundamental point, for if the agreement of arrangement is not legally or morally binding on both parties it is of no practical use to discuss what is the true construction of the said arrangement or agreement."

To this the directors replied as follows, after an hour's deliberation: "Whereas, the question has been raised by the committee of the General Assembly, now in conference with this board, as to the attitude of this board toward the arrangements of 1870;

"Resolved, That this board, without surrendering its interpretation of said arrangement, fully recognizes its binding force until it shall be proved to be illegal, or shall be properly abrogated."

This leaves the question one of law, and it is said to be the desire of both parties to push the case to a conclusion as soon as possible.

NOBBY children's suit and overcoats, $1.45 to $5. Fine brass drums free.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

SULLIVAN AND SLAVIN.

The Champion's Backers Discuss the Proposed World's Championship Match.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Charley Johnson, the well-known Brooklyn sporting man, received a telegram last night from John L. Sullivan announcing that he had arrived safely at San Francisco and telling him to "arrange for a fight with Slavin after June." Mr. Johnson afterward had a consultation with other friends of Sullivan and talked the matter over with Arthur Lambly, who said this morning: "Mr. Johnson will back Sullivan to the extent of $20,000, and in a fight with Slavin he will probably be the champion's principal backer. I have been trying for some time to learn if Slavin means business, and my representative in London has been after him, but Slavin has been very evasive since his big bluff. Slavin simply says that he will do nothing until he comes to America, but postpones his visit month by month. Sullivan; in a letter to me written before he went to Australia, denied that Slavin had ever asked him to fight at St. Louis at the time Slavin claimed to have challenged him. He also suggested that if he had been approached in such an abrupt way by Slavin in all probability there would have been a fight then and there. Sullivan said that Slavin approached him in a friendly way, and said he only wished to shake hands with the champion of the world about whom he had heard so much. In the coming match with Slavin—and it will surely be made if Slavin comes to time—no chances will be taken with the big man's training. A great many people think Sullivan cannot train or be induced to train, but I would like to say that in his last match with Kilrain he was not properly trained. Muldoon took him on the road as a drawing card to make money instead of training him as he ought to have been trained. Muldoon was supposed by the public to have great power over the champion, but Muldoon had no such power. The next time Sullivan will be trained directly under the eyes of Johnson, Wakely and his other backers. They realize that Slavin is a very powerful man and will take no chances."

Mr. Johnson was seen by a reporter in Brooklyn this afternoon. He said: "Yes, Sullivan is anxious to fight Slavin and I and others are prepared to back him. Mr. Lumley, through his London agent, has been trying to get Slavin to declare himself, but he seems to be doing more blustering than anything else. There will be a fight if Slavin will come up to the mark, which I hope he will. There is hardly anything that can be done now until we hear from Slavin."

MARRIAGE is not a failure in homes where "Garland" Stoves and Ranges are used.

RAPACIOUS LANDLORDS.

Helpless Canadian Squatters Evicted From Their Homes.

FORT KENT, Me., Oct. 30.—Arostock County is rich in timber, and almost every acre is owned by non-residents. The increase in the price of spruce timber has made the timber lands a gold mine, and as spruce may be cut once in seven years the lands have been kept closed to settlers. The men employed by the land owners to cut the timber are French Canadians. These French Canadians squatted a great many years ago in the valley of the St. John, cleared little patches of ground and built cabins. The land owners did not object, because it was convenient to have their workmen on the ground. These settlements, called the Madawoska settlements of Maine, have grown to be thriving villages, and the land upon which the squatters settled has grown valuable. The non-resident land-owners have discovered the fact, and have demanded of the occupiers of the land so large sums in payment for the land that there is nothing for them to do but vacate their homes. Last winter the Legislature appropriated $30,000 to buy the land of the owners and settle the troubles, but the land owners are obdurate in their demands for more than the original value of the lands. Ignorant Canadians unacquainted with the situation of affairs, continue to squat on the back lots, but the young men of the communities are leaving. The squatters tell tales of cruelty on the part of the evicters which are almost incredible. Here is one which, however, is well authenticated:

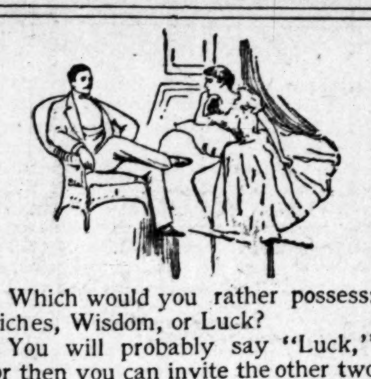
A squatter named Pierce lived with his family on the Caribou River. He had refused to obey a notice to quit. As he was at work in his field he was seized by a party of land owners, handcuffed and tied to a wagon. His wife, who was sick, was carried from his cabin on her bed. His children were evicted and the cabin was burned down before the eyes of the helpless family. Pierce was carried off and lodged in jail. The excitement among the squatters is very great and trouble is expected.

MEN'S pants, good quality, $1.50. The finest Baltimore merchant tailor made, $7.50.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Raisin Culture in California.

FRESNO, Cal., Oct. 30.—About 650 car loads of raisins have so far gone East this season. The shipments are now averaging a train load of twenty cars each per day. The present estimates are that the total shipment for this season will reach 1,000 car loads, or about 150 more than last year. A few packing houses will close this week, while all will close from two to three weeks earlier than last year.

THE Peerless Knabe pianos sold by J. A. Kieselhorst, 1000 Olive street.



Which would you rather possess: Riches, Wisdom, or Luck?

You will probably say "Luck," for then you can invite the other two to keep you company.

Too bad, however, that there is no such a thing as luck. Everything in this world goes by cause and effect. HEALTH is what we should all not only choose, but seek.

The steady march of universal progress every now and then reveals something which becomes a lasting benefit to mankind. Take Johann Hoff's Malt Extract. As the standard nutritive tonic of the world it stands supreme. Emperors, kings, statesmen, financiers—all mankind generally—has used it for more than forty years. The medical fraternity recommends all troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia, malnutrition, general debility, or lung diseases, should use it. Eisner & Mendelson Co., Sole Agents, 6 Barclay Street, New York. Be sure to obtain the *genuine* article, which must have the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck of every bottle.

SLAIN BY BANDITS.

A Physician and His Escort Ambushed by Madagascar Savages.

EVERY MEMBER OF THE PARTY OF FOURTEEN BUTCHERED.

A Jungle Lining the Banks of the Betsiboka River Screened the Natives From the Fire of the Defenseless Victims—Pillage Was the Object of the Attack—Pursuit Commenced.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The *Petit Journal* publishes the news of a massacre by natives of French soldiers forming the escort of a medical officer. The advices mentioned say that Dr. Beziat, chief of the medical staff of the French colony at Subervieville, was ascending the Betsiboka River, escorted by eleven native soldiers, forming part of the auxiliary French force in that district.

The doctor and his escorte were en route to Majunga, when they were suddenly attacked by a band of Madagascar bandits who opened fire upon them from the river banks, where they had ambushed themselves so successfully that the French doctor's party was right under their rifles before the presence of the bandits became known. The native soldiers forming Dr. Beziat's escort behaved bravely and promptly returned the fire opened upon them from the jungle lining the banks of the Betsiboka. They were, however, placed at a great disadvantage from the fact that while they formed a clear target for the bandits, the latter were so effectively concealed that the escort was only able to aim at the puffs of smoke and flame issuing from the river banks, which denoted the hiding place of one of their concealed enemies. Moreover, the bandits had so distributed their forces that they had a cross-fire telling upon the chief physician's escort, against which the latter could make but little impression. The doctor's boat, however, was kept going down stream as fast as possible, while the escort answered the bandits' fire.

Dr. Beziat was one of the first to succumb to the attack. He was shot through the body as he was emptying his revolver at the natives hidden in the banks, and as he staggered and was upon the point of falling a second shot hit him, causing him to fall into the river, where he was subsequently dispatched with assegais thrown by the bandits from their hiding places. The native soldiers forming the escort were also killed by the bandits, who plundered the baggage of the doctor and took possession of everything portable.

A detachment of troops has been sent in pursuit of the bandits, but there is not much prospect that they will be captured unless betrayed by other natives.

Majunga, an important town on the northwest part of the island, at the entrance of Bembatooka Bay, has been almost entirely consumed by a conflagration. Only ten houses are reported to be standing, and the loss is estimated at about $200,000.

LATEST French Jersey and Kilt suits, $3 to $6.
GLOBE, 703-713 Franklin avenue.

Are They in St. Louis?

Postmaster Harlow is in receipt of several letters from persons who are anxious to find missing relatives. Mrs. Mary O'Brien of 116 Haydock street, Philadelphia, Pa., wants to ascertain the whereabouts of her brother, Michael Pendergast, whom she has not heard from for twenty-five years. His wife's name is Bridget. Miss Mattie Neil of 70 North Market street, Kokomo, Ind., wishes the address of her aunt, Mrs. W. H. Belt, whose first name is Millie. Wm. A. Wood writes from Albert Wood, Kenmore Place, Ontario, Canada, to find a brother, John M. Wood, who came to St. Louis a little over a year ago. The only information he can give is that the missing man was injured in a railroad wreck.

Greenbacks in Ashes.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 30.—Lee Dunn of Lawrence Township placed $191 in bills in the stove Wednesday night and told Mrs. Dunn. She thought about it at noon yesterday and found the money burned to a crisp by the morning fire. The dust was gathered up, and the figures were distinguished. Mr. and Mrs. Dunn took affidavits to the facts and forwarded the dust to the Treasury experts at Washington.

A Teamster Injured.

Wm. Hass, a teamster employed by Herman Peyer of St. Louis County, was thrown out of his wagon in Phil Gruner's lumber yard yesterday, and seriously injured, two of the wheels passing over his body and fracturing several ribs, and causing internal injuries. Hass was just alighting when the horses took fright from a passing locomotive and gave the wagon the lurch which caused the accident. The wounded man was removed to the hospital.

Set on Fire by Sparks.

John Kilcullen, a teamster, was driving a load of jute along Eighth street near Poplar yesterday when a spark from a passing locomotive set fire to his load. The unusal heat caused him to turn around and he found his load all ablaze. A still alarm was given to Engine Company No. 24. The damage to the load by fire and water amounted to $100.

LADIES' $3 dongola button shoes, $2.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

PARISIAN CLOAK CO.,
N. E. Cor. Broadway and Washington Av.

Saturday is Children's Day
WITH US!

Always Showing Exactly What We Advertise and Having an Abundance to Supply All Demands Has Earned for Us Our Reputation.

Bargain No. 1.
800 beautiful Sample Cloaks, made of the finest materials, some with Capes, etc., no two alike. They cost us from $8 up to $16.50 each, and the ages run from 2 years up to 14.
Your Choice of Any, $5.00
We should advise you to call in the morning, before the best ones are selected out of this lot.

Bargain No. 2.
The best School Cloak with Cape ever offered at the price in America. All ages, 4 to 14 years,
☞ $2.25
Money refunded if this PARTICULAR BARGAIN can be beat by any wholesale concern.

Bargain No. 3.
An immense lot of Misses' Jackets, finest shapes and material, ages 12, 14, 16 and 18 years.
All Ages $3.75

Don't Allow Yourselves to Be Hoodwinked by the Cheap Johns. They Are Not in the Fight With Us.

PARISIAN CLOAK COMPANY,
Restless, Tireless Toilers for Trade.
Everything on the Ground Floor. No Dangerous Elevators.
N. E. Cor. Broadway and Washington Av.

IN FULL FORCE.

Democratic Managers Look for a Big Attendance at To-Night's Meeting.

SCHOOL BOARD MATTERS TO BE FULLY AND CLEARLY DISCUSSED.

Republicans Dissatisfied With the Make-Up of the Official Ballot—Secretary Player Explains Why the Old Directors Were Placed at the Top—Collector Wenneker Replies to His Critics—Notes.

The Democratic ratification meeting takes place this evening at the Exposition Music Hall, and promises to be largely attended. The Campaign Committee, assisted by Chairman Frank Estes, have worked hard to make it a success, and they report to-day that their expectations will be fully realized. Given Campbell will preside, and a number of well-known Democrats will occupy seats on the stage as vice-presidents. The six candidates for the at-large seats will be present to participate in the programme arranged by the committee. The committee in charge of the meeting to-day received a letter from Dick Dalton of Ralls, announcing that he would reach the city in time to attend the meeting. He is a gubernatorial candidate and is considered a strong campaign speaker. Gov. Francis may be on hand, but the committee was not certain that he would be able to reach the city in time for the meeting. The other speakers announced are Mayor Noonan, Alexander N. De Menil, Given Campbell, Judge Krum, Frank Estes and City Counselor W. C. Marshal. In addition to the speaking there will a display of fire-works and an abundance of music, a band having been engaged for that purpose.

Wenneker Makes Reply.

Some of the supporters of Thomas J. Burke, the Republican candidate in the Eighth District, composed of the Fourteenth and Sixteenth Wards, have sharply criticised Internal Revenue Collector Chas. F. Wenneker for the part he took in getting Mr. Louis Hild in the race for the board. Mr. Hild was nominated before the Republican convention met, and when that body nominated Mr. Burke the Silk Stocking committee tried to induce him to withdraw. This Mr. Hild declined to do, and he will remain in the race with a good chance of being elected.

In explanation of his course Collector Wenneker to-day forwarded the following communication to this office:

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 30, 1891.

To the Editor of the Post Dispatch:

Much has been said in the daily papers and otherwise about the contest for School Board honors in the Eighth District, comprising the Fourteenth and Sixteenth Wards, and as I have been charged with having brought out Mr. Louis Hild in opposition to Mr. Burke, the Republican nominee, I desire to make an explanation. In the first place, I wish to say that I am now as much opposed to party nominations for members of the School Board as I was before the nomination was made, and I consider it a misfortune that party nominations were made, not in opposition to the men nominated, but for principle. At the last meeting of the Northwestern Improvement Association, held on Wednesday evening, Oct. 14, 1891, there having been, previously to the above date, no one named as a possible candidate, Mr. Louis Hild, an active member of the association, was selected as the proper man to represent the Eighth District in the School Board. I, as a member of the association and a friend and neighbor of Mr. Hild, having known him for many years to be a man of unquestionable integrity and a warm supporter and friend of our public schools, heartily indorsed him, and he received the unanimous indorsement of all the members present, including Mr. Allenberg, now member of the Republican City Central Committee. Party affiliation was not mentioned and I doubt if thought of, but Mr. Hild was simply indorsed as the proper person for the position, regardless of his political preferences. Two days later Mr. Burke was placed on the Republican ticket as candidate for the same position. Since then Mr. F. E. Zelle, President of the Northwestern Improvement Association, and myself have tried to bring the two candidates, Mr. Hild and Mr. Burke, together and if possible have one of them withdraw, but without success. We have had several meetings, but came to no conclusion and now I am charged with trying to defeat the Republican nominee by indorsing a Democrat, as it is claimed Mr. Hild is. Granting this to be correct, I claim I am no less a Republican by indorsing Mr. Hild, who was nominated before the Republican nominee, than those are who, when the election for city, State or other offices, which are political proper, takes place, desert the regular nominees and join the enemy or remain silent. Either one of the two candidates mentioned above, if elected, I am satisfied will make valuable members of the School Board.

CHAS F. WENNEKER.

They Don't Like It.

The Silk Stocking Republican managers are emphatic in their complaint that they have not been fairly treated by the secretary of the School Board in the grouping of the names for the official ballot. At their meeting last night the manner of making up the official ballot came in for a liberal share of attention. The principal course of complaint arises from the action of the Secretary in placing the names of the Republican district nominees apart from the regular ticket. For instance the nomination of Mr. John H. Banker in the Ninth District instead of following the regular Republican ticket, will appear on the official ballot under the head of district candidates and will follow Cudmore's name. In the margin on the sheet opposite Bankers' name will be printed: Republican Nominee. This applies equally to all the regular Republican district candidates whose nominations were filed with the at-large candidates. The nominations were all made in the same hall on the same day and the Central Committee thought that the district nominee would follow directly under the at-large ticket. Mr. Player decided differently, however, and placed the district candidates all in a bunch with marginal notes indicating the character of their nominations. The present members of the board who are seeking re-election head these lists in their respective districts.

The district candidates selected by the Republicans are dissatisfied with the arrangement, and say it will result in confusion and shut them out of many votes. In the Eleventh District, where Dr. Wait is running as the Republican candidate against Bosley, Penney and Healy, his name will be at the end of the list.

CHARTRAND COMPLAINS.

Mark R. Chartrand of the committee that waited on Secretary Player concerning the make-up of the ticket said to-day that the names of the district nominees should follow the Republican-at-large caption on the ballot. "Another thing I don't like," he said, "is the way the names of Holtgreve and Pfeffer, the Independent candidates for directors-at-large, are to appear on the ballot. They will, I understand, follow directly after the Republican names with no marginal note to explain how they were nominated. Our ticket will have "Republican" on the margin, but the names of the two Independents following so closely will have the effect of rattling more than a few voters. We hope, however, to have a heavy black line drawn between our six names and the two Independents. We will insist on our rights, and if that ticket is not gotten up properly we will know the reason why."

MR. PLAYER EXPLAINS.

Secretary Player, in reply to the complaints of the Republican Committee and candidates, said: "In getting up the form of the ballot I sought to please all, but it is difficult to do that. The ticket is gotten up in size to fit the ballot-box slots, and the names are so arranged that the voter will, if he observes the instructions, have no difficulty casting his vote properly. So far as placing the names of the district candidates is concerned, I think it is certainly proper to head the lists with the present members who are named for re-election. Those who complain would feel aggrieved if the consideration was denied them, providing the situation was reversed and they were board members seeking re-election."

Campaign Notes.

The Republicans have about completed the arrangements for to-morrow night's meeting at the Exposition Music Hall. Maj. Chas. E. Pearce will preside and there will be vice-presidents from every ward. The six candidates will attend and there will be speaking and music on the inside and fireworks on the outside.

Some of Dr. W. J. Wait's opponents in the Eleventh District are, it is claimed, circulating the report that he has some connection with the anti-Catholic movement. Speaking on this subject, Dr. Wait said the report was entirely untrue and did him injustice. "I am as liberal in religion as any man," he said, "and I deprecate the introduction of any such issue in politics. I have no connection with any religious organization that is fighting any church."

MISSOURI MATTERS.

State Press Association Meeting—Capitalists at Joplin—Gleanings.

MOBERLY, Mo., Oct. 29.—The third annual meeting of the Northeast Missouri Press Association met here yesterday and is now in session. The Association was called to order by the President, J. A. Krott of the Hannibal Journal. The Euterpean Silver Cornet Band, the members of which are well-known young ladies of this city, rendered several pleasing selections. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Samuel Carothers of the M. E. Church. The address of welcome was made by Hon. W. E. Coleman, Superintendent of the Moberly public schools. The response by Walter Williams of the Columbia Herald. President Kott of the Hannibal Journal, followed with an address. After rolle call appointments of Committees was made and applications for membership receives. J. B. Thompson of the Lancaster Excelsior who was on the programme for a paper on the subject of "The Country Weekly," made an address instead. A discussion of the subject followed, R. M. White of the Mexico Ledger and E. W. Stephens of the Columbia Herald taking part. Last night Hon. W. O. L. Jewett, President of the Missouri State Press Association, delivered an address on journalism in general. E. W. Stephens of the Columbia Herald spoke on the subject of "Modern Journalism." The Association is still in session.

JOPLIN.

JOPLIN, Mo., Oct. 29.—President Picher of the Joplin Club, introduced as visitors to Joplin last night Ex-Gov. Anthony of Kansas and John P. Stevenson, Jr., of Philadelphia. They were courteously entertained and made brief speeches in acknowledgment. The ex-Governor remarked that "Missouri has within her borders the resources of an empire." Mr. Stevenson is a stockholder in the Pennsylvania Railroad and also of the Splitlog. His expressions of surprise at the progress of Southwest Missouri were marked. His special mission was to ascertain the advisability of extending the Splitlog hence to Ft. Smith and probably thence to the gulf. A letter from Secretary of the Interior Noble was received acknowledging the receipt, with thanks, of his election by notification as an honorary member of the club. Secretary Wenrich also read a letter from Gov. Francis, promising to be present if possible on Nov. 4, when the Commissioners of the World's Fair meet here.

To-night the eloquent Unitarian preacher, Roberts of Kansas City, addresses the people at the theater and will stay to deliver a sermon there on Sunday. A peculiar feature of that church is announced that no collections whatever are called for from congregations.

There will be a service for bread winners at People's Tabernacle Church next Sunday evening. The pastor will preach on "Extravagance and Poverty vs. Economy and a Home."

NO ESCAPE FROM IT.

Mr. Bothe Compelled to Act as Assignee Until Regularly Discharged.

MUST PAY THE EXPENSES OF ADVERTISING OUT OF HIS OWN POCKET.

No Law to Cover an Assignment in Which There are no Assets—The Hunt Property to Be Sold—A New York Firm Sued on an Attachment—Local Court Notes.

An interesting case came up in Judge Withrow's Court to-day—probably the first of its kind ever presented for a judge's consideration, as an examination by the judge of the statutes failed to find any law providing for the case. The matter was brought to the Court's attention by an application made by Attorney Carl Otto for the discharge of a client as receiver of a grocery, which trust he accepted Oct. 3.

HAD MONEY BUT NOT EXPERIENCE.

About six months ago George Knittel, having some capital and being desirous of engaging in business, purchased a grocery store and saloon at Eighteenth and Madison streets for a sum in the neighborhood of $1,000. Knittel had no experience in the business and thought, it is stated, that there was about $500 worth more stock in the store than there really was. He did not make a success of the business, and on Oct. 3 made an assignment. He had never taken stock, and basing his judgment on what he thought the store was worth when he bought it, he placed his assets at $1,200. J. H. Bothe of the Bothe Carriage & Wagon Manufacturing Co. was appointed by the court as assignee and accepted the trust. On taking charge of the concern Bothe found that the Bush Brewing Co. had a mortgage on the place for $775 and the stock was levied on to satisfy a judgment in favor of one F. Link for $160. To satisfy these claims as also any other creditors who might put in an appearance there was, according to the statement of Attorney Otto to the court to-day, only property to the value of about $600. As this would be entirely consumed in satifying the mortgage there was nothing left for the assignee to take charge of, and he wished to be discharged.

NO LAW ON THE SUBJECT.

When the case was presented to Judge Withrow he said he appreciated the situation, but there was no provision that he knew of providing for the discharge of an assignee other than the regular mode set down in the statute. To make sure, the Court examined the statute on the bench. Attorney Otto admitted that he had failed to discover any statute bearing directly on the matter, but pleaded the hardship to which the position of receiver would subject his client. Under the law he would be compelled to make out an inventory of the stock and file it in court. Then he would have to advertise four times for creditors and later advertise the winding up of the estate. These expenses are ordinarily all paid out of the assets as is also the assignee's fee. In this case, as the mortgage covers everything, there is no money to pay for the advertising, legal services, etc., and Bothe must pay it out of his own pocket and go without his fee, which would be from $100 to $250.

Judge Withrow said that that was Mr. Bothe's misfortune in accepting the trust and suggested that the only way he could see out of the difficulty was to continue the case indefinitely. Mr. Otto did not like to do this, and Judge Withrow took the matter under advisement to see if he could find any loophole out of the legal difficulty.

Hunt Property to Be Sold.

Judge Withrow heard to-day an equity proceeding growing out of property interest in the Hunt estate. The style of the case is Frederick G. Zeibic against William Booth, Louisa A. Hunt, Charles L. Hunt, William B. Hunt, Theodore Hunt, Wilson P. Hunt, Mary H. Benoist, Theodore Benoist, Charles Louis Benoist, Marian G. Benoist and Samuel H. Holliday. The action was to obtain an order of sale of a price of property at the northeast corner of Third and Chestnut streets, fronting 82 feet on Chestnut. The property was deeded April 11, 1878, by Mrs. Annie L. Hunt for the benefit of her three grand children, Theodore Hunt, Wilson P. Hunt and Mary B. Hunt, children of the late Charles L. Hunt. Theodore Hunt, now deceased, was then of age, but Wilson and Mary Hunt, his brother and sister, were minors. Theodore Hunt managed the estate. Mary H. Hunt is now Mrs. Hunt-Benoist, the wife of Mr. Theodore Benoist. The lease on the property has expired and by the terms of it the improvements belong to the lessee. The object of the trust was to establish an income for the beneficiaries, the property yielding a large monthly income at the time the trust was created. It was shown the court that the object of the trust would now be defeated, as the property without improvements would yield no income. As a further reason why the property should be converted into cash, it was stated to the court that Theodore Hunt had placed a mortgage of $6,000 on his interest. The court granted the order of sale. Mr. E. C. Kehr presented the case to the court. Mr. Zeibic is in charge of the Hunt estate.

A New York Firm Sued.

C. B. Fostick & Son filed an attachment suit in the Circuit Court to-day for $2,798.25 against the Snook Glove Manufacturing Co. of Fayetteville, N. Y. The suit is instituted here to levy on some claims due the Snook Glove Co. by St. Louis merchants.

Court Notes.

Judgment for $3,996.50 was given to-day in Judge Withrow's court in favor of Maggie A. Sanderson against Lee S. Holden.

John F. Green was appointed to-day administrator de bonis non of the will of John Bauer. The estate is valued at $3,000.

Public Administrator Charles Scudder was appointed to-day administrator of the estate of John H. W. Dixen. The value of the estate is unknown.

SICK headache yields to BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Cloak Manufacturers Fail.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Michael Simonson and Theodore Weiss (Simonson & Weiss), cloak manufacturers at 467 Broadway, confessed judgment to day to C. A. Auffmadt & Co., importers, at 33 Green street, for $51,886.

Congressman Outhwaite Ill.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 30.—Congressman Outhwaite is very sick with pneumonia at his home here. He caught the disease while on the stump for Gov. Campbell.

HALL CLOCKS.

Good, reliable works, striking hours and half hours on gongs, in mahogany or oak cases of excellent design and finish, at from $98.00 to $200.00.

Also a full stock of the more costly TUBULAR CHIMING CLOCKS, so noted for their sweetness and unchangeableness of tone. These are in cases of exclusive designs, not to be seen or obtained elsewhere.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public to inspect these clocks, as well as our immense variety of other warranted clocks, which will be found on our main floor.

Mermod & Jaccard's
Lowest-Priced House in America for Fine Goods.
BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST.

KIRK'S SHANDON BELLS TOILET SOAP
NO OTHER
LEAVES A DELICATE AND LASTING ODOR.
For sale by all Drug and Fancy Goods Dealers or if unable to procure this wonderful soap send 25c in stamps and receive a cake by return mail.
JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.
SPECIAL—Shandon Bells Waltz (the popular Society Waltz) sent FREE to anyone sending us three wrappers of Shandon Bells Soap.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—Experienced girl for folding. Merry & Nicholson, Main and Locust sts. 71

WANTED—A young man who can write and print a good hand with a pen. Address P 13, this office. 54

WANTED—First-class cook to do washing and ironing also; family of four. Call in morning by 9 o'clock, 3922 Bell av. 15

1933 CARR ST.—New furnished room for gents in private family cheap. 13

$2
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CLAIRETTE SOAP.
ALL ST. LOUIS GROCERS KEEP IT.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid, every afternoon and Sunday morning	$10 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 50
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15
By the month (delivered by carrier)	65
Sunday edition, by mail, per year	2 00

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive st.

POSTAGE.

Entered at the Post-office, St. Louis, Mo., as Second-class matter.

DOMESTIC.	Per Copy
Eight to sixteen pages	1 Cent
Eighteen to thirty-two pages	2 Cents
FOREIGN.	
Daily or Sunday: 8 Pages	1 Cent
10 to 16 Pages	2 Cents
18 to 24 Pages	3 Cents
26 to 36 Pages	4 Cents

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms	285
Business Office	284

London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross.
New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building. Max H. Fischer, Manager.

THE POST-DISPATCH

Guarantees to Advertisers a Larger Local Circulation than that of Any Other TWO St. Louis Newspapers Combined.

TEN PAGES.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Carleton's Opera Co.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Nellie McHenry.
POPE'S—Primrose & West's Minstrels.
HAVLIN'S—"Lost in New York."
STANDARD—Nibbe French Burlesque Co.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Nellie McHenry.
OLYMPIC—Carleton's Opera Co.
POPE'S—Primrose & West's Minstrels.
HAVLIN'S—"Lost in New York."
STANDARD—Nibbe French Burlesque Co.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Generally fair; cooler Saturday.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Generally fair; local showers early Saturday; cooler to-morrow; winds changing to westerly.

CITIZENS!

Vote in the school election.

Vote for the best candidates,

Vote against every member of the present board seeking re-election.

Why?

1. *Because of "contractors' pulls" in the board.*
2. *Because the present School Board is controlled by a boodle ring.*
3. *Because the members of this ring have used their offices as private snaps.*
4. *Because through their membership in the board the "ring" directors have looted the school treasury by "fat" contracts and crooked bills.*
5. *Because members of the board have made their offices the means of gaining profitable business for themselves.*
6. *Because the school funds were cheated out of enormous sums of money through crooked real estate deals.*
7. *Because the whole board permitted the robbing of the school funds by the ringsters.*
8. *Because under the dictation of the boodle ring the whole board approved of illegal and looting contracts and dishonest transactions.*
9. *Because articles for school officials have been paid for out of school funds, and school property and workmen have been used by school officials.*
10. *Because the school treasury has been robbed and its funds exhausted by ring jobbery.*
11. *Because the schools have been run in the interest of the painting, carpentering, furnace, insurance and other businesses of school directors and their friends rather than in the interest of the public.*
12. *Because the ballot-box has been corrupted and the election machinery of the board misused for the benefit of ring candidates and to perpetuate the control of the boodle combine.*
13. *Because the preservation of the efficiency of the public schools and the conservation of honesty and morality in public office demand the rebuke and punishment of the school boodlers.*

A BIG vote in the school election will mean the election of honest school directors.

IRISHMEN are using their blackthorns at Cork with terrible effect on the home-rule cause.

THE Administration has discovered that the bluff trick can be played by all parties in the game.

CITIZENS should unite upon the best district candidates for the School Board and vote for them.

FITNESS not politics or friendship should be the governing consideration in the choice of School Board candidates.

SCHOOL DIRECTOR O'CONNELL'S record in the school board affords excellent reason for his retirement to private life.

AFTER all the talk of American "solidarity," and of a commercial union embracing the whole Western continent which can be brought about, if at all, by cultivating friendly relations with the Spanish-American countries, our Government on the first pretext throws away friendship and adopts the air and language of a bully. Friendship cannot be conquered; it must be earned.

MUNICIPAL FRANCHISES.

The report of Messrs. ROSEWATER and SCHNECK, the commissioners appointed under an act of Congress to investigate the streets and subways of Washington, should receive the earnest consideration of all municipal officials, and especially members of city legislatures.

These gentlemen are practical engineers of experience and recognized ability. They gave the subject thorough investigation, in which, after studying the conditions existing in many large cities of the world, and carefully comparing the results of various systems in vogue, they have arrived at the conclusion that a municipality should, under no circumstances, part with the ownership of its streets or the rights appertaining thereto. They have determined that it is far more advantageous for the city to retain ownership of all rights for public services, such as water, lighting, transit, and to hold control of all electric wire privileges. They show by comparative statistics that the cities which have retained these rights and either operated or leased plants under them have secured better service than the cities giving or selling them outright and have made large permanent revenues out of them. A strong point made by the Commissioners is that through the disposal of valuable franchises the greatest amount of municipal corruption is caused, as most of them are obtained by bribery of city officials.

The history of franchise legislation in St. Louis affords a striking illustration of one phase of the subject. The disposal of our public service franchises has been a constant and fruitful source of corruption, and the manner of their disposition has caused the city the loss of millions of dollars of possible revenue which have been gobbled up by private speculators and investors. It may not be possible for this city to regain its control of valuable franchises now in the hands of others or to recoup its losses, but the report is excellent for the future guidance of legislators in the line of the policy persistently advocated by the POST-DISPATCH. They can retain for the city control of street rights and a profitable interest in its own growth in all similar transactions in the future.

THE chief point to be gained in the campaign for the election of honest School Directors is the thorough awakening of citizens to the importance of working and voting in the interest of the public schools. The Democrats of this city stand in this election on a strictly non-partisan and reform platform, and a big attendance at the Democratic mass-meeting in Exposition Music Hall to-night would afford gratifying evidence that the voters of the party and the people generally are in harmony with this platform and are fully aroused to the importance of crushing out the boodle ring in the School Board. There cannot be too much vigor and enthusiasm in this reform campaign.

WHAT a so-called "brilliant foreign policy" can do for this country is shown by our recent humiliation in Hayti and our present embarrassing situation in Chili. We could well spare some brilliancy in exchange for honesty and common sense in our dealings with other nations.

SENATOR QUAY'S explanation of his transaction in public money with BARDSLEY is the same as his explanation of his famous transaction with the Pennsylvania treasury. It was a loan for political purposes. This astute statesman never steals public funds—he only borrows them.

DOES Commissioner ROOSEVELT believe in civil service reform only when it does not interfere with the success of his candidate? His conduct with regard to the New York campaign raises a strong suspicion that this is his real attitude on the question.

THE discovery that the State of Pennsylvania has been robbed by the clerks as well as the higher officials is not surprising. The thieving tendency in public offices when not severely checked at the beginning generally becomes epidemic.

THE "limits of diplomacy" in the Chilian case will not be reached until Minister EGAN is withdrawn. His presence in Santiago is a diplomatic impertinence and an insolent disregard of the feelings and wishes of a friendly people.

MORE than $100,000 has been contributed to the McKinley cause in Ohio by the protected plutocrats of Pittsburg; this by their own admission. "Politics is largely a matter of finance," as an eminent Republican remarked.

WHETHER Mr. BLAINE will take the presidential nomination or not is not entirely a question of health. The election returns will cut a figure in his decision.

SENATOR QUAY'S suits for libel on account of the BARDSLEY certificate cannot come to trial before election day and hence may serve as a clever campaign dodge.

THERE is something in the atmosphere of Ohio that sounds like the pibroch piping the victorious battle song of the Clan Campbell.

Mr. W. C. Steigers

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

ALL HAVE THEIR "RACKETS."

OTHER DIRECTORS BESIDES CUDMORE, O'CONNOR AND BOSLEY WHO MAKE PUBLIC OFFICE A PRIVATE SNAP.

How the Emergency Repair System Is Operated for the Benefit of Directors and Contractors.

SOME NEW RACKETS.

School Director Thomas J. Gibbons seeks re-election at the hands of the people. Although he has been in the board scarcely a year, he is a valuable member of the Building Committee and the fourth member of the ring, making the majority in the committee of seven. Once in a while even Gibbons' vigorous constitution weakens and President Miller is called in to fill the breach. There is reason to believe, however, that with a little more experience Gibbons would prove a shining ornament in the ring. He has fourteen schools in his district and he gave the repairs on every one of them to Cudmore Bros. The amount paid the Cudmores on Gibbons' schools amounted to $6,734.73, although Supt. Singleton's estimate was but $2,895. But Director Gibbons' particular offense is his zig-zag grate bar racket. Gibbons is agent for the Improved Zig-zag Grate Bar Co. of Chicago. For convenience in billing, so that the name of Gibbons shall not appear, that of his partner, Boileau, does appear, and the contracts are supposed to be given for "Boileau" zigzag grate bars. The last contract given out in August was for the renewal of grate bars in the Pope and O'Fallon Schools, the old bars being unfit for use. The price charged the School Board is $7 a square foot, just about $2 a square foot higher than any other large purchaser is required to pay. The bills for the zig-zag grate bars are big and of frequent occurrence, and Director Gibbons and his committee vote cheerfully to pay them. When asked to rise and explain, Mr. Gibbons asserted that he has nothing to do with the St. Louis district, but has with all other portions of the United States. Strange how in his case, as in O'Connor's, the resident agent has nothing to do with his home district. Boeleau is the wicked partner in this case.

THE LIVERY RACKET.

Then there is Dutch Jack Sheahan, who runs a livery stable with Chief Harrigan's son. A nice genial gentleman is Jack Sheahan. Mr. Sheahan confines his activity to the Teacher's Committee and incidently sits in the Salary Committee. He has pull enough to board the two horses belonging to the Building Committee at his stable. He also accommodatingly supplies livery to the members of the building and other committees from time to time, when carriages are required to carry them on official business. But Mr. Sheahan never bills in his own name, selecting from time to time one or other of his stablemen, and using their names. Sometimes the bill goes in as to one Healey. Then Mr. Sheahan's brother, Dennis, drives one of the school wagons at $40 a month. Of course Bro. Dennis' whole time is not taken up.

Director Kelly also runs a livery stable. Of course, it would not be fair that Director Sheahan should have the livery racket all to himself. So Director Kelly gets some of it, and he bills for his livery rigs in the name of another, sometimes in the name of one Ball. It is quite touching to note the delicacy of all these directors. Cudmore secures $54,000 for his brother, John. He is not in it. O'Connor works early and late, makes assaults on draughtsmen, pays fines for stealing draughts and all for Fuller & Warren, who say he is their agent, but whom O Connor repudiates. Bosley gets big jobs of steam-fitting for his brother Nick and then goes about weeping and asking directors not to give the wicked Nick work. Gibbons runs in zigzagg rate bars for his partner Boileau. Sheahan boards the department horses and rents out livery to the board, and Kelly does the same, but neither of these gentlemen are willing that anyone should know this. Miller works for himself and gets his loot without disguise. O'Connell works for everybody, holds the lines and presses the buttons.

WANTS TO GET BACK.

On various occasions O'Connell has been referred to as the brains of the School Board ring. O'Connell has had eighteen years' experience in the art of addition, division and silence. Into his care go the bids for school work. He engineers the deals for his associates and he is the man who, having presented the regular monthly atrocity in the shape of the Building Committee's report, moves the suspension of the rules and the immediate railroading of the Cudmore and the O'Connor and all the other steals. O'Connell is a painter. He is the benevolent gentleman who is ever on the alert making out painting specifications for the schools, and he has accumulated a "barl." He admits it. He points to his "barl" with pride and boasts that he would knock the head out this election and spend between $2,000 and $3,000 to get back into the board.

WHY DID THEY DO IT?

The POST-DISPATCH yesterday exposed the peculiar conditions governing the School Board's career as a tenant of property rented for additional school accommodations. Some of the facts given in the article were irresistibly suggestive of the board's being susceptible of "pulls" in the selection of such rented property, and to-day there comes additional proof that some strange and otherwise unaccountable selections have been made in this respect. Mr. J. F. Stokes, secretary of a local improvement association, in discussing this matter to-day, said:

"In stating recently that the School Board had rented three small houses on Green Lea place to relieve the crowded condition of the schools, the POST-DISPATCH made a mistake. They did not rent them on Green Lea place, as a committee requested them to do, but did rent rooms as above mentioned, some sixteen blocks distant from Green Lea place, paying a rental of $50 per month for 1,176 feet of floor surface, while we, the residents of this section who were desirous of the school for the convenience of some 300 small scholars, offered them 2,800 feet of floor surface for the same money, much better lighted and in a far better locality to accommodate the school children. This we presented to the Teachers Committee, personally, in the form of a petition having a total of 180 names signed thereto, with an appropriate number of children, represented by them at 270. Mr. Barstow was the chairman of the Teachers Committee on the first call at their meeting by the committee appointed by the people in this vicinity. This Teachers Committee would not listen or did not heed the prayers of the petitioners, and, more than that, did not even treat them with that civility which should have been shown by them as parties elected to one of the positions as agents to rward the education of the people.

"Some of those learned men did not even know the locality that we represented, nor did they seem to care to know, as our representative from this, the Fourteenth District, had not been present at any of their meetings for such a length of time they had forgotten that there was such a district. But we think they will find out shortly that there is. Chairman Barstow even went so far as to say in public that when assailed by petitions of the people 'we at the Teachers Committee simply stuff them in the pigeon holes, and that ends them.'

"Such are the men now on the School Board, men who are elected to fill one of the highest positions to which an American citizen could be elected."

And this is why we have organized, and why every one should organize, so that by combined strength we by our votes can get men to represent us in the several positions where we should be benefited. We do not propose to throw ourselves at the School Board, but at the other officials as well who should try to benefit the master to whom they are the servants. If this were done we would see a far different light thrown over the political field in St. Louis."

EMERGENCY REPAIRS SYSTEM.

In April of each year the School Board begins its preparations for one of the most peculiar, ineffective and loosely conducted "round-ups" possible even to such a body as the present School Board.

This remarkable annual event is known as the "summer repair season." The details of the preposterous system under which it is conducted, the dangerous and flagrantly misused power it places in the hands of certain members of the board, the lavish distribution of "repair contracts" under the emergency clause, and the final showing of the inefficiency of the system and its consequent waste of thousands of dollars of the public school funds, is of a nature to shock even those most familiar with the wilfully reckless methods of School Board management as already exposed by the POST-DISPATCH.

On the face of the showing made by the system under which the "summer repair season" exists, the POST-DISPATCH charges that the only reason for its existence is that it gives the freest and widest scope for "boodle combines" between school directors and contractors, and that the opportunity is improved to the utmost.

TO BENEFIT FAVORED CONTRACTORS.

The proof supporting such a charge is that that the work of the "summer repair season," which is supposed to place the schools in good condition and repair for one year to follow, does no such thing. It throws a tremendous amount of profitable jobbing in the hands of favored contractors in and out of the board, and then it is followed by monthly repairs and tinkering in the schools, lasting through the whole school term, exactly as though there had been no "summer repair" work done with such a flourish of "emergency" trumpets.

The "summer repair season" system works as follows: Regularly in April of each year, Superintendent of Construction Singleton sends to the principals of all the public schools a "repair blank." Upon this blank the pricipal states just what repairs he considers necessary in his school in the way of carpentering, painting, brickwork, etc. The blank thus filled out is then returned to the office of Supt. Singleton, and from there goes into the appreciative custody of the School Board Building Committee. For the "summer repair season" the public schools are divided into seven districts, and each member of the Building Committee is placed in sole charge of one of these districts. He is given the filled-in "repair blanks" returned by the principals of the schools in his district, and from that time on has autocratic control of the "summer repair" work to be done in that district.

The first gross unfairness of the system is that this summer work is classed as "emergency work," and consequently does not have to be bid for. This shuts out honest competition and leaves the Public School Treasury at the mercy of contractors. The next palpable fraud in the system is that the School Director, who, as a member of the Building Committee, has charge of one district for the "summer repair season," has the privilege extended to him, by courtesy, of deciding what contractors shall do the work.

The result of such a system is that regularly every summer there is placed in the hands of seven members of the present School Board a patronage comprising the distribution of between $70,000 and $80,000 of the School Board money. They are responsible to nobody for their conduct; the money is there, and it is expected to be spent in "summer repairs," as the seven members of the Building committee may decide, and to be paid to the contractors whom they may name. Such a "boodle patronage" may be made a valuable feature of the non-salaried position of School Director.

The Building Committee consists of Jno. W. O'Connell, chairman; Ed J. O'Connor, Alex Cudmore, Thos J. Gibbons, Henry Bus, Henry Troll and Walter F. McEntire. The POST-DISPATCH has a ready shown what may be expected of O'Connell, O'Connor and Cudmore with such a financial patronage at their control, and it is unnecessary to dwell further on that feature of the "summer repairs" system.

A WASTE OF SCHOOL BOARD MONEY.

The startling feature of the system is that it is, on the very face of the published School Board reports, a farce causing a yearly waste of over $70,000 of School Board money. The reason given for the inauguration of the "summer repair" system is that the two idle months between school terms is the only time when repair work on the schools can be done. The reason given for such work being classed as "emergency work" is that there is not time enough to allow contractors to visit the schools, make their drawings and specifications, etc., and then bid for the work. So the contracts are dished out by the seven members of the Building Committee at their own sweet will, the "summer repair" work is rushed through and $70,000 of the school fund vanishes into thin air.

Then comes the proof of the fraudulent nature of the "summer repair" work. It has been hurried through as "emergency work" on the plea that the summer season is the only time when such work can be done. Having "done" it on that basis, the School Board then gives the lie to its own statements by continuing emergency repair work right through the school terms to an extent aggregating thousands of dollars.

SUPT. SINGLETON'S CONFESSION.

Superintendent of Construction Singleton is himself the authority for the statement that for the past three years such work, done after the grand summer "round up," has amounted regularly to over $30,000 per year.

"It goes on," says Supt. Singleton, "exactly as if there had been no repair work done during the summer!"

The reason why the Superintendent of Construction was led to make such a startling acknowledgment was that he was trying to prove that a much needed reform was about to be inaugurated. He says that for the future it is intended that no repairs, save the most urgent and imperative, shall be made in the schools after the summer work has ended. This remains to be proved.

According to Mr. Singleton's acknowledgement, after the seven members of the Building Committee have spent $70,000 on repair work done by their favorite contractors during the summer, the "work of repairs has, for the past three years, gone on through the school terms exactly as if no summer repair work had been done!"

With John W. O'Connell, a painter, Chairman of the Building Committee, reaching out after all the school painting jobs for his friends; with Ed T. O'Connor, agent for Fuller & Warren, after all the school heating and ventilating jobs, and with Alex. Cudmore of the carpentery firm of John Cudmore, or Cudmore Bros., after all the school carpentry work, this result is not strange. The School Board places in the hands of these interested parties the sole and absolute disposition of the repair work to be done in this annual "round-up," and exacts from them no consideration for school interests or any interests save their own. With each of the three already proved to have illegally benefited, on every possible occasion, by School Board contracts, what other result could be reached than that accidentally confessed by Superintendent of Construction Singleton?

PRINCIPALS' BLANKS.

The school principals, in filling out their "repair blanks" work right into the hands of the "boodle" School Directors and their contract or firms and business associates. With great intelligence the principals, in those blanks, ask for everything in sight apparently, and send in a combined report of "repairs needed" which would wreck a Vanderbilt. Thus the Building Committee can, and does, scratch out a lot of the requests made by the principals, and then virtuously protest:

"We are anxious to make all the alleged repairs possible? My dear sir, we don't make one half what the schools ask for!"

And after they have made what they allowed and spent $70,000 of the people's money in so doing, "the work of repairing schools goes on," to quote Supt. Singleton's words, "just as though no summer repairs had been made."

SOMEBODY'S BLUNDER.

Passenger and Stock Trains Collide in Wisconsin—Other Casualties.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Oct. 30.—A passenger train going west on the Omaha road collided with a stock train going east near Tramway, six miles from Menomie, about 12 o'clock yesterday. A brakeman and stockman on the freight were severely hurt, and twenty-six head of cattle were killed. Several of the stock cars were splintered to fragments, and the ends of two baggage cars and the mail car of the passenger train were burst in. The passenger locomotive was badly demolished. The track will not be clear till midnight. It is said the passenger train had passed the place where it was ordered to meet the freight.

SERIOUSLY INJURED WHILE DRIVING.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 30.—Ex-Mayor M. M. Secor of Racine was seriously and perhaps fatally injured last night. He was driving home when he ran into a pile of dirt which had been heaped upon the street by some laborers engaged in grading. The buggy was overturned and Mr. Secor thrown out upon a pile of stones. When picked up he was in an insensible condition and had to be carried home. The physician says that several ribs were broken and that he received internal injuries.

CHOKED TO DEATH BY A SNAKE.

DENISON, Tex., Oct. 30.—A report comes from Blue River, Choctaw Nation, that last Sunday the child of Mr. and Mrs. Deering was choked to death by a snake. The mother left the child playing in the front yard and when Mrs. Deering returned to her daughter she found a blue racer tightening about the child's neck. The tongue and eyes protruded and she was dead. The mother killed the snake.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

BONHAM, Tex., Oct. 30.—At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the north-bound freight of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe, jumped the track at Kenny, eleven miles south of here, and every car was wrecked. S. H. Culp, the engineer; George H. Allen, brakeman, and J. W. Pope were more or less seriously injured.

ACCIDENT TO AN EXCURSION TRAIN.

MACON, Ga., Oct. 30.—Seven miles south of here yesterday morning on the Georgia Central road a train of seven coaches filled with excursionists for the Georgia Fair in this city, jumped the track and five coaches rolled completely over. One negro brakeman had a mangled leg. No other serious injuries resulted.

TWO SIMILAR WRECKS.

GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 30.—Two exactly similar wrecks have occurred within twenty-four hours on the Burlington. Wednesday night at St. Augustine Hollow, a freight broke in two and the train following dashed into the rear part. Yesterday afternoon the same thing occurred at Summit. In both cases the cars were piled around the locomotive and engine and cars were destroyed by fire.

MINOR CASUALTIES.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 20.—A serious collision occurred yesterday at the Kansas City and Milwaukee crossing at Taopi, 100 miles south. Engineer Chambers and a tramp stealing a ride on the Kansas City were killed. Fireman Lynch of the Kansas City was fatally and Fireman Thorston of the Milwaukee seriously injured. Both engines were ditched.

THE NEW YORK PLAYERS.

They Are Deserting to Association Clubs—Gotham Cranks Disgusted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The rumor that Richardson, Connor, Rusie and Buckley will desert the Giants to join the American Association Clubs, has awakened a feeling of genuine anxiety among the lovers of the game in this city. The names of Connor and Richardson are almost synonomous with that of New York, while Rusie and Buckley have won a reserved seat in the hearts of base ball patrons here. Richardson and Connor, according to common rumors, will join the Athletics at a largely increased salary. Rusie is said to have been offered $6,500 by the Chicago American Association club, which is $3,000 more than he got from New York last season. Buckley, who is one of the few men in the country who can hold Rusie's speedy delivery, is wanted by Chicago too, and inasmuch as both have publicly expressed dissatisfaction with their treatment here it would not require much coaxing to get them away. Although all four are on the New York's reserve list, it is no bar to their going into the Association, because the League and Association are at war and do not respect each other's reserve lists.

The magnates of the New York Club are being roundly scored for their penurious policy with good players. Now that they see their stars slipping from their grasp, it is believed they will leave no stone unturned to thwart the Association clubs, and it is confidently expected they will be able to hold the men after all.

One beneficial result is looked for, and that is, peace between the League and Association. Leaders on both sides begin to see a dark feature for base ball if the warfare of 1890 is to be repeated. J. Von der Horst of the Baltimore Club, who is in the city, expresses himself in favor of a compromise, and President Byrne of the Brooklyn Club entertains similar views.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Mrs. Catharine Scales.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Mrs. Catharine Scales, the blind and aged sufferer at the Home for the Friendless, would like it to be made known to her old pupils and such of her friends of happier days as still carry her in their hearts, that she would feel deeply grateful for a visit from any of them, or for any token that they still bear her in loving remembrance, if it be only so much as a few words of friendly greeting.

Mrs. Scales' case presents features most pitiful, and I am sure that any one who ever cherished for her sentiments of love and esteem, or, indeed, even anyone who had not, if there be any such, would be deeply moved to see her as I saw her yesterday, her pallid face, with its sightless eyes, almost buried in the pillows of the bed from which she rarely rises, an aged and stricken woman, alone with her memories.

A kind word is so slight a thing, and sympathy so sweet to hearts that hunger for it. In the name of humanity, will not some, or many, of the friends of brighter days lift the shadows that gather about this darkened life by, at least, sending her comforting words of cheer, if a personal visit cannot be accomplished?

Knowing how promptly the POST-DISPATCH ever enlists in the cause of suffering humanity I am sure that it will, at least, give a place in its columns to this message to friends from a deeply unfortunate woman.

M. C. N.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

C. R. LESLIE, Subscriber.—The 21st day of October, 1864, fell on Friday.

CONSTANT ADMIRER.—W. J. Scanlan, the actor, is about 35 years of age.

SUBSCRIBER.—The Standard Theater is the place of amusement you refer to.

BET.—The last Thursday in November is always Thanksgiving Day.

A. G.—Your partner was wrong. Under the rules of casino he could not build on your nines.

SUBSCRIBER.—Where two or more players hold straight flushes of equal value, the pot is divided.

P. L.—Count Helmuth Karl Bernhard Von Moltke was born on Oct. 26, 1800, at Parchim, Mecklenburgh.

T. O., Little Rock.—The United States, including Alaska, has more miles of seacoast than Great Britain and Ireland.

P. J. S.—Letter carriers are required to give bond in the sum of $1,000 as security for the proper performance of their duty.

DOG FANCIER.—There is no such breed of dog as rat-and-tan. This name is sometimes incorrectly applied to black-and-tan terriers.

Mr. F. L. Marshall,

Representing the POST-DISPATCH on 'Change, will be on the floor during business hours and will call on merchants who desire to make use of the POST-DISPATCH market reports. Telephone 284.

FELL WITH A CRASH

An Accident at the Merchants' Exchange Building To-Day.

A HUGE WINDOW AND CASEMENT DROP TO THE FLOOR.

Intense Excitement the Incident Created—Joseph M. Davidson and F. W. Aufderheide Receive Slight Injuries—Influence of the Occurrence on the Exchange Amendment Vote.

There was a creaking, a groaning, a cracking of wood for two or three seconds, and then a terrific crack on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange. Hundreds of merchants were there at the time, and in an instant there was a mad rush to get out of the hall. Men jostled and pushed each other about in their frantic efforts to reach the door leading out of the hall. About the time half of them got to the door the noise had subsided and shortly afterward the men, seeing that the building was still standing, began to return to learn the cause of the crash. It was found that one of the huge windows above the gallery had fallen in, the sash and all coming with it. The extreme east window on the south side of the building is what fell.

THE CRASH WAS TERRIFIC.

It is fully thirty feet high and about eighteen feet wide. In falling it struck the rail of the gallery and then shot downward toward the floor below. The noise it made when it crashed on some grain tables was terrific and most of the men who were on the floor at the time thought that at least one whole side of the building had fallen in. The falling mass had shattered into fragments the thick marble tops of two big grain tables, and crushed the leg of another so far into the floor that the top of the table slid off. The huge iron weights of the windows, each of which would tip the scale at a couple of hundred pounds, sank deep into the floor, while pieces of the wooden casement also crashed through the boards of the floor, tearing large holes in it and sinking to the depth of nearly a foot. The thick plate glass of the window was shattered into innumerable fragments and scattered over the floor for an area of sixty feet around. It was an awful wreck. The weight of the huge window with its weights and casement was enormous, and the force with which it fell was something terrific. Not only did the crash frighten the men on the floor of the Exchange, but it caused the crowd in the Mining Exchange and bucket shop on the floor below to flee in terror from the building, for they thought the whole structure was coming down.

Only two people were hurt by the accident and their injuries were very slight. These men were Joseph M. Davidson and F. W. Aufderheide, two grain merchants. They were standing in the extreme southeast corner of the building, just where the window fell, and although they heard the creaking and groaning for two or three seconds they did not think they would have time to escape by running for the door. So Davidson sprang behind a heater at the south wall of the building, while Aufderheide jumped back under the south gallery. When the window fell the shattered fragments of wood, marble and glass flew all around the two men, several pieces striking them. Davidson had his hand slightly cut and was bruised some about the back and leg by the flying debris, while Aufderheide had both his hands slightly cut and had broken the glass of one of his spectacles, which he had on at the time. Both had narrow escapes, but neither gentleman was much hurt.

THOUGHT HE WAS LOST.

"I thought for a time," remarked Davidson afterward, "that I was checked through to the next world."

Mr. Davidson is one of the best known grain operators on the floor and Mr. Aufderheide, who is an old man, is also very prominent in the grain corner. A. T. Harlow and E. W. Leonhardt were also in the corner where the window fell just before the accident, but ran when they heard the creaking and groaning and were out of harm's way before the crash came.

It is very fortunate the accident did not occur later. It happened about twelve minutes before 11 o'clock. At 11:30 trading commences in the grain corner where the damage was done and hundreds of men are invariably gathered there. Had it even occurred a half hour later than it did there would probably have been fully fifty men at the spot and most of them would assuredly have been injured and several no doubt killed.

WILL INFLUENCE THE ELECTION.

As soon as the excitement had died out men were set to work clearing away the debris, and Mr. Annan, who was one of the architects of the building, was sent for to see if he could explain how the accident occured. The general theory was that the building had settled some and loosened the casement from the arch. Whatever the cause, it is apt to have a decided effect on the proposition for the Merchants' Exchange to buy the building. By a strange coincidence the amendment to permit the investment of the $600,000 surplus fund of the Exchange in a home for the body was being voted upon to-day. If this amendment carries, as it seemed pretty certain it will, one proposition to be considered was the purchase of the present building. Since the accident, however, everybody favors building a new structure. It is now almost certain that the Exchange will vote to invest the surplus in real estate, as the members want to get out of the present quarters. They will insist on a new building, however, unless the feeling of to-day is checked in some way.

CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT.

Architect Annan says the accident was due to neglect of the workmen in failing to nail on the blocks which held the window in position. These safeguards were on the window, but had never been nailed as they should have been. Part of the casement probably rotted or unsettled, and the accident occurred. The other windows will now be examined to see if any more of them have been slighted in a similar manner by the workmen.

The Amendment Carried.

This morning the polls were opened on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange for the vote in reference to the change in the reserve fund rule. The amendment proposed authorizes the employment of the reserve fund for the purchase of real estate if three-fourths of the directors, and a majority of the members agree to the proposition mad. According to the rules as originally drafted a three-fourths vote would be requisite, and the object of the amendment was to do away with the three-fourths provision. The scene on the floor was not nearly so animated as it has been on previous occasions when votes in regard to the reserve fund were taken. The attendance was good, and there was little public canvassing, such as was carried on being done on the quiet. The attendance was considerably larger than usual, but there was no excitement. The polls closed promptly at 1 p. m., and the ballot boxes were taken to the directors' room for the purpose of counting the vote. There was much speculation on the floor as to the result, the concensus of opinion being that it had been carried. President Bernheimer said: "We will carry the vote by about 90 per cent. There is really no opposition, and the affair was as good as settled an hour after the polls opened." Others expressed the same opinion, and the result was a foregone conclusion long before the counting was complete.

When the ballots had been counted it was evident that the opposition was insignificant. Eleven hundred and fifty-five votes were cast, a light vote, of which 1,004 were for the amendment, and 151 against.

Bussmeyer Retracts.

William Bussmeyer, the defendant in a $10,000 libel suit which John Bardenheier brought against him, has signed a retraction and paid Mr. Bardenheier's attorneys $200. The latter has directed them to turn over what remains of the $200 after the costs of the case have been paid to the St. Nicholas Parish School.

WALTER WILSON, a colored man who was arrested and sent to the Work-house for stealing a pocket knife from the residence of B. T. Gray, 3143 Laclede avenue, was rearrested yesterday at the expiration of his sentence, as the family have since discovered that in addition to the pen-knife a large quantity of valuable silverware was taken.

POLICE NEWS.

Stella Gray Fires Four Shots at Walter Brown—Criminal Cases.

Chief of Police R. W. McClaughey of Chicago telegraphed to Chief Harrigan last night asking if he wanted Henry C. Pate, whom he understood was a turnkey in the St. Louis Jail when Watt Jones and his companions walked out. Chief Harrigan replied saying Pate was not wanted here on any charge. Henry Pate is a brother of the well-known Bob Pate and was a guard in the jail before Mr. Kraemer was appointed. Since his removal he has been at leisure most of the time. His name has never been mentioned in connection with the jail delivery, nor has it been hinted that he knew anything of it before the prisoners got away. As Chief McClaughey did not say he had Pate arrested it is supposed he has seen the ex-guard about Chicago, where he is well known and has many friends.

Missing People.

Adolph Bardsch has been missing from his home, 2017 Farrar street, since yesterday afternoon and has not been seen since. He is described as being 24 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in heighth, weighs 135 pounds, brown hair and mustache, blue eyes and has a mole in the center of his forehead. He wore a black sack coat, gray striped pants and black stiff hat.

Information is wanted of Andrew Paw[illegible], who has been missing from his home, [illegible] South Second street, since last Sunday afternoon. He is about 40 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches in height, red chin whiskers, light complexion, and had on when he left home a black coat, light grey pants, dark-striped shirt and a black slouch hat. He left his family in destitute circumstances.

Claude Blair, 3 years of age, strayed away from his home, 226 South Twelfth street, yesterday afternoon. He is described as having long golden curls and light dress.

Her Aim Was Poor.

Stella Gray is the keeper of a house at [illegible] Clark avenue and Walter Brown is a close male friend of hers. Last night they quarreled and Brown walked out of the house, but remained on the sidewalk to address a few remarks to the woman, who followed him as far as the door. His words so enraged the housekeeper that she lost control of her temper and tried to rob Brown of his life by firing five shots in rapid succession from a 32-calibre revolver, which, it is said, she always carries. She has had very little practice in shooting and all the shots flew wide of the mark. Both were arrested. Brown would not prosecute the woman for shooting at him, so they were charged with disturbing the peace.

Fired On a Conductor.

Gus A. Bailey, conductor, and Charles Stacey, motorman, on car No. 15 of the Market street line were standing on the front platform of their car about 7:30 o'clock last night, when an unknown man who stood on the corner of Tower Grove and McRee avenues fired a shot at them. The bullet buried itself in the woodwork of the car between the two men. The car was going rapidly at the time and the aim of the shooter was broken. Stacey stopped the car as quickly as possible and Conductor Bailey ran after the man, but he escaped in the darkness. He is supposed to be some one Bailey had thrown off his car and took this means to revenge himself.

Insulted in Lafayette Park.

Miss Lula Phelps, 13 years of age, living at 1609 Carr street, told the Superintendent of Lafayette Park yesterday morning that while passing through the park a short while before, she was approached by an unknown man who made a very insulting remark. When he saw she took fright at his advances he ran away, and though the police searched the park, they could not find him.

THREE HUNDRED MEN TO STRIKE.

Serious Trouble at Belvidere, Ill.—Printers' Wages—Labor News.

BELVIDERE, Ill., Oct. 30.—A little after noon yesterday five employes of the June Manufacturing Co. were discharged. Shortly after seventy-five more of the employes quietly put on their coats and left the shop. Last night at a large meeting it was announced that there would be a general strike of the 300 men in the factory. There has been a growing dissatisfaction on account of frequent reductions in wages, and the men, understanding that there would be a general cut on Nov. 1 started a labor organization. The discharge of the leaders in this movement precipitated the trouble.

PRINTERS STRIKE.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 30.—The printers employed in the composing-rooms of the *Democrat* went out in a body last night. They demanded that the price of composition be raised from 28 to 35 cents per thousand. The *Democrat* is now engaged in filling the strikers' places with scabs. Another walk-out, it is thought, will take place at the *Leader* office. The men there have demanded that the scale be increased from 25 to [illegible] cents and have given the management until to-day to decide definitely.

MINERS' STRIKE EXPECTED.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 30.—Mine workers and mine operators here both expect a bitter strike, which will result disastrously for the miners and operators both. The owners say that they cannot possibly make an advance in prices, as their contracts will not permit it. A mass-meeting will be held at Brazil to-morrow, and a general shut-down is expected.

CITY VS. LABOR ORATOR.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 30.—In the Superior Criminal Court yesterday, in the case of the City against Henry Abrahams, Secretary of the Central Labor Union, who delivered an oration in Franklin Park on July 4, without the consent of the Park Commissioners, Judge Bond found the defendant guilty, and the case will be taken to the Supreme Court.

WITHDREW FROM THE K. OF L.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—District Assembly 268, composed of street railway employes, at a convention held last night, withdrew from the K. of L. and organized a benevolent branch which will pay sick benefits and insurance. Members may retain their individual memberships in the K. of L.

Carondelet Jottings.

The Fire Department was called out about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon by an alarm from box 442 to extinguish a fire in a lot of rubbish on a vacant lot in rear of 7419 South Sixth street.

R. J. Kilpatrick sold to the South St. Louis Foundry Co. 150 feet of ground on the west side of block 3069, between Koeln and Stein streets, for $50,000. The sale is one of the largest that has taken place in Carondelet for years. The ground will be utilized for foundry purposes.

There will be a meeting of several prominent ladies of the South End this evening at Union Hall for the purpose of interesting ladies in the Women's World's Fair Commission. Mmes. B. Adams and Beal will address the ladies and explain why the meeting was called. Quite a number of ladies in this section of the city have been invited to attend the meeting. The meeting will only be for ladies, no gents will be allowed admittance into the hall.

Mrs. Elise Poupeney celebrated the seventy-first anniversary of her birth yesterday. Last evening her children, grandchildren and great grand-children congregated at her home, 6504 South Broadway, in honor of the event.

Hunt Owen was fined costs this morning in Police Justice Meegan's Court, on a charge of being drunk on the streets. Owen is a well known character about town, especially in St. Louis, where for years he was connected with one of the largest machine and ship implement stores in St. Louis. Of late he has been indulging too freely in "fire water," and twice this month has been in the Police Court on a charge of drunkenness.

The Duquesne Club Hop.

The Duquesne Club will give their first hop of the season at Pickwick Hall to-night, and it promises to be a grand success.

MR. JOHN M. WHITE is connected with the advertising department of the POST-DISPATCH with the special object of writing up the business interests of St. Louis and vicinity.

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EGAN'S BILL LOST.

Delegate O'Brien Will Revenge Himself by Beating It.

COUNCILMAN FLESH SAYS THE COMBINE NOW WANTS THE EARTH.

Friends of the Eight-Hour Bill Surrender the Clause Excluding Foreigners—Mayor Noonan Tells How He Wrote His Magazine Article—Trouble About Benton Sprinkling.

Delegate James P. Egan some time ago came into the possession of a house and lot on Dickson street, near the corner of Twenty-second, through his mother-in-law. Dickson street stops at Twenty-second, and Delegate Egan has been trying for a long time to have it opened as far as Twenty-first, in order that the value of his property might be increased. If the street were opened the city would have to buy a part of his lot, and then again he would profit. So he has introduced a bill in the House of Delegates to open Dickson street from Twenty-first to Twenty-second, and to night he will make the fight of his life to get it passed. Delegate Egan is as much of a politician as he is of a real estate handler, and he has some strong enemies as well as friends in the House. When the bill came up before the Committee on Public Improvements the other day, nearly a hundred people, men and women, who live in the neighborhood of Delegate Egan's house, came to the City Hall to remonstrate. While they waited in the hall for the committee to assemble, a group of Delegates inside discussed the bill. Delegate Tom Kays said he had promised Egan to pass the bill. Delegate W. H. O'Brien said he would oppose it.

"Those people out here own very little property," said Egan.

"Who wants it opened, beside yourself?" asked O'Brien.

Delegate Egan said Charles H. Turner and a number of other wealthy men did. Then the committee went into session and heard the protesting neighbors. They accused Egan of personal motives in the matter, and O'Brien declared again that he would oppose the bill and would not vote to report it.

EGAN REVENGES HIMSELF.

Last Monday there was an election for Grand Marshal of that part of the Kenrick procession which will come from St. Leo's Parish. Delegate O'Brien had been nominated by some friends. Delegate Egan went to the hall with a party of his friends and defeated O'Brien. Wm. J. Magoogan was elected. To-day Delegate Egan came to the City Hall and boasted of his triumph. "We did up O'Brien nicely," said he. "He got only seventeen votes out of more than a hundred. He can't work political capital out of that parade now."

DELEGATE O'BRIEN'S RETALIATION.

Delegate O'Brien heard of Egan's jubilation. He had already started to beat the bill, and Egan's talk made him the more bitter. "It is ridiculous for him to talk as he does about that election," said he. "Why, I wasn't a candidate, and asked the man who proposed me to withdraw my name, but he would not do it. The man who was elected was a personal friend of mine, and I voted for him myself. That little mischief maker ought to know better than to intimate that I was trying to introduce politics into an affair like that. When I'm in politics I stay away from the church. Of course his bill will be defeated."

"It ought to be," interjected Boiler Inspector John J. Burke, who stood by.

"Why," went on Delegate O'Brien, "the bill ought to be entitled an ordinance for the relief of James P. Egan, and the first clause should provide that whereas James P. Egan has a lot on Dickson street he wants to sell to the city for double its value and so forth. He has gone around and pledged some of the old members of the House to support the bill when they didn't understand the situation, but we'll beat it, in spite of that."

The Mayor's Polemical Pen.

"Judging by what I have heard and seen printed," said Mayor Noonan to-day as he dismissed his private secretary, Miss Laura Von der Au, and putting his feet on a chair, with a cigar in his mouth, resigned himself to what he sometimes fastidiously calls his Noonan ease, "the idea prevails that I wrote that article for the *North American Review* with the deliberate intention of criticising the Council. That is a mistake. I'll tell you how that paper was written. I got a letter from the *Review* asking me to join the Mayors of Baltimore and Buffalo in a discussion of the question of municipal government, and to show me what was wanted, the paper of ex-Mayor Hart of Buffalo, was inclosed. The editor wrote that of course the question of compensation cut no figure in the matter, but he would be glad to pay me what I thought the article was worth.

"I took the letter form with me, and devoted two nights to the paper. The first night I read Mayor Hart's article, and then made notes of what I wanted to see. The next night I wrote the article, and the next day it was copied and sent away. By return mail the magazine sent me a draft for $50. John Gilbert, the Supply Commissioner, who, by the way, is just as keen a newspaper man as he ever was, was sitting by me talking when I opened the letter and held up the draft.

"'John,' said I, 'I don't want this money. I think I'll send it back.' He nearly fell off his chair. 'Good heavens!' said he, 'don't do that. Every newspaper man in the country will be down on you if you write for nothing.'

"'Well,' I said, 'I'll give it to Mrs. Noonan to devote to charitable purposes. You know a score of people come to my house every day asking for help, and really it is a severe tax on my pocket.' So I gave the money to Mrs. Noonan, and I dare say fifty people have indirectly profited by that article of mine."

Trouble About Benton's Sprinkling.

It has got so now that Sprinkling Supt. W. L. Johnson goes off and hides himself somewhere whenever he sees the long grayhorseman's overcoat of Delegate Tom Kaye swinging through the corridors of the City Hall. Delegate Kaye has undertaken to see that the sprinkling in the Twenty-seventh Ward shall be just as his constituents want it, and he will probably not get through with his amendments until the bill has passed the House of Delegates. To-day he came around to the Superintendent's office to inform him that the people living on the north side of the new Manchester road were protesting against paying the entire cost of sprinkling that street between King's highway and Benton, which they would have to do if the street was retained in the bill. The Missouri Pacific Railway owns along the south side of the road, and is not assessed with sprinkling taxes. The point is a new one to Supt. Johnson, and he will probably let the Benton people discuss it and dispose of it in their own way. The rule is that when those who pay the taxes object to the sprinkling the Superintendent defers to their wishes, unless the street is a general highway. Several of the smaller streets have already been taken out of the list proposed, on account of the unwillingness of the property owners to pay the taxes.

Testing Boulevard Paving.

One block on Channing avenue, between Chestnut and Laclede, is the object of much interest to the officials of the Street Department and the paving contractors just now. Much heavy traffic passes over the street here, and the place has been chosen by Street Superintendent Jno. Duffy as a good one to test all the materials that have been suggested for boulevard paving. The block was paved with granite macadam two weeks ago, which is to be tested first. The crushed stone is to be laid by a process which Supt. Duffy has invented himself, and he gets up in the night to drive around to the street and see how it is standing the wear. It makes a very smooth and elastic roadway which throws off little dirt and dries quickly. Light vehicles spin over it as easily as they pass over the asphalt, and it is much more grateful to the horse than that hard, jarring paving which ruins his hoofs. The only question is as to its durability, and a month more will decide that. Then another material will be tested.

"We Want the Earth."

The radical members of the Council combine, who are unwilling to yield an inch to the Mayor, have been busy to-day. They are very much afraid that to-night some member will introduce a resolution asking the committee to report all the nominations in their hands, except those for Fire Chief and Water Commissioner, and they intend to checkmate the move if it should be made. This morning Councilman Matthew M. Flesh came up to the Council Chamber and he and Secretary W. H. Little had a long confidential talk.

"Will you vote for a report on the Health nominations?" the Councilman was asked.

"Well, I'll be here and I'll vote," was the diplomatic reply.

"Do you think it good policy to confirm those nominations?"

"I don't know," said the Councilman. Then, breaking out suddenly, "We offered the Mayor a compromise once, and he wouldn't take it."

"You wanted Holman and Lindsay?"

"Yes, then, but we want more now. We want the earth."

Will Tolerate the Foreigners.

In their anxiety to get the eight-hour bill through the Council, its advocates have agreed to eliminate the clause prohibiting the employment of foreigners by city contractors. A committee of mechanics waited on Delegate James P. Egan to-day and asked him to tell this to Councilmen Nelson Cole and William P. Anderson, hoping that their opposition to the rest of the bill would then vanish. This is a rather curious outcome of the effort to pass the bill. It was introduced just after the little Italian riot at the Chain of Rocks, and its special object was to prevent the occurrence of labor conflicts caused by the importation of foreigners. The eight hour clause was an afterthought. Now it has swallowed up its parent.

A MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

Of the highest class watches in the world can be seen and are on sale at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust. Gentlemen's gold watches, $100 to $800; ladies' gold watches, $50 to $225. These watches are of their own and other celebrated manufacture, and are the finest production of the watchmaker's art.

Presented Too Late for Payment.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 30.—A case involving the question as to whether the State scrip issued in 1850 is good at this date has just been decided by the State Commission of Claims. It was the case of Jefferson Trickle against the State of Illinois, the claim being for $100 with interest at 6 per cent since 1848. Toward the close of the year 1849 Martin B. Mason of Knox County, as administrator of his father's estate, turned over to Trickle, his brother-in-law, a $1,100 piece of State Canal scrip as part of his share of the estate. This scrip was not presented for payment until August, 1882, when Mr. Trickle filed his claim with the auditor of public accounts. The Claims Commission, after securing an opinion from the Attorney-General and after making a thorough examination of the authorities on the subject, decided that the claim is barred by the statute of limitations, not having been presented within the two years from the time the claim may have arisen nor prior to Jan. 1, 1840.

ALL-WOOL Jersey Coats, $3. Finest men's and boys' flannel overshirts, Cardigan jackets and hosiery. GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin av.

A Terror to Toughs.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—A special dispatch from Anderson, Ind., says: During the last summer two large glass factories and a number of other manufacturing establishments were located in Alexandria, a town of 1,500 people, twelve miles north of here. The place was full of saloons and comparatively without police protection. The result was the town was filled with drunken roughs and life to respectable people became almost a burden. Last week Lon Reed, an ex-policeman and pugilist of some note, was employed as Marshal of Alexandria. He went on duty Saturday night and such a thinning out of rough characters was never before known. He has already driven not less than fifty of them out of town, has ten in jail, and he has licked fully 100. The people look upon him with pride.

Hunting and Fishing.

The Jacksonville Southeastern Line have just placed on sale cheap tickets to Stallings, twelve miles from St. Louis, where game is in abundance; also tickets at low rates to Spring Lake, Ill., by a large number considered to be the greatest fishing resort in the West. For full information call at General Agent's Office, 513 Chestnut street, or city ticket office, 101 North Broadway or Union Depot.

American Sealers Captured by Russians.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—The schooner Leon arrived from Petrpaulovsky yesterday with 6,000 seal skins for the Alaska Commercial Co. She reports that all but six of the crew of the sealer Hamilton Lewis, captured by the Russians, were sent to Vladivostock. The Russians took the schooner to Vladivostock and run her aground three times on the trip. The prisoners were well treated at Vladivostock, where Capt. McLean escaped.

The whaler Horatio, which arrived here yesterday from the Arctic Ocean, brings news that the Whaler Grampus, the crew of which were reported massacred by the natives, had been spoken by the Orca, Oct. 4. The stories about the Grampus crew are without foundation as, with the exception of one officer, who died at sea, the crew is in good health.

ECONOMY COAL.

Exclusively for family use; try it.

DEVOY & FEUERBORN,
704 Pine street.

Verdict Against the Western Union.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 30.—Julius L. Rappapot of Peoria, Ill., secured a judgment of $50 in the Circuit Court here yesterday against the Western Union Telegraph Co. for failure to deliver a message. It was shown that the messenger boy had visited Rappapot's place, and finding him not in, had left a notice. The court held that proper effort and diligence was necessary in order to release the telegraph company from liability, and that the messenger boy should have been dispatched the second time—that nothing short of this could be considered as proper diligence. The case was appealed to the Appellate Court. The case is considered an important one in the precedent it establishes.

YOUR SIGHT IS WORTH PRESERVING.

We employ only thoroughly practical opticians, who test your eyes free of charge.

Gold spectacles and eye-glasses, $5 and up.
Steel spectacles and eye-glasses, $1 and up.
Entire satisfaction guaranteed.

MERMOD & JACCARD'S,
Broadway, corner Locust.

Repairs carefully executed.

The Drouth in Illinois.

BLOOMINGTON, Oct. 30.—The drouth in Central Illinois is growing to be a most serious matter, the worst known for years. The smaller streams and ponds have dried up and water is being hauled all over this part of the State. The lack of water has interfered with wheat sowing and the pastures are in a very bad condition. Farmers have been obliged to feed their stock.

BOYS' Pants, 19c to $5.00.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

To Promote Immigration.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 30.—The initial steps were taken last evening at the Chamber of Commerce toward the inauguration of an immigration movement in this city and State. A committee of fifteen representative citizens will be appointed to-day by Archbishop Ireland to consider the question thoroughly and report its finding at another meeting to be held in the same place one week from last evening.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
Beware of Imitations.

THE ORIGINAL

5/A BAKER BLANKET

HAS BEEN IMITATED IN INFERIOR QUALITIES WHICH WILL NOT WEAR.

100 5/A STYLES.
Sold by all dealers.
Ask to see them.

LOOK FOR THIS HORSE

BRANDED INSIDE
NONE GENUINE WITHOUT IT.

TRADE MARK
5/A BAKER BLANKET
THIS IS THE ORIGINAL BLANKET.
ESTABLISHED 1868. Reg. Aug. 4, 1885.
Wm. Ayres & Sons.
This Blanket is woven with a great number of Warp Threads. It is the strongest Horse Blanket made, and will outwear more than five blankets of any other make.
None Genuine Without This Horse.

Ready Saturday, October 31st.

THE NOVEMBER CENTURY

Begins a new volume with a number of great interest and pictorial beauty. It contains illustrated articles on "A Rival of the Yosemite," "The Players" (the famous New York Club), "A Great German Artist," "The San Francisco Vigilance Committees," by the Chairman, William T. Coleman, the first of the "Autobiographies" of Edgar W. Nye ("Bill Nye"), three complete stories, "The Food-Supply of the Future," and first chapters of

"THE NAULAHKA,"
A Novel of America and India, by
Rudyard Kipling and Wolcott Balestier.

In the invention and composition of this story Rudyard Kipling is associated with a young American writer. The hero and heroine of the novel, residents of a "booming" Colorado town, are transplanted to India—he in search of a famous jeweled necklace said to be upon an Indian idol, and she as a physician to her own sex. THE CENTURY begins its new volume with

A GREAT AMERICAN PROGRAM.

It will print, during the year, **A New Life of Columbus**, by the distinguished Spaniard, Emilio Castelar (richly illustrated); important papers on **The World's Fair**; a serial novel of the Great West, by Mary Hallock Foote, one of New York life, by the author of "The Anglomaniacs," and a novel by Dr. Weir Mitchell; a series of short stories, by **Thomas Bailey Aldrich**; articles on **The Indian's Side**,—written from the Indian's standpoint; papers on **Art Subjects**; articles by **Gounod** and other famous **French Musicians** on their life and work; illustrated papers on **"The Jews in New York,"** with other articles on phases of New York life; papers by **Archibald Forbes**, the famous war-correspondent, etc., etc. December will be a richly illustrated

Christmas Number.

A year's subscription to THE CENTURY *costs $4.00; single numbers, 35 cents. Begin with November. Subscriptions are taken by newsdealers and booksellers generally, by postmasters, and by the publishers. Remittances should be made by post-office or express order, bank check, draft, or in registered letter.*

THE CENTURY CO
New York

MARITAL MISHAPS.

A Charivari Party Visits a Bride of 66 and a Groom of 22.

THEIR ELEGANT RESIDENCE ALMOST WRECKED BY THE MARAUDERS.

A Michigan Lady's Secret Marriage to a Member of an Old Georgia Family—A Birmingham (Ala.) Balloon Bridal Party Believed to Be in Danger—Other Weddings.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—"I would not pass another such night for the world," said Mrs. Benjamin Gordon-Taylor yesterday morning. Mrs. Gordon was a 66-year-old widow until Wednesday night, when she was married at her residence in Port Jefferson, L. I., to William Taylor, known in the village as "Elegant Billy," who is 44 years her junior. The other villagers expressed their disapprobation of the wedding by assembling on the lawn of Mrs. Gordon-Taylor's house, and after partaking of the refreshments furnished by the happy bride, smashed the windows of the house, entering and wrecking the furniture. Foremost among the disturbers of the peace were 100 members of the Young Married Ladies' Protective Union. Mrs. Gordon-Taylor was talkative and she had good reason. Her handsome residence on Christian Hill is completely gutted. Every window in the establishment is smashed and every door broken. Scarcely an article of furniture in the handsome house is left with a leg to stand upon. The lawn is trodden down as if by some thousands of wild horses. The piazza has been removed piecemeal to the surrounding woods. The great majority of the indignant demonstrators of the night before were sleeping when shortly before 8 o'clock yesterday morning the bride and bridegroom sailled out of the ruins and walking down to the wharf took the first Bridgeport boat. The bridal tour is to be spent in the principal cities of Connecticut. Just before the steamer started Mrs. Gordon-Taylor said she hoped she would not be seasick and that she never wanted to set eyes on Port Jefferson again. "I have lived fifty years and more in this town," said she, "and until last night I had no idea of how wicked my neighbors could be. I do not think that Billy and I shall ever return. After last night we will wash our hands of Port Jefferson society without a single regret." Her young husband refused to discuss the charivari.

RETURNED WITH A HUSBAND.

A YOUNG MICHIGAN LADY WEDS A MEMBER OF AN OLD SOUTHERN FAMILY.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 30.—Miss Mina Merch, who some months ago went to Middlesboro, Ky., to become a saleslady in a dry goods store, has returned home and is now with her parents in this city. But Miss Mina is "Miss" no longer. She returns as Mrs. Samuel Howell and the story of the courtship and marriage is a new illustration of the manner in which cupid overcomes all obstacles.

Sam Howell, as he is familiarly called, is a member of the well-known Atlanta family, his uncle being the editor of the *Constitution* and the present Speaker of the Georgia House of Representatives. He was employed in the Belt Railroad offices in Middlesboro until quite recently, when he quietly departed to meet his lady-love in Cincinnati, where they were married. Miss Merch had left a few days earlier.

Howell is only 18, but appears somewhat older. Miss Merch is tall, slender and very attractive. The news of their marriage created quite a sensation here, owing to the rarity of marriages between parties respectively from the far North and the extreme South. So far nothing is known as to the intentions of the young couple, nor is it known whether young Howell's family will be disposed to resent his action.

THAT BALLOON BRIDAL PARTY.

CONSIDERABLE UNEASINESS FELT IN BIRMINGHAM CONCERNING ITS SAFETY.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 30.—Friends of H. S. Huchinson and Minnie Courson, the couple married yesterday afternoon on the grand stand at the State Fair Grounds, are beginning to feel very anxious over the safety of the party. Although it is known to have been the intention of Aeronaut Baldwin to make an early descent, no tidings of the party had been received this morning. When the balloon passed out of sight it was about fifteen miles northward, moving directly toward the mountains of Blount County. It was moving rapidly and was at a great height. News of the party's safety is eagerly awaited, and many fear an addition to the long list of recent balloon accidents.

TOOK HER DAUGHTER.

AN ELOPING COUPLE FROM PENNSYLVANIA OVERHAULED BY THE WRONGED HUSBAND.

FLORESVILLE, Tex., Oct. 30.—Dr. S. D. Treible, wife and daughter, settled here a few weeks ago. On Wednesday Eugene Maynard of Pennsylvania, arrived here and claimed the woman as his wife, and the daughter who is 14 years old, as his child. Treible showed a divorce which Mrs. Maynard had secured from her husband, and also one which he had secured from his wife. He had married Mrs. Maynard he said in Denver, Colo. Maynard who was accompanied by a detective took a train for San Antonio to apply for a writ of habeas corpus for the girl. Treible and the lady accompanied by the girl left Wednesday night in a buggy going South. All the parties are from Pennsylvania and it is said the doctor and Mrs. Maynard eloped from there. The marriage certificate which Treible showed was from Wisconsin.

WEDDING INVITATIONS.
We execute the finest; our prices the lowest.
VISITING CARDS.
We only charge $1.50 for 100 finest cards and engraved copper plate.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Cor. Broadway and Locust.
Samples mailed on application.

Hennepin Canal Condemnation Suits.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—The condemnation suits in reference to the Hennepin Canal have been settled by District Attorney Milchrist.

A strip five miles long, beginning at the mouth of the Rock River and continuing up the river was secured, and the Government engineers are all ready to begin work on the canal. Excavations will be made as soon as the Secretary of War approves of the condemnation proceedings. The work will be done by contract and will be supervised by Government engineers. The canal is to be 200 feet in width and will open a waterway from the Illinois River to the Mississippi.

The Spring Garden Books.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—The Council's investigating committee have received a communication from Secretary Foster, declining to grant permission to put experts on the Spring Garden Bank books. The committee will lay the letter before the public through the newspapers. They will also take action on the letter, and it is expected some very severe resolutions will be adopted. The committee's request to Secretary Foster was sent Oct. 12. The collapse of the Spring Garden Bank was closely connected with the wreck of the Keystone Bank and the Bardsley peculations.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is an unexcelled medicine for Children while Teething. 25c.

Not Millionaire Snell's Pin.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30.—The relatives of Millionaire Snell declare that the gold pin which Mrs. Sophia Ordway stated was the property of Snell, never belonged to him. Mrs. Ordway used the pin as confirmatory evidence of her sensational story concerning her husband's connection with the murder.

EVERYBODY has a good word for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Its fame is world-wide. 25 cts.

Novel Damage Suit.

MOUNT CARMEL, Ill., Oct. 30.—While playing with an alligator in June last in the saloon of Midgett & Jones Charles Christian of Carmi was bitten in the hand. Blood poisoning set in and he was obliged to stop work. In consequence his wife has brought suit against the proprietors of the saloon for $5,000 damages.

$2 Hats for 98c!
We take 5000 fine new fall styles Men's $2 Stiff Hats and give them away from 5 o'clock until 10 o'clock Saturday night for the tremendously low price of 98c!

SLASH! SLASH! SLASH!

Men's regular $4.50 fine Calf Shoes Go to-morrow at $3!
Ladies' regular $4.50 fine Dongola Shoes Go to-morrow at $3!
Men's fine $1.75 Derby Ribbed Balbriggan Underwear Goes at $1.23!
Magnificent bargains in Men's Winter Underwear At 50c, 75c and $1!
Men's fast black all-wool Sox Go at 25c! Worth 50c.

Boys' and Children's Clothing!

Tremendous values in Boys' all-wool Suits At $3.50, $4, $5, $6, $7 and $8!
Splendid lines of Boys' Overcoats At $3, $4, $5 and $6!

TWO! TWO! TO IT! COME!

Only two days left now for you to take advantage of these magnificent offers!

All $30, $28, $25, $22 and $20 FALL OVERCOATS for $15!

1000 Splendid $15, $16 and $18 SUITS for $9.75!

Ask for them and you ask for the finest goods ever sold for such small sums! Rich choice and rich reward is yours, whatever you choose

Store open till 10 o'clock Saturday nights.

J. L. HUDSON, 406-408 N. Broadway.

(Trade-Mark)
P. & P.
KID GLOVES
PERFECT FITTING
THE NEWEST SHADES
THE LATEST STYLES
THE MOST DURABLE
THE BEST WORKMANSHIP.
THEREFORE
ALWAYS SATISFACTORY
Every pair guaranteed.
None genuine unless stamped 'P. & P.'

SOLID SILVER
FORKS AND SPOONS

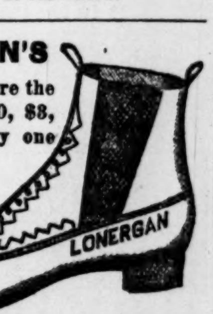
The Solid Silver Forks and Spoons of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co. are recognized for their beauty of design and perfection of finish. The number of patterns shown is so large that almost any taste can be suited.

MERMOD & JACCARD'S,
SILVERSMITHS,
BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST.
Lowest-Price House in America for Fine Goods.

THE ECLIPSE OF THE SON,
WHICH TAKES PLACE ON THE 25TH OF EACH MONTH WHEN "ST. NICHOLAS MAGAZINE" APPEARS.
By the way, have you arranged to take "St. Nicholas" this year?

WE OFFER to the TRADE and PUBLIC the World Renowned
FRENCH CLARETS AND SAUTERNES,
BOTTLED BY
BARTON & GUESTIER,
CRUSE & FILS FRERES, } Bordeaux.
AND BURGUNDY WINES
BOTTLED BY
E. CHAUVENET, at Neuts (Cote d'Or),
ALBERT PASSIER, Santenay.
OUR OWN DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.
STEINWENDER & SELLNER
IMPORTERS,
117 SOUTH BROADWAY.

IF YOU WEAR GLASSES
Go Only to a First-Class Optician,
And Such Only are
A. S. ALOE & CO
415 N. Broadway.
The Best Opticians in the West.
The Optical Department is in charge of our selves and not left to inexperienced employes Every customer has their eyes properly tested. Frames acurately fitted to the face.
ALOE & CO. Are Strictly Opticians
Not Jewelers and Venders of Glasses.
We give better goods and our prices are as low as you buy inferior glasses elsewhere. Call and see us and be convinced.



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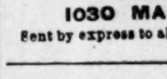
Shoes for Gents are the Best at $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4. Try one pair; you will wear no other. Open until 9 p. m.
1030 MARKET STREET.
Sent by express to all parts of the United States.



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TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES.
Send for Catalogue.
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POLITICAL.
REGULAR
DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES
FOR SCHOOL DIRECTOR AT LARGE:
JOSEPH P. HARTNET,
CHAS. H. HUTTIG,
J. B. C. LUCAS,
WM. B. LANGE,
GIST BLAIR,
OTTO A. HARTWIG.
ELECTION TUESDAY, NOV. 3, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
Last Two Nights. Matinee Saturday at 2 p. m.
W. T. CARLETON'S OPERA COMPANY
IN STRAUSS'
INDIGO.
Next week—ROBERT MANTELL.

OLYMPIC--EXTRA.
ONE WEEK, commencing SUNDAY, NOV. 1.
ROBERT MANTELL
In the following repertoire: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings,
The Corsican Brothers.
Monday evening—HAMLET.
Wednesday matinee—MONBARS.
Friday evening and Saturday matinee, grand double bill—THE LOUISIANIAN, A LESSON IN ACTING.
Sale of seats opens to-morrow (Thursday) morning.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
NELLIE McHENRY,
In H. Grattan Donelly's Musical Farce Comedy,
A NIGHT at the CIRCUS.
Supported by her own great company.
Next week—Hoyt's A Midnight Bell.

STANDARD THEATER.
NIBBE FRENCH BURLESQUE CO. in
the funniest burlesque ever written,
HIS NIBS AND HIS NOBS.
40—Lovely Ladies—40 10—Clever Comedians—10
Matinee Saturday.
Next week—Parisian Folly CO. Telephone 3906.

HAVLIN'S TO-NIGHT.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
The beautiful Comedy-Drama,
Lost in New York.
A vast river of real water, a genuine steamboat.
Next week—PETE BAKER.

THE HAGAN, TENTH AND PINE STS.
GRAND SOUVENIR OPENING
Monday Evening, November 2.
J. C. DUFF COMIC OPERA COMPANY IN THE QUEEN'S MATE.
Sale of seats now open at Pope's until further notice.

EXPOSITION MUSIC HALL ASSN.
Thomas' Chicago Orchestra.
THEODORE THOMAS, DIRECTOR.
MUSIC HALL,
Monday evening, Nov. 2, Tuesday evening, Nov. 3.
Parquette and Dress Circle, $1; balcony, 50c.
MRS. KATHARINE L. FISK, Soloist.
ON SALE NOW AT
Balmer & Weber, 209 N. 4th st. Bollman Bros., 1100 Olive st.

POPE'S. TO-NIGHT. Matinee Saturday.
PRIMROSE & WEST'S
BIG MINSTRELS!
Everything new this season. Bigger, brighter and funnier than ever.
Next Sunday—Aunt Bridget's Baby. Phone 1470.

THE DAILY AND SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH
Delivered anywhere in the city
FOR 15 CENTS A WEEK.

MET AT ST. PETER'S.

The Women's Auxiliary of the Missouri Diocese in Session.

MISS EMORY, THE NATIONAL SECRETARY, ADDRESSES THE MEETING.

The Objects of the Organization and Its Officers—Bishop Tuttle's Remarks—Business Transacted at the Afternoon Session—A Missionary's Address—Religious News of All Kinds.

The Women's Auxilliary of the Diocese of Missouri met at 10 o'clock this morning in St. Peter's Episcopal Church, on Grand avenue, near Olive street. Solemn religious services was celebrated by Rt. Rev. J. L. Tuttle, D.D., Bishop of this diocese, who also preached a short and instructive sermon. He suggested three points to the society for consideration: "To plan, to be and to do." He showed the society the great opportunities for earnest missionary work among women, and made a strong plea for continued efforts by the auxilliary during the coming winter. The Woman's Auxilliary is one of the most important bodies in the Episcopal Church. It is, as its name indicates, a helping body. The members, by money offerings and parish work, assist the societies on Home and Foreign Missions. The organization is national and has a general board of officers with headquarters in New York. The officers of the St. Louis branch are Mrs. Bishop Tuttle, President; Miss Triplett, Secretary, and Mrs. Speck, Treasurer. Mrs. John W. Harrison, the vice-president, died within the month. Her successor will be appointed before the close of the meeting today.

INTERESTING ADDRESSES.

When services were over, Bishop Tuttle introduced Miss Emory, General Secretary of the Women's Auxilliary of the United States. Miss Emory is a very pleasant and entertaining talker. She interested her auditors for half an hour with an explanation of the motives the members of the Auxilliary should have for doing missionary work. At the close of her remarks Bishop Tuttle spoke encouragingly of the large attendance, and exhorted those present to remain faithful to their church duties. He spoke of the danger of allowing social pleasure to interfere with the duties the ladies had to perform as members of the Auxiliary and concluded by urging them all to take an active interest in St. Stephen's Mission.

At this hour the meeting adjourned for lunch, after which an informal reception was tendered Miss Emory, the General Secretary, and Miss Mary Mailes, the well-known missioner from Osaka, Japan. Miss Mailes has been constantly employed for seven years among the women and girls of that country and is consequently entitled, according to the missionary custom, to one year's vacation, which she is now enjoying.

THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 o'clock the meeting was resumed and a business session held. The Auxiliary Society does but little work during the summer months, most of their labor being performed during the winter time. Nevertheless, the different parishes made reports showing that they had not been idle during the past few months. The society then had a very interesting discussion on ways and means of mission work and formulated plans for the winter. They were greatly assisted in this by Miss Emory, who made a second address. Bishop Hugh Miller Thompson of Mississippi was to have addressed the meeting, but Bishop Tuttle announced that he was unable to attend owing to a sudden attack of sickness. Miss Mary Mailes then gave an interesting account of her life and labors in the missionary fields in Japan. At the close of her remarks the society adjourned.

Kenrick Jubilee Chorus.

The Archbishop Kenrick Jubilee Chorus is making rapid strides in mastering Bruckner's "Te Deum." From present indications the results which Director Otten will achieve with the great chorus will be magnificent. The occasion will be one of the greatest musical events of the winter season. Bruckner, as a musician, is one of the most pronounced types of the Neo-German school of which the present work is typical. When performed last year before the Artist-Musicians' Convention at Berlin it met with unstinted praise. The chorus on that occasion was only half as large as the one now engaged in rehearsing it. The work is typical of our day, and is entirely new in conception and method. The leading motif seems to be the triumphant song of the Nineteenth Century Christian, who, though harrassed and surrounded with doubts, conquors and rises above them. This idea is worked out in a superb manner. The concludng chorus is a sublime expression of intense conviction.

The mass rehearsals for the three secetions of the chorus will begin on Sunday, Nov. 8 in Pickwick Theater at 3 o'clock. The chorus of fifty voices for the church services during the jubilee has been formed and will begin rehearsing Gounod's "Missa Sallenelle" next Saturday.

Their New Pastor Installed.

Rev. Joseph H. George was installed yesterday as Pastor of the First Congregational Church. The day will always be memorable in the history of the congregation. At 4 o'clock the Council, composed of one representative from each Congregational Church in the city, and a number of distinguished visitors, convened and examined the new pastor. The meeting was largely attended by members of the congregation who took great interest in the proceedings.

At 8 o'clock last night a large audience gathered to witness the installation services. They were short and impressive. The prayer of installation was offered by Rev. F. T. Ingalls of Drury College. Rev. H. A. Stimson delivered the charge to the Pastor, and Rev. Franklin W. Fiske the charge to the people. The service closed with benediction by the new pastor.

Religious Notes.

Mrs. Scanlan has promised to furnish the parlors of the Archbishop's new home.

Rev. J. W. Allen has left for a short vacation to his old home at Belmont County, Ohio.

Thirty-six hundred dollars was raised for the Sanitarium at the Baptist General Association.

The Young People's Society of Helping Hands of the Carondelet Presbyterian Church will give an entertainment this evening.

Dr. A. H. Geisman will hold services at 7:30 o'clock this evening in Temple Israel, and will lecture Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Dr. Halsey Moore, who came to attend the ordination and installation of his son, Rev. Addison Moore, has returned to New York.

The Rt. Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese of Mississippi, is visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Hill.

A magnificent banner has been presented to St. Leo's Church. It will be blest by Cardinal Gibbons on the occasion of his visit here in November.

Next Sunday at 11 o'clock the regular services will be resumed at Temple Shaare Emeth. Dr. S. Sale will deliver a lecture on "Faith and Miracles."

There will be a W. C. T. U. prayer meeting at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the rooms of the society in Odd Fellows' Hall for the success of the National Convention.

The Woman's Association of the Old Orchard Congregational Church gave a delightful entertainment last evening for the benefit of the Home and Foreign Missionary Society.

The engraved invitations for Archbishop Kenrick's Jubilee, which will be sent to the members of the American Hierarchy, have just been issued. They are very beautifully executed.

Rev. Dr. S. J. Niccolls is absent this week in New York City. He is a member of the Assembly's Committee, which confers this week with the directors of the Union Theological Seminary.

The formal recognition services of Rev. Addison Moore as pastor of Immanuel Church were held last Monday. Addresses were made by Revs. Halsey Moore, J. W. Ford, W. H. Williams and others.

Archbishop Ireland will lecture in the Exposition Hall in this city on the evening of Nov. 29 on the subject, "The Church and the Working Man." The proceeds will be for the new Visitation Convent.

Rev. A. N. Thompson, pastor of the Glasgow Avenue Presbyterian Church will preach in the Sabbath-school room of Clifton Heights Presbyterian Church (Vera Hall) next Sabbath afternoon, Nov. 1, at 4 o'clock.

The brick work on the new M. E. Church, South, at Mt. Auburn is finished, except the tower and the roof, which is being put in position. The congregation expects to worship in the lecture-room by December.

Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church has returned from Europe and resumed his pulpit duties. He will preach next Sunday morning on the "Security of Believers," and in the evening on "Christ's Estimate of a Soul."

LYDIA PINKHAM:—"My son, I was just thinking how our little group of three generations so strongly demonstrates and illustrates my theory of the **transmission of health** from mother to child, and what can be more striking than the fact that my vigorous health is reproduced in your darling children."

The normal life, well-being, and happiness of mankind depend upon the physical health and perfection of **Woman.**

Thousands of women in all parts of the civilized world cherish grateful remembrance of the Vegetable Compound, and daily bless its discoverer.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is the only **Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy** for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women.

It cures the worst forms of Female Complaints, that Bearing-down Feeling, Weak Back, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, Inflammation; Ovarian Troubles, and all Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb, and is invaluable to the Change of Life. Dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus at an early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor. Subdues Faintness, Excitability, Nervous Prostration, Exhaustion, and strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache, General Debility, Indigestion, etc., and invigorates the whole system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex, **the Compound has no rival.**

All Druggists sell it as a **standard article,** or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of **$1.00.** LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

An illustrated book, entitled "Guide to Health and Etiquette," by Lydia E. Pinkham, is of great value to ladies. We will present a copy to anyone addressing us with two 2-cent stamps.

WHO ARE THE LUCKY ONES?

Six Handsome Prizes at the Famous Awaiting Six Good Guessers.

At 11:25 this morning the giant candle at the Famous flickered, and its last ray was extinguished. With its expiration the hopes of thousands who have guessed at its life rise, and the question now is who is the winner in this clever and novel contest of calculation. The Famous candle, emblematic in its generous proportions of the establishment and the symbol of faith was lighted at 12 o'clock noon Tuesday, Sept. 1. It was then 8 feet high with a diameter throughout its entire length of 6 inches. It stood in a monster candle-stick five and a half feet in diameter.

The candle burned in full view in the window of The Famous.

The Famous offered six handsome prizes, the first being $100 in cash, and the total aggregating $225 to the fortunate persons guessing the life of the light. Thousands took part in the peculiar contest. Each guess filed gave the name and residence of the guesser and an automatically stamped record of the year, month, day, hour and minute of the guess. Everybody was permitted to guess. As stated the last ray flickered forth at 11:25 this a. m., the great candle having burned 1,415 hours and 25 minutes, or 59 days less 35 minutes. Who is the lucky guesser?

The six persons guessing nearest to the exact time will, in their order, be awarded the six handsome prizes as soon as the guesses can be examined.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo. ST. LOUIS, MO., Oct. 30.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Atchison	44	44¼	43⅜	43⅜
Canada Southern	61⅛	61⅛	60⅜	60⅜
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey	115	115	114	115
Chicago Gas Trust	55⅞	55⅞	55	55
C., C., C. & St. L	72¾	72¾	71⅞	71⅞
C., R. I. & P.	82½	82⅝	82¼	82¼
C., B. & Q	99⅛	99¼	98½	98⅝
C., M. & St. P. com	76¼	76¼	75⅜	75⅜
C., M. & St. P. pfd	118¼	118½	118¼	118½
C. & N. W. com	116⅞	116⅞	116⅝	116⅞
C. & N. W. pfd				
Cotton Oil com	27	27	26¼	26⅞
Cotton Oil pfd	51⅜	51⅜	50½	51
D., L. & W.	142	142	139⅝	139¾
Delaware & Hudson	131¼	131½	127½	128½
Denver & Rio Grande				
Erie, com.	30¾	30⅞	30⅛	30⅛
Erie, pfd	69			69
Hocking Valley	32	32	31¾	31¾
Illinois Central				
Laclede Gas, com	19	19¼	19	19
Laclede Gas, pfd				
Laclede Gas, bond				
Lake Erie & Western, com	20½	20½	19⅞	19⅞
Lake Erie & Western, pfd	64½	64¾	64	64
Lake Shore	124½	124½	123¾	123¾
Louisville & Nashville	79⅛	79⅛	78¼	78⅜
Lead Trust	16	16⅛	16	16⅛
Linseed Oil				
Michigan Central	106⅞	107¾	106¾	107
Missouri Pacific	59⅞	60⅛	59½	59½
M., K. & T., com				
M., K. & T., pfd				
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	101¾			101¾
New York & New England	39¼	39¼	38½	38⅝
New York Central	113⅛	113½	113	113
Nor'k & Western, com				
Nor'k & Western, pfd				
North American	19⅛	19¼	18⅞	19
Northern Pacific, com	27¾	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝
Northern Pacific, pfd	74⅝	74¾	74	74
Oregon & Transcontinental				
Oregon Nav. & Trans				
Ohio & Mississippi				
Pacific Mail	36½	37⅜	36¼	37⅛
Philadelphia & Reading	41¼	41¼	39⅛	39⅝
Pullman Palace Car				
Richmond Terminal	14	14	13¼	13¾
Silver	96	96	95¾	96
Sugar, com	84	85⅛	83	83¼
Sugar, pfd	93½			93½
St. L. & S. F.				
St. L. & S. F., 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F., 2d pfd				
Texas & Pacific	14			14
Union Pacific	41⅛	41⅜	40½	40¾
Wab., St. L. & P	14	14¼	14	14¼
Wab., St. L. & P., pfd	29⅜	29⅜	29	29
Western U. T. Co.	82¼	82¼	81⅞	81⅞
Whisky Trust	51¾	52	51¾	51⅞

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, 307 Pine street.

	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. BONDS.				
2 ℘ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	99½	100
4 ℘ cent bonds	1906	J. A. J. O. O.	116⅞	117½
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3½ sterling	1919	Feb and Aug	95	97½
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	97	98
City 4s, 10-20s, sterling	1902—05	Various	99	100
City 4s, sterling	1905	June and Dec	101	102
City 4s, sterling	1908	April and Oct	101	102
City 4s, sterling	1918	Jan and July	102½	104
City 5s, sterling	1900	Jan and July	105	106
City 6s, gold	1892	Various	100	100½
City 6s, B. app.	1892	June and Dec	100	101
City 6s, sterling	1893—94	Various	102	104
City 6s, sterling	1895—96	Various	104	106
City 6s, sterling	1898—99	Various	109	111
County Park 6s	1905	April and Oct	118	120
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. consols	1890	May and Nov	106	107
Mo. Pac. 3ds	1906	May and Nov	112	116
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan and July	107	109
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb and Aug	105¼	106
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	107	108
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1890	May and Nov	108	109
K. P. consols	1910	May and Nov	106¾	108
St.L., I.M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb and Aug	101¼	102

CAEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$3,400,401
Balances	371,140

JUST PUNISHMENT.

H. M. S. Royalist Inflicting It on Solomon Islands Savages.

RETALIATION FOR OUTRAGES COMMITTED UPON BRITISH SUBJECTS.

Cruel Persecutions Reported From Persia—Poor Marksmanship in the Navy—Wild Rumors Concerning the Chilian Troubles With the United States—Theater Cornerstone Laid.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Letters received from the Solomon group give particulars of the cruise of her Majesty's ship Royalist among the islands, and the punishment inflicted by Capt. Davis on the natives for outrages committed on British subjects. The vessel visited Rubiana, and by a little stratagem Capt. Davis secured the chief, named Tooloo, from the village. He is now a prisoner on board the Royalist, pending further inquiries. Robell was next visited. It was at this village that four boys belonging to the cutter Freak were masscred. Capt. Davis sent a message to Chief Tono demanding that the murderers be handed over to him. Receiving no reply, he, much to the surprise of the natives, landed with a party of twenty-five men and went to their village, five or six miles inland, where the Chief Tono was shot down. The chief, with several of his tribe, was observed prowling around the landing party, and it was evident that the natives would have done further mischief had their leaders not been shot. The village was burned, and before returning to the ship the men went along the coast about three miles south and destroyed two war canoes. The massacre of two natives belonging to the Sydney schooner Marshalls was reported to Capt. Davis at the islands. They had been enticed away from their vessel and then killed. A chief named Parango, who turned Queen's evidence in the Howard case, was brought on board the Royalist, but one night he suddenly disappeared, having, it is supposed, jumped overboard. The officers of the Royalist managed while at the island to trace the whereabouts of a woman who had been stolen when the unfortunate trader, Tom Dabelle, was murdered two years ago. This man supplied some important information, which will doubtless lead to the arrest of the natives concerned in the murder. The Royalist is now at Cairns, but she is expected to return to the Solomon Islands to complete her work.

MELBOURNE, Australia, Oct. 30.—The beauty show at the Olympic Theater was completely wrecked by an enraged mob. An immense crowd was present at the opening night and the style of beauty on exhibition not being up to their expectations they wrecked the place. The police were powerless to prevent the general wreckage that was carried on and two of the employes had narrow escapes from being seriously injured in the melee. Treasurer Isaacs was mobbed in his office. He would have been badly hurt by the mob but for the timely interference of the police.

The epidemic of influenza shows no sign of abating. Nearly every family in the city is afflicted. In one large establishment fifty employes were attacked and one physician reported 500 cases. Serious reports from country districts and deaths are becoming alarmingly numerous. Among the prominent men who have died are Justice Webb, F. G. C. Smithers, old settlers, and J. C. Brown, a prominent merchant. The Premier of the colony is still a sufferer from the disease. His sister succumbed a few weeks ago.

The Solomon group is situated in the Pacific Ocean, between latitude 5 and 12 south and longitude 154 and 163 east. The group includes a large number of islands, chief of which are Bougainville, Choiseul, San Isabel, Guadalcanar, the Arsacides, Malayta, New Georgia, Rennel and San Crystoval. Their surface is elevated, fertile and well wooded, the shores' precipitou with fringing reefs. The islands are of volcanic origin and have an active volcanos The population is composed of Malay and Papuan negroes.

CRUEL PERSECUSIONS.

DANGEROUS TARGET PRACTICE—SENSATIONAL WAR DISPATCHES FROM THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Advices received here from Yezd, Persia, describe cruel persecutions of the Rabi sect. The Government is said to be bent upon exterminating the Babi sect and the Governor of the province of Yezd, who is a grandson of the Shah, had seven of the sect strangled or beheaded. In addition numbers are rotting in in the prisons and many have fled to the deserts probably to die there of starvation.

THE RIVERS.

Report for the twenty-four hours ending at 9 a. m. All observations taken at the 75th meridian time.
ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.

STATIONS.	Height of Water.	Change.	STATIONS.	Height of Water.	Change.
Pittsburg	6.3	0.2	Alton	3.1	-0.1
Parkersburg	3.4	0.0	Sioux City	4.4	0.1
Cincinnati	4.6	0.0	Omaha		
Louisville	3.0	0.0	Kansas City	6.2	0.0
Nashville	0.1	0.0	Boonville	4.5	-0.1
Chattanooga	1.4	0.0	Arlington	0.2	0.0
Florence			Hermann	3.4	-0.1
Decatur	1.2	0.0	St. Louis	4.9	-0.1
St. Paul	1.4	0.0	Chester	1.9	-0.1
La Crosse	0.9	-0.1	Cape Gir'd'u		
Dubuque	2.1	-0.1	Cairo	3.1	-0.1
Le Claire	1.1	0.0	Memphis	1.6	0.0
Davenport	1.1	0.0	Fort Smith	1.3	0.1
Keokuk	0.7	0.0	Little Rock	3.2	0.0
Keokuk Raps	0.6	0.0	Vicksburg	0.9	-0.1
Louisiana	0.5	0.0	Shreveport	0.4	-0.2
Peoria	2.8	0.0	New Orleans	2.7	-0.2

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

-Fall. ‡Below zero of gauge. Absence of sign in change column indicates rise in river.

W. H. HAMMON,
Observer Weather Bureau.

The Christian Endeavor movement has taken a strong hold among the soldiers at Jefferson Barracks. Enthusiastic meetings are held every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the library. An earnest invitation is extended to city workers to attend.

THE NEXT

SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH

WILL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING:

TRIALS OF A PRETTY GIRL.

By ELLA WHEELER WILCOX, the Poet of Passion. A story written for young girls only.

AT A SOUTH SEA COURT.

By ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON, the great Stylist. Concluding letter of the present series.

RUSSIAN BACKGROUND.

A New Method in Photography, particularly adaptable for use by Amateurs.

WHO BUT MUST LAUGH?

M. QUAD and HOWARD FIELDING, a humorous team, will contribute to the budget of fun.

FASHIONS.

A surprise in the way of illustrating new styles.

ABOUT THE SCHOOL BOARD.

The methods of the boodlers befittingly illustrated.

ALL THE NEWS AND SPORTING EVENTS OF THE DAY.

JUST RECEIVED!
New Line French Calf
BLUCHERS, Hand-Sewed,
Only
$5.00
The Swell Shoe.
BROLASKI,
205 N. Broadway.
MEN'S WEAR EXCLUSIVELY.

WE ASSERT
We Have the Largest Assortment in the City.
SEE OUR ELEGANT RESERVE STOCK.
WE HAVE
NOVELTIES NOT SHOWN BEFORE.
Best Assortment Fine and Medium Goods.
BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.
See Beautiful Maple Suits, $27.50; Fancy Chairs, $10.
See Dining Suits, Eight Pieces, $45.
414 N. Fourth.
Scarritt Furniture Co

T. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
GRAIN AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 114 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN MULLALLY COMMISSION CO.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS. 2-7

REDMOND CLEARY COMMISSION CO.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS. 2-7

W. T. ANDERSON & CO.,
GRAIN COMMISSION. Laclede Building, St. Louis, Mo.

GEO. TAYLOR COMMISSION CO., 2-7
COTTON FACTORS. Main and Walnut Sts., St. Louis

SAYLE-STEGALL COMMISSION COMPANY,
COTTON FACTORS, 122 S. Main St., St. Louis, Mo.

BERNET & CRAFT,
Flour Commission Merchants. 8 S. Main St., St. Louis, Mo.

LEFTWICH, HODGKINS & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, - - 410 Chamber of Commerce.

BASYE & ROBINSON,
General Commission and Order Merchants, 116 N. Main St., St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN WAHL COMMISSION CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

ADLER-GOLDMAN COMMISSION CO.,
112 and 114 S. Main St., St. Louis Mo.

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION.

F. HATTERSLEY & CO.,
FLOUR BROKERS.
Thirty Years in the Flour Business
205 PINE ST., ST. LOUIS.

A. N. EATON. J. R. CRANDALL. J. S. MCCLELLAN.
EATON, McCLELLAN & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION.
Grain and Flour Specialties.
4 S. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo.

W. B WESTCOTT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Hay, Grain, Flour, Seeds, Produce.
2-7 320 N. Main st., St. Louis.

GEO. J. SCHULTE & CO.,
Hay and Grain Commission.
18 N. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo.

FRANK H. RYAN. JOHN F. RYAN.
F. H. RYAN AND SON,
Grain Commission.
857 Rooms 4 & 5, 108 N 4th st., St. Louis, Mo.

T. B. MORTON. JOHN M. GANNETT.
A. L. MESSMORE.
MESSMORE, GANNETT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Grain, Hay and Seeds a Specialty.
2-7 Room 511, Chamber of Commerce.

BILLINGSLY & NANSON
COMMISSION CO.
Hay, Grain and Seed.
2-7 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

SCHWARTZ BROS. COMMISSION CO.,
Grain, Flour and General Commission Merchants,
1601, 1603 and 1605 N. Broadway, Cor. Mullanphy St.
2-7 ST. LOUIS, MO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
MICHENFELDER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Wool, Hides and Country Produce.
Consignments and correspondence solicited.
x6 3 N. Main st., St. Louis Mo.

MEARA & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
IN
TOBACCO, GRAIN and COUNTRY PRODUCE.
No. 9 South Second Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Retailers of Leaf Tobacco. Orders Solicited.

F. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
208 and 210 N. Main st.,
209 and 211 Commercial st.,
2-7 St. Louis, Mo.

D. BLOCK. WM. B. DEAN.
BLOCK, DEAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 417 Chamber of Commerce,
2-7 ST. LOUIS, MO.

L. HAKE & SON,
Commission and Provision Merchants.
819 N. 3d st. & 816 N. 4th st., St. Louis, Mo.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

E. C. HOFFMAN,
General Commission Merchant.
Sole Agent for Hilliard's Pure Apple Cider.
246 1002 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN W. JACOBI,
General Commission Merchant.
All Kinds of Country Produce.
411 LUCAS AV. - - - ST. LOUIS, MO.

H. W. KNEHANS & SONS,
General Commission Merchants.
Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Green and Dried Fruits, Etc., Etc.
1022 N. Third St., St. Louis.

ESTABLISHED 1866.
P. M. KIELY & CO.,
Commission Merchants.
2-7 914½N. Third st., St. Louis.

PICKER & BEARDSLEY,
General Commission Merchants,
214 N. Main st. and 215 N. Commercial st.,
St. Lou's.

TRESCHER & MILLER,
GENERAL COMMISSION.
Game, Poultry, Eggs, Butter, Dried Fruit, Hides, Fur, Feathers, Wools and General Country Produce. Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty in Season.
47 922 N Third st St. Louis, Mo

HART COMMISSION CO.,
112 Pine St.,
Specialties—Pelts, Hides, Wool, Gingseng and Roots.

RUSSELL-MASSENGALE
COMMISSION CO.
Lumber Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in All Kinds of Hardwood Lumber.
2-7 S. W. Cor. Main and Olive sts., St. Louis, Mo.

PUFF-SLAUGHTER COMMISSION CO.,
108 N. 4TH ST.
Rooms - - - - 5 and 6

COLE COMMISSION CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
213 N. 2d st., St. Louis.

HESSE & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
119-121 North Main st., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1849. INCORPORATED 1883.
EDW. BECKMANN COMMISSION CO.
Grain, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Fruit, Wool, Game, Hides, Etc.
2-7 121 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

B. WINKELMAN,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Commission Merchant and Rectifier,
And Wholesale Dealer in Wines, Liquors, Cheese and All Kinds of Country Produce.
66 826 N. Third st., St. Louis.

STEAMBOATS.

ALTON AND GRAFTON PACKET
Str. SPREAD EAGLE leaves da
3 p. m. Telephone 3,615.
TOM PENISTON, Age

St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Pa
Str. IDLEWILD.
J. H. GRIFFITH, Master. ROBT. TAYLOR, C
Leaves on MONDAYS and FRIDA
at 5 p. m. for Cape Girardeau and w
landings, also Thebes and Commerce.
Telephone 3615. TOM PENISTON, Agen

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

EUGENE G. WEIDNER
COMMISSION CO.
903 and 905 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.
Special attention given to the sale of wheat, oats, corn, fruit, wool, feathers, hides, bacon, lard, butter, eggs, poultry, game, calves, etc.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
GEO. A. BENTON & CO.,
General Commission Merchan
For the Sale of Country Produce of All Kin
827 N. 3d st. and 824 N. 4th st., St. Louis, M

W. C. WILKINSON & CO.,
General Commission Merchant
119 and 121 N. Main st., St. Louis, M

KAUP & ELBRECHT.
Wholesale Commission Merchants,
2-6 1014 N. Third st. St. Louis, M

H. C. SCHOPPE & SON,
General Commission Merchan
1-7 316 N. Commercial st., St. Louis, M

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

ESTABLISHED 1845. INCORPORATED 18
J. S. MERRELL DRUG CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ESTABLISHED 1838.
GREELEY-BURNHAM GROCER CO.,
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
1-7 618 to 622 N. 2d St.

ST. LOUIS GROCERY MARKET.

Reported by the Greeley-Burnham Grocery Co.

Established 1830.

We are now located in our new store, Nos. 714 to 722 Spruce street, and will be glad to have all of our friends call on us when in the city.

We solicit the orders of merchants only, and can entertain no orders from consumers. Correspondence with country dealers invited.

Our 28-page complete price list of groceries, woodenware, wagons, buggies, sewing machines, etc., will be sent gratuitously to merchants on application.

Sugar—Granulated, 4⅜c; powdered, 4⅞c; fine powdered, 5½c; cut loaf, 4⅞c; yellow, 3⅛@4c.

Coffee—Green—O. G. Java, 27@30c; Mocha, 29c; peaberry, 22c; golden Rio, 23½c; fancy dark Rio, 19c; choice, 18½c; prime, 18c; good, 17c; fair, 16½c; common, 15¼c.

Coffee—Roasted—Arbuckle, Lion and "1838," 1-℔ pkgs, 20 90-100c; Buffalo, 130-℔ bags, 22c; Sultan, 130-℔ bags, 21c; Phœnix, 130-℔ bags, 20½c; Challenge, 130-℔ bags, 20c; No. 99, 130-℔ bags, 19c; No. 18, 130-℔ bags, 18c; D. H. & Co., Java and Mocha, 50-℔ and 3-℔ tins, 33c.

Molasses—St. James—Fancy, new crop, 52c; H. B., fancy, 37c; St. George, choice, 35c; Eliza, prime, 38c; A. H. G., good, 31c; E. A. W., fair, 26c.

Syrup—Sugar—Buffalo, fancy, 45c; brilliant, choice, 38c; diamond drips, prime, 45c; crown, good, 30c; corn, 26c; sorghum, 31@55c.

Rice—Fancy, 6c; choice, 5¾c; prime, 5½c; good, 5¼c.

Coal Oil—150 deg., 8½c; Buffalo, 9½c; Elaine, 17½c; gasoline, 8½c.

Canned Fruits—Apples, 3s, 85c; gal., $2.75; blackberries, 2s, 75c; cherries, 2s, 85c; gooseberries, 2s, $1; peaches, 2s, scds, 90c; 5s, scds, $1.20; 3s, stds, white, $1.50; yellow, $1.60; 3s, pie, 90c; pineapple, std, 2s, $1.30; Buffalo, 2s, $2; grated, 2s, $2.60; raspberries, 2s, $1.15; strawberries, 2s, $1.15.

California Fruit—Apricots, $1.80@1.85; blackberries, $2.50; cherries, white, $2.70; black, $2.40; egg plums, $1.85; green gages, $1.85; Crawford peaches, $2.20; pears, $2.30; raspberries, $3.

Canned Vegetables—Asparagus, $2.50; baked beans, $1.30@1.50; lima beans, 90c; string beans, 70c; corn, Western, 90@97½c; Maine corn, $1.20@1.50; peas, mft., 90c; early June, $1.15; ex. sft., $1.85; pumpkin, 3s, 70c; succotash, $1; tomatoes, 2s, 75c; 3s, 90c; Buffalo, 3s, $1.05.

Canned Fish—Clams, $1; codfish balls, 2s, $1.95; crabs, 1s, $2.25; 2s, $3.25; lobsters, 1s, $2.10; mackerel, 1s, 90c; genuine, $1.22½; oysters, 1s, $1; 2s, $2; shrimps, 1½s, $2.40; salmon, Alaska, $1.05@1.25; Columbia River, $1.30@1.65; whitefish, 1s, $1.25; 2s, $2.40; sardines, American, ¼s, $4; mustard, ¼s, $3.30; imported, $9.50@15.

Canned Meats—Chipped beef, 1s, $2; corned beef, 1s, $1; 2s, $1.75; chickens, 2s, $1.50; 10-oz, potted, $2.85; chillicornearne, 2s, $2.25; duck, 10-oz, $3; ham, 5-oz, 60c; 10-oz, $1; pigs' feet, 1½s, $1.25; sausage, 1s, ham, $2.70; 1s, Vienna, $1.95; tongue, 5-oz, 60c; 10-oz, $1; turkey, 10-oz, $2.90.

Preserves—30-℔ pails, 8c; 5-℔ pails, ℘ doz, $6.50.

Condensed Milk—Eagle, $7.35; Crown, $6.10; Dime, $3.35.

Ammunition—Powder, 15-℔ kegs, $15.50; shot, patent, 25-℔ bags, $1.50; Ely caps, ℘ M, 60c; M. M. C., ℘ M, 20c; G. D., ℘ M, 34c.

Baking Powder—Price's 1-℔s, $4.75; ½-℔s, $2.50; ¼-℔s, $1.35; Royal, 1-℔s, $4.90; ½-℔s, $2.50; ¼-℔s, $1.75; Buffalo, 1-℔s, $2.60; ½-℔s, $1.50; ¼-℔s, 80c; Town Talk, 1-℔s, $1.25; U. S. A., 1-℔s, $3.50; 12-oz., $2.75; ½-℔s, $1.90; 6-oz., $1.45; ¼-℔s, $1; 3-oz, 80c.

Beans—Navy, $2.00; medium, $1.95; lima, ℘ ℔, 4½c.

Flour—G. B. G. Co.'s "Best" roller patents, $5.25; extra fancy, $4.75; fancy, $4.30; choice family, $3.90. Rye, $5.30; K. D. meal, $3; hominy, $3.50; grits, $3.50. Buckwheat, pure, $6.65; patent, $5.50.

Candles—Star, 9½c; hotel, 11c; parafine, 11@13c.

Chocolate—Baker's premium, 34c; sweet, 32c.

Cocoa—Van Houten's, 1-℔, 72c; ½-℔s, 30c; ¼-℔s, 89c; ⅛-℔s, 95c; Epps', ¼-℔s, 37c.

Candies—Stick, 7c; royal mixed, 8½@12c.

Cider—$6@7.50 ℘ bbl.

Cheese—Young America, 13½c; Wisconsin full cream, 13¼c; New York factory, 9c; imported Swiss, 28@29c; Foam, $10 ℘ doz.

Cocoanut—Perfection, 15-℔ box, ½-℔ and 1-℔, assorted 25c; 20-℔ pails, 15c.

Crackers—Soda, 6c; gingersnaps, 8½c; cream, 8½c; sugar, 8½c; cakes and jumbles, 12c.

Extracts—Buffalo, 2-oz lemon, $1.25; 2-oz vanilla, $1.75; Oriental, 2-oz lemon, 65c; 2-oz vanilla, 90c.

Farinaceous Goods—Barley, 4½c; cracked wheat, bbls, $7; cases, $3.75; oatmeal, Buffalo, bbls, $5; cases, $2.65; peas, green, per bu, $1.20; rolled oats, Buffalo, bbls, $5; cases, $2.65; tapioca, 6½c.

Dried Fruits, Domestic—Apples, 3¾@4c; evaporated, 7½c; peaches, ½s, 27½c; blackberries, 4½c; raspberries, 17½c; pitted cherries, 10½c; California evaporated peaches, 10c; apricots, 10½c; prunes, 9@11½c.

Dried Fruits, Foreign—Currants, casks, 5c; cases, 7c; citron, 23c; dates, Fard, 2-℔ boxes, 18c; 65-℔ boxes, 7½c; Persian, 3¾c; figs, 14@16c; grapes, 5¼c; lemon peel, 11c; prunes, Turkish, bbls, 6c; Sultana, 12@15c; California raisins, muscatel, $2.00@2.40; L. L., $2.30@3.00.

THE ST. LOUIS DRUG MARKET.

Alcohol—℘ gal, grain, $2.34; wood, $1.40.

Ammonia—℘ ℔, water, 16 per cent, 4c; 20 per cent, 8c; 26 per cent, 11c; carbonate, 15c; muriatic, 15c.

Annatto—Spanish, 45c ℘ ℔.

Annatoine—$1 ℘ ℔.

Antifebrin—25c ℘ oz.

Antikamnia—$1 ℘ oz.

Antimony—Black powdered, 5c ℘ ℔.

Antipyrine—℘ oz, $1.40.

Arrowroot—American, ℘ ℔, 10c; Bermuda, ℘ ℔, 35c.

Arsenic—White, powdered, ℘ ℔, 10c.

Balsam—Copaiba, ℘ ℔, 60c; fir, ℘ ℔, 40c; Peru, ℘ ℔, $2; tulu, ℘ ℔, 50c.

Bay Rum—Domestic, ℘ gal, $2.25; imported, ℘ gal, $3.

Beans—Tonka, Angostura, ℘ ℔, $2.25; vanilla, Mexican, ℘ ℔, $9.

Berries—Cubeb, stemless, ℘ ℔, $1; cubeb, stemless, powd, ℘ ℔, $1; juniper, ℘ ℔, 6c; juniper, powd, ℘ ℔, 10c.

Bismuth—Sub Carb, ℘ ℔, $2.70; sub, nitrate, ℘ ℔, $2.10.

Brimstone—3½c.

Blue Mass—Per ℔, 50c.

Blue Vitriol—Per ℔, 7c.

Borax—11c.

Calomel—Per ℔, 90c; English, ℘ ℔, $1.35.

Cantharides—Russian, ℘ ℔, $1.25; Russian, powdered, ℘ ℔, $1.40.

Chalk—White lump, 2c; French cut, 15c; prepared drops, 5c ℘ ℔.

Chloral—Hydrate crystal, $1.50 ℘ ℔.

Chinchonida—Sulph. P. W. oz vials, ℘ oz, 14c.

Cloves—Zanzibar, 15c; do powdered, 20c ℘ ℔.

Corrosive Sublimate—80c ℘ ℔.

Cochineal—Honduras, 40c ℘ ℔.

Cream Tarter—Pure, 30c ℘ ℔.

Cuttlefish Bone—35c ℘ ℔.

Ether—Sulphuric, U. S. P., 65c ℘ ℔.

Extracts—Logwood, assd., 16c; liquorice, 24c ℘ ℔.

Flowers—Arnica, 25c; chamomile, English, 25c; de German, 30c ℘ ℔.

Gelatine—Cooper's, 70c ℘ ℔.

Glycerine—Concentrated, ℘ ℔, 20c.

Gum Aloes—Cape, ℘ ℔, 10c; ocatrine, ℘ ℔, 50c.

Gum Arabic—First picked, ℘ ℔, $1; picked, 85c; powdered, $1 ℘ ℔.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price—11:30 Call.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year ago
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	92@92¼	93¾	98⅝@99⅛
No. 3 red	88@88½*	89⅛@89¼*	95 b
No. 4	83@84*	84½*	......
CORN.			
No. 2	51¼@53*	52⅞@53*	51@51¼
No. 2 white	58@57	58¼	52
No. 3	50 b	51½*	50 @51
OATS.			
No. 2	28½@29*	28⅞@29⅛*	44½ b
No. 2 white	30@29¾	30	47½
No. 3	27 a	26¾	44½

*East side.

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Oct	93 b	....	....	92½ b
Nov	93⅜ n	....	....	92⅝
Dec	95⅛	95⅛	94	94@⅛
May	101⅞ b	102	100¾	100¾ b
CORN.				
Oct	52½	....	..	51 b
Nov	44¾			43¼ a
Year	40 a	39¾	39¼	39¼@¼ a
Jan	39⅜ b	39⅛	38⅞	38⅞ a
May	40⅝	40½	40@⅛	40@⅛ a
OATS.				
Oct	29⅜	28¾	28¾	28¾
Nov	28¾	....	....	28½ n
May	31½ b	31	31	31 b

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.				
Dec.	95⅛	95¾	94¼	94¼@⅜
CORN.				
Year	45¼	45⅞	44⅜	44⅞
OATS.				
May	31¾	31⅞	31¼	31⅜
PORK.				
Jan.	11.20	11.25	10.90	10.95
LARD.				
Jan.	6.20@22½	6.20	6.10	6.10
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan.	5.82½	5.82½	5.67½	5.67½

CHICAGO—Wheat—Oct., —; Dec., 94¼@⅜c b; year, —; May, $1.00⅞ a. Corn—Oct., 55c; Nov., 52¼c; Dec., 45c a; year, 44⅞c; May, 42¼c s; Oct., —; Nov., 29⅞c a; May, 31⅜c.

Pork—Jan., $10.95; Dec., $8.25.

Lard—Jan. 6.10c; Dec., 6c b.

Short ribs—Jan., 5.67½c; Dec., —.

Flaxseed—Cash, 94½c b; Dec., 94½c b; May, $1.02 b. Timothy seed—Oct., 1.19c; Dec., —; March, 1.29c; May, —.

NEW YORK—Wheat—Oct., $1.03¼ c; Nov., $1.03¼ a; Dec., $1.04⅞ b; May, $1.11 a. Corn—Oct., —; Dec., 56⅝c b; May, 52⅛c. Oats—Oct., 36⅛c n; Nov., 36⅝c n; May, 37⅛c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Cash, 97c b; Oct., 97c b; Dec. 98⅛c b; May, $1.04¼.

Grain Inspection.

	Into Elevators. Sacks.	Into Elevators. Cars.	Out of Elevators. Cars.	Out of Elevators. Bushels.
WHEAT.				
No. 2 red winter	4,610	87	10	......
No. 3 red winter	2,893	28	19	......
No. 4 winter	248	11	5	......
Rejected winter	512	8	9	......
No grade winter	......	1	......	......
No. 2 hard winter	......	2	......	......
No. 3 hard winter	......	1	3	......
No. 4 hard winter	......	......	1	......
No. 2 Med.	......	......	1	......
No. 2 hard spring	......	......	2	......
No. 3 hard spring	......	3	1	......
Rejected spring	......	2	......	......
Total wheat	8,263	143	51	......
CORN.				
No. 2	......	14	9	......
No. 3	......	2	1	......
No. 4	......	3	2	......
No. 2 white	119	16	5	......
No. 3 white	......	4	2	......
No. 2 St. C. white	......	......	1	......
No grade	......	1	......	......
Total corn	119	40	20	......
OATS.				
No. 2	......	4	3	......
No. 3	......	4	2	......
No. 4	......	......	2	......
No. 2 white	......	3	2	......
No. 3 white	......	1	16	......
No. 4 white	......	1	......	......
No. 2 color	......	10	9	......
No. 3 color	......	3	3	......
No. 2 Northern	......	1	......	......
Total oats	......	27	37	......
BARLEY.				
Rejected	......	1	......	......
Total barley	......	1	......	......
RYE.				
No. 2	28	2	......	......
No. 4	......	1	......	......
Total rye	28	3	......	......
Grand total	8,410	214	108	......

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yesterday	Oct. 28, '90
Wheat, bu	3,033,207	2,949,547	2,965,926
Corn, bu	61,315	67,163	152,100
Oats, bu	158,082	176,070	95,054
Rye, bu	8,244	9,422	5,380
Barley, bu	95,157	94,440	73,803
No. 2 red win. wheat	2,072,794	2,003,245	2,276,290
No. 2 corn	43,829	49,115	75,657
No. 2 white corn	11,288	12,241	67,231
No. 2 oats	28,380	29,852	13,508
No. 2 rye	1,738	2,254	3,438

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	RECEIPTS. Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.
St. Louis	121,676	29,500	77,632	24,136
Chicago	224,709	165,491	228,122	176,826
Toledo	102,760	1,025	33,500	5,000
Detroit	19,713	380	23,840	......
Kansas City	......	......	......	......
Milwaukee	74,800	4,640	59,650	......
Minneapolis	330,480	......	104,880	......
Duluth	433,255	......	372,096	......
New York	243,700	12,575	33,196	11,161
Baltimore	112,611	13,930	16,000	......
Philadel'hia	7,575	7,976	22,418	27,031

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 11,020 bbls; Chicago, 6,702 bbls; Detroit, — bbls; Milwaukee, 9,239 bbls; Minneapolis, 36,349 bbls Duluth, 2,405 bbls; New York, 7,160 bbls, 5,033 sks; Baltimore, 30,249 bbls.

Receipts and Shipments

Of leading articles at St. Louis for the twenty-four hours ending Friday, Oct. 30, 1891, and corresponding day in 1890, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange:

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1891.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1890.	Shipments by River and Rail. 1891.	Shipments by River and Rail. 1890.
Flour, bbls	4,647	3,463	11,020	9,182
Wheat, bu.	121,676	61,253	77,632	5,761
Corn, bu	29,500	46,990	24,136	64,889
Oats, bu	49,000	29,000	31,387	60,038
Rye, bu	7,150	1,673	5,346	......
Barley, bu	14,300	13,047	1,281	7,628
Bran, ship-stuffs, sks	....	530	1,676	3,536
Do. in bulk cars	7	5	5	2
Corn meal, bbls	250	150	417	4,412
Cotton, bls, local	3,248	3,882	3,833	3,592
Cotton, bls, through	3,430	2,301		
Hay, tons	640	515	194	265
Pork, bbls	....	90	16	50
Hams, lbs	29,670	493,720	50,291	171,472
Meats, lbs	711,050	2,620,612	705,965	1,002,791
Lard, lbs	3,310	49,900	165,836	144,833
Cattle, hd	4,529	3,369	3,138	309
Hogs, head	7,795	3,859	4,910	2,469
Sheep, he'd	2,475	1,008	94	382
Horses and mules, hd	86	141	91	211

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—Dec.—30 at 94c, 60 at 94@⅛c, 250 at 94⅛c, 140 at 94⅛@¼c, 185 at 94¼c, 110 at 94¼@⅜c, 320 at 94⅜c, 80 at 94⅜@½c, 220 at 94½c, 10 at 94⅝@½c, 250 at 94⅝c, 40 at 94⅞c, 10 at 94⅞@95c, 115 at 95c, 20 at 95⅛c. May—10 at $1.00¾, 20 at $1.00¾@⅞, 20 at $1.00⅞, 10 at $1.01, 55 at $1.01⅛, 15 at $1.01⅛, 20 at $1.01¼, 55 at $1.01⅛, 25 at $1.01⅛, 5 at $1.01¼, 20 at $1.01⅜, 5 at $1.02.

Corn—Year—25 at 39½c, 30 at 39⅜c, 35 at 39½c, 40 at 39⅝c. Jan.—5 at 38⅞c, 5 at 39c, 35 at 39⅛c, May—20 at 40@⅛c, 40 at 40⅛c, 5 at 40¼c, 20 at 40⅛c, 5 at 40⅛c.

Oats—Oct.—10 at 28⅜c. May—10 at 31c.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—A cloudy sky and indications of rain upset the calculations of those who had loaded up for an advance, revived the drooping courage of the bears and weakened the market. There was little reaction to prices at any time and the close was 1@1¼c below yesterday. Except some snow in Manitoba and showers in Dakota there was no rain in the weather map, but it was cloudy in the winter wheat belt and more chance for wet weather than has been seen for some time. Foreign cables, too, did not show the uppishness of yesterday and the Russian prohibition item was not in it and appeared to be shelved once more for a more auspicious occasion. English markets were firm and red winter in Liverpool ⅛c higher, and a private Berlin quoted ⅛c advance also, but they were not strong enough to overcome the probability of a change in the weather on this side. Receipts and supplies were once more in force and the continued liberal movement to market and the steadily increasing stocks were felt as an influence. Seaboard clearances were smaller and had their effect, as the trade then began figuring upon another large increase in the visible, and for a while the feeling was very bearish. The downward tendency was checked momentarily by New York reporting good export buying and all the continental markets coming in higher—Paris ⅝@⅞c, Berlin ⅛@¼c, Antwerp 2@2⅝c, and London was ¾c up, though Liverpool ⅝c lower, but late became very weak again and the close was near the bottom.

FUTURES—Dec. opened at 95⅛c and sold to 94⅜@½c, to 94⅝c, to 94¼c, to 94½c, to 94⅛c, to 94½@⅝c, to 94c, and closed at 94@⅛c. May opened at $1.02 and sold to $1.01@¼, to $1.01¼, to $1.01, to $1.01¼, to $1.00¾, and at close $1.00¾ bid.

SPOT GRADES—Lower, owing to the decline in futures. There was a good demand for No. 2 red for most elevators at 92¼c (1½c lower), but regular not salable above 92c, and these rates, not obtainable late. No. 3 red was quietly salable 1½c lower, at 88c this side, ¾@1c lower, E side at 88½@88¾c and best bid for regular 87¾c. No. 4 sold at 83c this and 84c E side. No. 2 hard winter sold in C at 85c and that bid for St. L. Rejected offered regular at 69c bid, 66c and 69c bid for St. L., 74c for E side. No. 2 hard spring not offered and 84½c bid. No. 3 do offered in St. L. at 81c, bid 80c.

Sales: No. 2 red—4 cars regular at 92c, 15 cars in Cdlt and 35,348 bu and 26 cars in St. L. C. M. D. and E. side at 92¼c. No. 3 red—1 car in C., 4 in Cdlt, 5 this side and 11 in St. L. at 88c, 2 E. side at 88½c, 1 do at 88¾c. No. 4—1 car this side and 1 in Cdlt at 83c, 1 E. side at 84c. No. 2 hard winter—3 cars in C. at 85c.

SAMPLES—Receipts, 151 cars and 7,145 sks. Dull and about 1½c lower. Millers only moderate buyers, even at the decline, demanding still further concessions. Sales: Special bin—1 car rejected at 75c, 2 rejected smutty at 79c, 2 rejected at 80c, 1 Texas smutty at 81c, 1 rejected, 1 No. 3 hard spring and 2 No. 3 hard winter at 82c, 2 No. 3 hard winter at 82½c, 2 No. 3 hard spring at 82½c, 1 No. 4 at 83½c, 1 rejected and 1 No. 4 winter at 84c, 1 No. 4 winter at 84½c, ½ car No. 3 red at 85c. Track this side—1 car No. 4 winter at 90½c, 3 No. 2 red at 93c. Track East side—2 cars No. 3 red at 93c. Sacks—103 damaged at 55c, 54 rejected at 75c, 30 at 85c, 30, 16, 40, 30 and 128 at 88c, 230 at 89c, 109 at 90c, 22, 93 and 328 at 92c, 26 and 61 at 92½c, 349 at 92¾c. 252 and 809 fancy at 93c.

Corn—The market weakened along with wheat and depressed by generally unfavorable advices from other speculative centers. Receipts were still small. Liverpool firm and higher, and rains predicted, but that did not help the market. The close was at the bottom and at declines of 1c for Nov., ⅞c for Year and Jan. and ⅝c for May.

FUTURES—Year sold at 39¾c to 39¼c, and at close offered at 39⅜@¼c. Jan. sold at 39⅛c to 38⅞c, and sellers late at 38⅞c. May sold at 40½c to 40@⅛c and latter asked at close. Early in the day 51⅝c bid for Oct., 53c asked and 43½c bid for Nov., but later the best bid for Oct was 51, and Nov. offered at 43¼c.

SPOT GRADES—Lower and not much of a demand at the decline, as there was only local buying. No. 2 sold regular at 51¼@51½c and 51¼c bid for Cldt, 53c for E side; none offered at these places. No. 2 white declined 1¼c, selling at 58@57c, and No. 3 white sold at 56c. No. 3 offered in M. at 51¼c, bid 50c and late sold at 50¼c. No. 4 sold at 42c and no grade at 34c. No. 3 color offered in M. at 55c, no bid.

Sales: No. 2—1 car regular at 51¼c, 1 car in C. at 51½c. No. 3—1 car in M. at 50¼c. No. 4—5 cars regular at 42c. No. 2 white—1 car in C. and 3 this side at 57c, 1 in St L and 3 in M. at 58c. No. 3 white—2 cars this side at 56c. No grade—4 cars regular at 34c.

SAMPLES—Larger offerings and market lower, but selling readily. Sales—Sks rtd—560 sks St. Charles white (new) at 57c, 77 and 160 sks white at 59c, 50 do at 60c. Skd lots on orders 60@62c.

Oats—The future market was weaker and declined following wheat and corn and affected by lower markets elsewhere. Oct. sold ⅝c lower at 28¾c and May ½c off at 31c. Nov. offered at 28⅞c, bid 28½c.

SPOT GRADES—Weak and ¼@⅜c lower. The demand was fairly good at the decline, an exporter taking the No. 2 at 28½c, and bidding 29c for E. side. No. 2 white sold at 30c to 29¾c. No. 3 do at 28¾c. No. 2 color at 29½c, but offered at that in M. 28¾c bid for regular. No. 3 color at 27c. No. 3 was offered at 27c and 26¾c bid, but this bid withdrawn later. Sales—No. 2—1 car regular at 28¾c, 13 cars do at 28½c. No. 2 white—1 car in D. at 30c, 4 in M. at 29¾c. No. 3 white—1 car in M. at 28⅝c. No. 2 color—2 cars in D. at 29½c. No. 3 color—1 car this side and 1 in Cdlt at 27c.

SAMPLES—Little offered and market affected by the weakness in grades. Sales: Special bin—3 cars No. 3 and No. 4 white at 27c, 1 Northern mixed at 29½c, 210 sks at 30½c. Sacked lots on orders 33@35c.

Rye—Nothing offered. On call, bids for No. 2 were 85c regular, 86c E. side and for No. 3 regular 82c.

Barley—Dull. Sales: 1 car Minn. at 52½c and 1 car at 65c. Several lots in treaty.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 30.—Barley—cash, 60c; Oct., 60c; Dec., 61c.

Hay.

Receipts, 640 tons; shipments, 149 tons. Demand fair for fancy and gilt edge only at steady prices; low grades very dull and weaker. Receiver had to accept lower prices to dispose of them. Sales: Timothy — ware-house — 1 car over-ripe at $9. 2 mixed at $9.50, 3 prime at $10, 2 do at $10.25, 1 choice at $10.50, 2 strictly choice at $11, 1 gilt edge at $12. East track—4 cars prime at $9.50, 3 do at $9.75, 3 choice at $10, 3 strictly prime to choice at $10.50, 2 fancy at $11.50. Prairie—1 car prime at $7.75, 2 choice at $8, 2 strictly choice at $8.50.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—Firm and trading moderate. Sales: In sacks —, 23 and 42 sks and 1 car at $3.20 per bbl. 132 sks at $3.45, 1,000 on p. t. In bbls—150 bbls at $3.60, 100 at $4.30, 1 car at $4.55, 450 bbls on p. t. The quotations are:

Patents	$4 50@4 60
Extra fancy	4 20@4 30
Fancy	3 95@4 05
Choice	3 50@3 60
Family	3 25@3 40

These prices are for lots at depot or on levee. On orders for shipment, higher—according to grade and brand.

Rye Flour—Pure jobbing at $4.75@4.85 ⅌ bbl.

Buckwheat Flour—New jobbing at $6 ⅌ bbl.

Cornmeal—City meal selling on orders at $2.75@2.85 ⅌ bbl delivered. Hominy, pearl meal and grits at $3.45@3.55.

Bran—Higher, and Southern buyers looking for supplies, but little to be had, and that held stiffly at an advance. Sales: Country points—5 cars bulk at 57c, 5 skd at 63½c, 2 do at 64½c. Track this side—2 cars skd at 66c. East trk—1 car skd at 67c.

Screenings—Sale 1 car bulk del this side at 68½c.

Provisions.

Market very dull and a shade easier in sympathy with declines in other markets. Even the order demand was light. Ten-day dry salt c'ribs were offered at 6.10c c. and f. and fully cured at 6.40c c. and f., but no sales reported.

ON THE CALL—Mess Pork—Jan. offered at $11.50.

Green hams—Dec. offered at 7.25c, with 7c bid. Jan. 7.50c asked, 7c bid.

Green ribs—5.37½c bid for Dec. and 5.50c for Jan.: 5.60c asked.

D. s. ribs—Oct., 6.62½c asked; Nov., 6.25c asked; Jan., 5.80c asked and 5.77½c bid.

Bacon ribs—Jan., 6.37½c sellers.

Pork—Standard mess at $9.25; on orders, $9.75@10.12½.

Lard—Prime steam, 5.95c this side, and 6c E. side; jobbing, 7c for fancy and 7½c for seconds.

Dry Salt Meats—Loose cured f. o. b. on cash orders—Shoulders at 5½c; longs and c'ribs, 6.30c; shorts, 6.55c; boxed shoulders, 5⅝c; longs, 6⅝@6½c; c'ribs at 6⅝c; shorts at 6⅞@6⅞c. On orders—Boxed shoulders, 6c; longs, 6⅞c; ribs, 6⅞c; shorts, 7⅛c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders at 6c; longs at 7¼c; c'ribs at 7¼@7⅜c; shorts at 7½@7⅝c. On orders—Shoulders, 6⅝c; longs, 7⅞c; c'ribs, 7⅞c; short clear, 8c.

Country Bacon—Sides, 6½@7c; latter for fancy.

Green Hams—From the block, 7c; bellies; 6½c; shoulders, 4c.

Hams—Sugar-cured, 9½@12½c, as in size and brand; on orders, 11½@13½c.

Breakfast Bacon—9½@10½c ⅌ ℔.

Beef—Mess, $7@8, and rolled, $9.50 ⅌ bbl. Dried, 8@9c, and selected, 11c ⅌ ℔. Smoked beef tongue, $4 ⅌ doz.

Highwines—Steady at $1.18 in St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati and Peoria.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Lower, sellers were willing to accept 3.95c, but found little demand and the only sales at that rate was 3 cars.

Spelter—Dull and heavy at 3.60c.

Commercial Board.

Wheat firm. Sales: Dec.—20 at 94@⅛c, 20 at 94⅛c, 50 at 94⅛@¼c. May—15 at $1.00⅞, 30 at $1.01.

Corn easy. Sales: May—15 at 40c.

Oats—May—31c bid.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise stated. Orders are filled with choice goods and are charged higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—Received, 4,670 bbls; shipped, 636 bbls. In abundant supply, dull and weak. There was only a fair demand for well handled, large fruit of good color, but considerable small and off fruit is being held over from day to day for want of buyers. Geniting sell at $1.10@1.35, mainly at $1.25; Ben Davis at $1 25@1.75; Winesap and Roman Beauty at $1.15@1.50; Jonathan at $2@2.25; other varieties at $1@1.25 for poor to $1.50@1.75 for good to choice, and at $1.90 for fancy. Sales: Geniting—70 bbls at $1.15. 650 bbls in lots at $1.25, 32 at $1.30. Ben Davis—105 bbls damaged and inferior at 85c, 15 bbls at $1.50, 1 car fancy at $1.90 d-l. Other varieties—60 bbls Winesap at $1.15, 40 Ben Davis and Winesap at $1.25. 1 car fancy New York Kings, Fall Pippin and Cabashaw at $2.40 del.

Peaches—Very little doing and the season drawing to a close. Both offerings and demand were light. Michigan sold at 30@40c per peck basket and home-grown at 35@75c per bu loose.

Grapes—The offerings were only fair, but about ample to the wants, which were moderate. Concord sold at 20@22c, catawba at 22@23c, and Ives at 10c per 9-℔ basket. Some Delaware offering, but were shrivelled and shrunk and dull at 15c per 5-℔ basket.

Pears—Choice eating fruit in fair demand at $1.00@1.25 per bu; consigned near-by, 30@50c per ½-bu basket: Eastern, $3.00@3.25 per bbl.

Quinces—Quiet at $1 per bu in bulk; in shipping order higher.

Figs—Fancy layers, 18c; choice, 14@16c; old in sks, 6c; new, 7½c ⅌ ℔.

California Fruit—Demand while not urgent was good at full quotations.

Winter Nellis	$2 25@2 50
Beure Clergeau Pears, 40-℔ boxes	2 25@2 50
Peaches, 20-℔ boxes	1 00@1 25
Muscat grapes, 40-℔ boxes	3 00@3 50
Tokay, 40-℔ boxes	3 50@4 00

Oranges—Steady, but demand light.

Mexican	$4 00@4 25
Jamaica, ⅌ bbl	8 00@8 50
Jamaica, ⅌ box	3 50@4 00
Louisiana, ⅌ bbl	5 00@5 50
Louisiana, ⅌ box	2 50@3 00

Florida, $3.00@3.50 ⅌ box, according to size.

Grape Fruit—Light offerings. Good demand at $4 per box.

Lemons—Firm. We quote:

Messina and Palermo, good ⅌ box	$6 00@6 50
Choice to fancy ⅌ box	7 00@7 50
Malori, ⅌ case	7 50@8 00
Florida, ⅌ box	5 00@5 50

Bananas—Fancy bunches are billed out on orders at $2@2.25 and choice at $1.50@1.75.

Cocoanuts—On orders, $3.75 ⅌ 100.

Dates—Persian, Halloween in boxes, sell at 5½c; Star at 4½c ⅌ ℔; Fard, 50-℔ boxes, 8c; 10-℔ boxes, 10c.

Cranberries—Cape Cod selling at $6 50@7 per bbl and at $2.50 per box. New Jersey at $5@5.50 per bbl. In a small way from store and on orders 50c per bbl higher.

Dried Fruit—The market rules very strong, with demand good for all kinds. Sales ranged:

Apples, cores and peeling	¾
Chopped	1½
Sun-dried quarters, fair to choice bright	3¼@ 3⅝
Evaporated quarters and sliced	3¾@ 4½
Evaporated rings, dark to fancy bright	4½@ 6
Peaches, sun-dried unpeeled	2¼@ 2¾
Evaporated unpeeled	3 @ 5
Evaporated peeled	7 @10
Raspberries, evaporated	15
Blackberries	3½@ 4

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Received 22,584 bu; shipped 7,612 bu. Steady. Offerings not so heavy as for some time past, but fully up to requirements. The demand was good both for shipping and for storing away for the winter, Iowa ranged at 23@24c ⅌ bu for inferior and bug-eaten, to 25@28c for choice; Northern at 30c for common to 31@36c for rose and 36@37c for Burbank. Sales: 10 cars Iowa and Wisconsin at 24c to 28c on trk, 2 cars Iowa Neshanock at 25c on trk, 1 car Northern Burbank at 33½c on trk, 2 cars do at 34c on trk.

Onions—Received, 5,403 bu; shipped, 2,031 bu. Onions rule steady. The offerings were not large and there was not much of a demand. Prime red quotable at 65@67c ⅌ bu., fair stock at 55@60c and inferior at 47½@50c.

Turnips—Home-grown stock fully supplies the wants, and there is hardly any sale for consigned lots. A car in bulk sold yesterday at 10c per bu on track.

Cabbage—Steady. Demand fair. Hard Northern sold at $6.50, with an occasional car bringing 50c a ton more. On orders green was billed out at $1.25 and red at $1.50 per crate.

Celery—Large supplies with only a fair local demand. Choice and fancy was salable in a small way at 40@50c, small and poor at 15@25c ⅌ doz.

Rutabagas—Steady at 20@22c ⅌ bu bulk and del. On orders—$1.25 ⅌ bbl.

Horseradish—For select stock there was a fair demand at $4.50@5 ⅌ bbl of 100 ℔s net weight.

Parsnips—Fair demand at $2.25@2.50 ⅌ bbl on orders.

Sauerkraut—On orders, new city make at $3 ⅌ bbl and $1.75 ⅌ half-bbl. Extra brands of hand made 50c ⅌ bbl higher.

Beets—Fair demand at $1.50 ⅌ bbl, with offerings fairly ample.

Sweet Potatoes—Fair offerings, and while the demand could not be called urgent, it was good. On orders—Choice home-grown were salable at $2, at $2.25 for yellow and $2.50@2.75 for red Nansemond ⅌ bbl.

Eggs.

Received 1,693 cases; shipped 422 cases. Steady and in fair request at 18½c per dozen for good run o stock. Ice-house, stale and otherwise inferior range 2@3c lower.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Received, 63,242 lbs. The arrivals are not large, but the demand is very light and stock is showing some accumulation; values ruling weak, with sales ranging as follows:

Creamery, fancy near-by, Neb., Iowa and Wis.	31
Creamery, firsts	29@30
Creamery, seconds or gathered cream stock	27@28
Dairy, fancy	27
Dairy, firsts	24@25
Dairy, seconds	16@18
Dairy, packers' stock	12@14
Ladle packed, fancy	22@23
Ladle packed, common to fair	15@18
Country roll, good to choice	14@17
Country stock in pails, choice fresh	14@15
Country stock in pails, common	8@10
Very poor (grease stock)	3@ 5

Cheese—Unchanged and quiet. Sales range: Full cream (Wisconsin)—Twins, 12c; singles, 12¼c; Young America, 12½c; seconds, 11¼c; skims and near-by make, 7½@8½c; centrifugal, 3@5c. Brick, 12½@13c; Limberger, 11½@12c. Swiss—Choice, 13@14c; No. 2, 10@11c; low grade, 6@8c.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—A steadier feeling prevailed, as receipts were light, and the market is bring cleaned up of the accumulated stock. Choice turkeys and ducks meet with a good demand, but thin and scrubby stock dull and hard to place. We quote:

Chickens, old and young	7
Chickens, old roosters	4
Turkeys	6½@ 7½
Ducks	7 @ 7½
Geese	5 @ 5½

Game—There was a fair demand for select sweet stock at steady prices. The condition of arrivals is improving some, but still a large portion was in bad order. Drawn quail and grouse sell 25c per doz less than undrawn. We quote:

Quail, ⅌ doz	$ 1 75
Prairie chickens, Western, ⅌ doz	5 50
Prairie chickens, Nebraska	5 00
Pheasants	6 00
Snipe	1 50
Mallard ducks	3 00
Green wing teal ducks	1 75
Mixed ducks	1 50
Blue wing teal ducks	2 00
Wild turkeys, toms, ⅌ ℔	8
Wild turkeys, hens, ⅌ ℔	7½
Woodcock	5 00
Frog legs	50
Live pigeons and squabs	75
Plover	75
Common rabbits, ⅌ doz	1 10
Jack rabbits, ⅌ doz	2 00
Squirrel, ⅌ doz	75
Venison, saddles, ⅌ ℔	15
Venison, carcasses, ⅌ ℔	10
Opossum, each	5@15

Veals—Fair offerings, but chiefly of poor and undesirable stock. Demand fair for choice fat at 5c per ℔. Most sales, however, were made at 4@4½c. Heretics at 1½@2½c.

Sheep—Salable at 3@3½c and lambs at 4½@5c ⅌ ℔.

Wool.

Received, 59,304 lbs; shipped, 93,072 lbs. Steady, with only a very light movement. Sales: Missouri—12 sks mixed and burry at 18c, 18 sks mixed at 20c, 7 sks choice medium at 22c, 8 sks fancy medium at 22½c, 20 sks Illinois on p. t.

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Bright medium	Braid to coarse	Low sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	22 @22½	19@20	16@ 17
Kansas and Nebraska	19 @20	15@16	11@ 13
Texas and Indian Ter. 8 to 12 mo	22 @23	18@19	15@ 16
Texas and Indian Ter. 4 to 6 mo.	19 @20	14@15	11@ 12
Col., Utah, N. Mex., etc	19 @20	16@17	13@ 15
Montana, Wyoming, etc	20 @21	17@18	15@ 16

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	FINE. Light.	FINE. Heavy.
Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas, etc	20 @21	16 @18
Kansas and Nebraska	17 @18	13 @15
Texas and Indian Territory 8 to 12 mo.	20 @21	15 @18
Texas and Indian Territory 4 to 6 mo.	18 @19	13 @14
Colorado, Utah, New Mex., etc	18 @19	12 @14
Montana, Wyoming, etc.	19 @20	15 @16

Tub—Choice, 31@32c; inferior, 27@30c; black, 3@5c off. Sacks—Texas, 3-℔s tare, 10c; regular long sks 3½-℔s, 15c. Burry, cotted, etc.—Slightly, 3@4c off; moderately, 5@6c off. Hard burry, etc.—13c ⅌ ℔ for Southern to 14½c for Missouri.

Seed and Castor Beans.

[Flaxseed and castor beans are sold subject to inspection and inspector's weight.]

Grass Seed—Steady, but quiet. Timothy ranges $1.00@1.03 for sound but dark seed to $1.05@1.10 for good bright seed; inferior ranges at 75@95c. Clover quotable at $3.40@3.50 for weedy and trashy to $3.75@3.85 for good. Red top at 23@30c. German millet at 50@55c and Hungarian at 35@40c. Sales: Small lots clover at $3.65 to $3.80.

Flax Seed—Lower, a car selling this side at 87½c, but 88c was bid East side.

Hemp Seed—Pure quotable at $1.25.

Castor Beans—A small lot sold at $1.90 and this was bid for car lots, but it was said a car sold yesterday at $1.95.

Hides, Feathers, Pelts, Etc.

Hides—

Green salted—No. 1 at 5c, No. 2 at 4c, bulls and stags at 3½c. Dry salted—No. 1 at 7c, No. 2 at 5½c; Dry flint—No. 1 at 9½c, No. 2 and skins weighing less than 10 ℔s at 7c, bulls and stags at 6c. Glue stock—Green 2c, dry 4c. Partly selected: Green salted at 4@4½c for Texas and Southern to 4¾c for Missouri and similar stock in good condition. Dry flint at 8c for hides weighing 10 ℔s and upward skins weighing less than 10 ℔s, bulls and salted at 6½c. Culls and glue stock at 4½c.

Feathers—Steady and meeting with fair sale. Prime live geese—In large sacks at 41c; in small sacks at 32c; prime gray, 37c; quilly, damp and unripe, 35@39c. Old—XXX, 18@20c; XX, 27@30c; X, 35@37c; duck, dark, 25c; white, 35c; chicken, dry picked, 4c; turkey, body, 2c; wing, 13c; tail, 18c; wing and tail mixed, 15c; tare, 3@10 per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Quiet. Green—Shearlings, 30@50c; choice long wooled do and lambs, 60@75c; full wooled at 75@$1 for medium sized to $1.25@1.50 for large; dry, 10@20c less; dry fallen skins, 11@12c ⅌ ℔.

Deerskins—Steady, but very quiet. Prime flint—26c; damaged, meaty, green, etc., half price; antelope, 16c; goat, 15@25c.

Tallow—Prime country, 4⅛; choice cake, 4⅜c; No. 2, 4@4⅛c.

Grease—Brown, 2½@3c; yellow, 3⅛@3⅜c; white, 3⅞@4⅛c. These prices are for small country lots in irregular packages.

Beeswax—Firm. Prime, 24c; adulterated and burnt, half price and less.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.25@2.65; choice large worth more; seneca, 26@28c; snake, 16@20c; golden seal, 16@18c; mayapple, 1½@2c; blue flag, 5c; pink, 16c; blood, 2c; bitter sweet bark, 5@6c; golden thread, 16c; lady slipper, 6c; black, 5c; angelica, 5@6c; wahoo, bark of tree, 5c; bark of root, 12c.

Miscellaneous Markets.

Broomcorn—In active demand and firm. Common, 2½@2¾c; fair, 3@3½c; choice, 4@4½c; fancy hurl, 5@5½c; damaged and crooked, half price. Sales: 3 cars insides and covers, choice green at 3½c, 3 cars do choice Nebraska at 3¾c; 1 car crooked at half price.

Nuts—Pecans, Western and Territory, 7@8c ⅌ ℔; Texas, 8@9c. Peanuts, red 1¾@2c ⅌ ℔; white, 2¼@2¾c. Hickory nuts, shellbark, 80@85c ⅌ bu; large, 30@35c. Walnuts, 35c ⅌ bu. Chestnuts, choice, 12c ⅌ ℔; wormy, 5@8c Hazelnuts, 2@2½c ⅌ lb.

Popcorn—New, 1@1½c ⅌ ℔; old, 1@1½c for mixed to 1½@2c for white; shelled, 2½@3c.

Moss—Choice black, 3½@4c; brown, 3@3¼c; gray and brown mixed, 2½@3c; gray, 2@2½c; country machine picked—XXXX, 6¼@6½c; XXX, 5½@5¾c; XX, 4½@5c; X, 4@4½c.

Scrap Iron and Metals—Wrought, 70c; heavy cast, trimmings, plow and steel, 40c; stove plate, 30c; malleable and burnt, 20c. Brass—Heavy, 8c; light, 6¾c; copper, 8¼c; lead, 3¼c; zinc, 2¾c; pewter, 9c.

Rags, Etc.—Country mixed rags, 75c; old rubber, 2c; old rope, $1.75 for No. 1 and 75c for No. 2.

Bones—Half green slaughter house, $8@10; junk bones, $11@12; mixed skinny or partially bleached, $12@13; half bleached, clean and dry, $15@16; bleached and dry, $17 per ton.

Honey—Comb, 10@12c ⅌ ℔; fancy white clover, 14@15c; inferior and broken, 8@8c; strained and extracted (in barrels) 5@5½c; in cans, 7@8c.

Sorghum—Quotable at 25@28c ⅌ gal

Sacks—Burlaps, 2-bu, 6c; 2½-bu, 6¾c; 2¾-bu, 7c; 3-bu, 7½c; 4-bu, 8½c; 5-bu, 9c; 6-bu, 9¼c; 7-bu, 9½c. Cotton seamless, 13@21c; flour, 98 lb, 6¾c; 200-lb, 14@23c; wool at 20@30c; Texas, 6-ft bags, 24½c.

Oil—Linseed oil, raw, 35c; boiled, 38c. Castor oil, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 11c Cotton seed oil, summer yellow, 36c; white, 37c; winter yellow, 40c; white, 41c. Turpentine, 42c.

Empty Barrels—Coal oil, 85c; lard oil, 65c; linseed oil, 65c; black oil, 50c; vinegar, 60c; molasses, 30c; whisky, iron hoop, 65c; wood hoop, 40c; half barrels, iron hoop, 35c.

Salt—Domestic sells at 85@90c ⅌ bbl.

Hemp—Missouri undressed nominal at $80@85 ⅌ ton.

Balingstuff—Bagging, 1½-℔, 5½c; 1¾-℔, 6c; 2-℔, 6½c; 2¼-℔, 7c. Hemp twine, 10c. Iron cotton ties, $1.35@1.40.

White Beans—Country lots of new range at $1@1.50 ⅌ bu. Old and weevily much less; in fact the latter are hardly salable at any price.

Dried Green Peas—Jobbing at $1@1.65; Scotch at $1.10@1.15.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops, hoosier flour bbls, $3.50@4; cooper flour bbls, $4.50@5.50; flour half-bbls, $2.50@3. Pork bbls—Oak, $6@8; hickory, $8@10. Lard tcs—Oak, $8.00; hickory, $10. Staves—Flour bbl, $6.50; culls or seconds, $4.00@4.50; beer kegs, $16.00@18.00; lard tcs, $22.00; pork bbls, $16.00. Heading—Flour bbl, 4½c ⅌ set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, round hoops, 32c; flat hoops, 28c; half-bbls, 22½c; produce bbls, 23c; meal bbls, 25c; pork bbls, 85@87½c; half-bbls, 55c; lard tcs, $1.00; half-tcs, 60c; kegs, 25c.

Commercial Notes.

Cloudy weather and weaker markets.

Voting on the real estate amendment on 'Change to-day.

Shipments by buyers to New Orleans 56,422 bu wheat.

J. D. Peet, a leading cotton merchant of New Orleans, was on 'Change.

Weather cloudy; 65 degs. at 12 o'clock. Local forecast: Local showers possible.

Foreign houses said to be large buyers of wheat in New York to-day; probably against cable acceptances.

F. G. Logan and T. A. Wright of Chicago and B. C. Christopher of Kansas City were on the floor to-day.

The collapse of one of the upper windows in the southern end of the Merchants' Exchange created great excitement among the members and demolished some of the furniture, but fortunately injured no one seriously.

Signal service predictions for the next thirty-six hours: Iowa and Nebraska—Fair and colder. Kansas same. Ohio and Indiana—Generally fair, except on Lake Erie. Illinois and Missouri—Generally fair, except light rains in extreme northwest.

At Pine Bluff, Ark., the receipts of cotton are so far over 100 per cent greater than for the same time last year. The crop of that county will reach 15 per cent more than last year. At Anderson, S. C., the crop in that county, though not as large as it was last year, is of much better quality.

Cables to the newspapers contain no confirmation of the rumored Russian prohibition. Beerbohm, however, says the prohibition is becoming more consolidated.

France has removed the prohibition against American pork. The amount of duty will be fixed to-day; it will probably be 20 francs. It is also reported that Austria will remove the duty on American pork.

A grain shipper at Pleasant Hill, Mo., writes that dry weather has about finished the wheat in Cass County, and not enough wheat to bread that county will be raised unless immediate rains fall. The acreage is small and the wheat sown is weakening every day. Wheat that was fairly green along the drill rows five days ago can now scarcely be seen.

The Russian Minister of Finance has published reports of the autumn sowings, from which it is evident that this year's bad harvest has not led farmers to diminish the wheat area, and moreover that atmospheric conditions have been favorable to the germination of the seed.

The prevailing quiet and weak condition of the freight situation on the Pacific Coast is in marked contrast with the activity at this seaboard. At San Francisco freight rates are nominal, owing to the large amount of spot tonnage and heavy list en route.

New York wires private wheat cables generally steady to firm and send respectable buying orders, chiefly for options. The shippers show interest here and took since last evening about 144,000 bu, including one-half to-day, the bulk of off qualities. Via outports about 80,000 bu, and inquiry continues.

The London Evening List of the 16th inst. in its weekly review of the British grain trade says: Farmers all over Europe appear inclined to sow with wheat a larger breadth than usual. The United Kingdom traders need not be uneasy respecting the prospects of foreign wheat supply in the immediate future. We control in our port granaries and afloat 30,770,480 bu, which are 2,400,000 bu below the open supply at this time last year, but are nearly 4,000,000 bu greater than they were two years ago. The quantity now on passage for this country is not likely to be reduced in favor of the Continent, as lately France and Belgium have been more inclined to sell than to buy c. i. f. wheat. United Kingdom buyers have the field to themselves, as except for an occasional Indian parcel. Continental demand is almost extinct. The steady flow of shipments from Russia and America are more than enough for Europe's immediate wants. For the week ended Oct. 3 exports of wheat from Russia were 2,040,000 bu, against 2,160,000 bu in the like week in 1890. The advices respecting wheat prospects in Australia are encouraging. The plants have come well through the winter—present indications are for an early harvest, and cutting in the Northern districts should begin next month, but there is not likely to be any large quantity available for export before Jan. Recently in South Australia there has been a general rainfall which greatly improved crops. In Argentina also the report from the wheat fields is good. The yield is estimated at 28,800,000 bu, of which, barring the ravages of locusts and weather damage, about 12,000,000 bu can be spared for export. Maize promises to produce 32,000,000 bu, of which about one-half may be shipped.

Cotton.

Local spots quiet and unchanged. Sales, 928 bales.

New Orleans—Spots dull and steady. Futures lost 6 points at the opening, and closed at 5 points decline.

New York—Spots quiet and easy. Futures opened 10 points lower, were steady and slightly firmer with a very light business, closing at a loss of about 4 points.

Liverpool—Spots dull and 1-16 lower. Futures opened 4-64 lower, but recovered part of the decline and closed firm at about 2-64 lower than yesterday.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, nominal; ordinary, 6 7-16c; good ordinary, 7 1-16c; low middling, 7 11-16c; middling, 8 1-16c; good middling, 8 4-16c; fair middling, 8 11-16c; tinges ⅜c and stained ¾c lower than white.

ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT:

	This season.	Last season.
Gross receipts to-day	6,597	3,478
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	131,829	82,008
Net receipts	3,153	2,250
Net receipts since Sept. 1	55,044	40,897
Shipments to-day	5,346	2,616
Shipments since Sept. 1	103,731	60,317
Stock	38,833	22,275

NEW ORLEANS—Receipts, 17,815 bales. Quiet and steady at 8c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed 12.15 p.m.
October	7.76	—
November	7.75	7.72
December	7.91	7.88
January	8.05	8.00
February	8.17	8.12
March	8.29	8.24
	Easy.	Quiet and steady.

RECEIPTS TO-DAY AT LEADING RECEIVING CENTERS:

- GALVESTON—Receipts, 4,904; steady at 7⅞c.
- MOBILE—Receipts, 2,884; dull at 7⅝c.
- SAVANNAH—Receipts, 8,176; dull at 7⅝c.
- CHARLESTON—Receipts, 3,500; steady at 7¾@7⅞c.
- NORFOLK—Receipts, 3,636; steady at 7⅞c.
- WILMINGTON—Receipts, 192; steady at 7⅝c.
- BALTIMORE—Receipts, —; nominal at 8¼c.
- BOSTON—Receipts, 1,297; quiet at 8⅛c.
- PHILADELPHIA—Receipts, 886; quiet at 8⅝c.
- MEMPHIS—Receipts, 4,015; easy at 8 1-16c.
- AUGUSTA—Receipts, 1,661; steady at 7 13-16c.

LIVERPOOL—Spot: Dull and in buyers' favor. Uplands, 4⅝d. Sales, 7,000, of which 6,000 were American.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
October	4.38	4.36
October and November	4.38	4.36
November and December	4.38	4.36
December and January	4.40	4.37
January and February	4.42	4.39
February and March	4.45	4.42
March and April	4.47	4.45
April and May	4.50	4.48
May and June	4.53	4.50
June and July	4.56	4.53
	Firm.	Firm

NEW YORK—Receipts, — bales. Spots—Quiet. Middling at 8⅝c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	closed. To-day.
October	8.16	8.15	8.15	8.15
November	8.18	8.18	8.08	8.16
December	8.26	8.28	8.20	8.25
January	8.40	8.40	8.35	8.36
February	8.54	8.53	8.49	8.49
March	8.67	8.66	8.61	8.61
April	8.79	8.77	8.72	8.72
May	8.90	8.87	8.82	8.82
June	9.00	8.98	8.92	8.92
July	9.10	9.07	9.01	9.01
August	9.19	9.15	9.10	9.10
	Steady.			Quiet.

Sales to-day, 99,000 bales.

Lumber Market.

Reported by the Russell-Massengale Commission Co., Lumber Commission Merchants, southwest corner Main and Olive streets.

We report a very dull market for the week just past, receipts light and demand poor for oak, gum and cypress, while poplar boards and squares are wanted at good prices. The "car famine" continues and the rivers are very low. Hence light receipts. We quote:

Poplar Boards and Squares—$25@28.50 and $15@16.50 for 1st and 2d and com. Good demand.

Cypress—Very quiet; 1@3 in., $24@26 and $14@16 for 1st and 2d and com.; high grades only wanted Poor stock dull.

Oak—Plain sawn, $24@25 and $10 less for common; quartered white oak, $30@33; red, $28@30 for first and second and $15 for common; fellows, 60@65c; reaches and bolsters; $25@26; tongues, $28@30. Demand light.

Red Gum—Quiet, $20@21 and $10@11 for dry stock.

Walnut—$70@75, $40@42 and $20 for 1st and 2d, common and culls. Good demand for nice stock.

Cherry—$70, $38@40 and $15 for 1st and 2d, common and culls.

Ash—Wanted; $26@28 for 1 and 4 in. 1st and 2d; common, $10 less.

Hickory—Wanted. Axles, $30@34, as to sizes; boards, $28@30, and $15 for 1st and 2d and common.

Yellow Pine—Rough strips, 1x4 or 6, $17.50; dry finish, 1x8 and up, $19@19.50; D. and M. stock, ⅞x4 or 6, $17.50@18; star, $15.50@16, and common, $11.50@12.

Cottonwood—Dull at $11.50@12.

Maple—$13.50@14, mill run.

Sycamore—Quartered, $25@26; plain, $13@14, mill run.

Marine.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Arrived: Steamer Richmond Hill from London.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Arrived: Dania, from Havre.

MONTREAL, Oct. 30.—The Allan Line steamship Parisian from Liverpool for Montreal passed Martin River at 8 o'clock this morning.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 30.—The Allan steamship Circassian arrived here this morning from Montreal.

LIVE STOCK.

St. Louis Union Yards.

Don M. Palmer, Manager; W. A. Ramsey, Secretary; John J. Fletcher, Asst. Superintendent.

Weekly Review.

Cattle—The representative sales for the week, including last Friday and closing at noon to-day, were 3,331 head. The tone of the market has been quite satisfactory for decent stuff. Good blocky steers and ripe smooth heifers and cow stuff, while in fair receipt, was in demand every day this week and more were wanted every day before the close of the market. There were no fluctuations in values except on Tuesday, when there was a tendency to edge up prices a trifle, but it was not successful for the very good reason that buyers knew that they were paying as much if not more than any market prices in the country for good meat. The prospects are good in this department for next week. There was a steady range in prices on good to best cows and calves, which were in fair demand every day at the quotations. There was also a moderate inquiry for good stockers and feeders, with prices steady. The only kind that fell off any in price was on veal calves. These are from $1 to $1.50 lower than was noted last week. The demand has not been large but may improve some next week, but without any additional gain in values.

Now for common cattle. The run has been large and while top-heavy could not be reckoned as a glut like other markets suffered. Under these conditions a stimulus to prices was not to be looked for but a decline was, which came. But it was not large, about 15 to 20c. This was only on the trashy to common kinds and made in all a decline of 30 to 50c per 100 in the past fortnight. Everything was sold regularly each day at the decline, nothing being carried over. While there was no decline on the medium grades there were some light fluctuations, with the demand quite fair, and indications fair for next week. The market closed steadily this afternoon with the market quotations as follows:

Grades.	Price ⅌ 100 ℔s
Fancy steers, 1,400 to 1,600 ℔s	$ 5 00 to $5 80
Choice steers, 1,300 to 1,400 ℔s	5 00 to 5 50
Good steers, 1,100 to 1,200	4 50 to 5 25
Butcher steers, 950 to 1,500	3 50 to 4 15
Stockers and feeders	2 00 to 2 25
Good to choice feeders	2 25 to 3 00
Choice cows and heifers	2 50 to 3 50
Common to fair cows	1 25 to 1 75
Trashy cow stock	1 00 to 1 30
Butchers' bulls	2 25 to 2 50
Sausage bulls	1 50 to 2 00
Calves, ⅌ 100 ℔s	4 00 to 6 00
Common cows and calves	12 00 to 16 00
Good to choice	23 00 to 28 00

The representative sales to-day were:

No. Description.	Av.	Price.
10 Southwest steers	1,056	$3 50
15 native heifers	756	3 00
15 native stockers	789	2 25
26 common Southwest cows	814	1 15
19 Southwest feeders	1,021	2 87½
14 Southwest mixed	798	1 50
29 native stockers	836	2 60
28 common Southwest cows and heifers	707	1 45
15 stock yearlings	678	2 30
17 native cows and heifers	941	1 90
10 native cows and heifers	943	2 50
32 native mixed	773	1 87½
15 rough native stockers	996	2 75
26 Arkansas mixed	700	1 37½
20 Arkansas steers	895	1 80

347 retail from $1 to $3.75.

Hogs—The representative sales from, and including last Friday up to noon to-day, were 10,317 head. The receipts, while liberal, were all readily absorbed at the decline during the week, which was from 25c to 30c. There was a good demand for all kinds of hogs, and the prospects are good for the ensuing week as the close to-day was very satisfactory and steady at the prices paid in the business of yesterday. Good to choice hogs run from $3.75 to $4 to-day, while butchers' selects commanded from a nickel to 5 cents higher, but there were only a few sold. Rough to mixed packing grades sold from $3.50 to $3.75, and other grades from $3 up. The representative sales to-day were:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
20	249	$4 05	120	222	$3 90
22	281	3 90	55	196	3 90
21	182	4 10	44	238	3 85
66	215	3 90	71	217	3 95
130	218	3 80	73	203	3 85
72	178	3 70	37	159	3 50
88	184	3 65	64	194	3 75
74	216	3 90	63	187	3 75
88	221	4 10	23	210	4 10
23	188	3 90	54	210	4 00
171	196	3 85	55	203	3 90
143	155	3 50	69	195	3 75
84	187	3 75	91	215	3 90
49	214	4 05	90	201	4 10
73	213	3 90	37	212	3 75
74	240	4 10	72	217	4 00
64	198	3 90	70	205	3 95
69	227	3 95	69	201	3 90
57	231	4 00	75	198	3 75
52	191	3 70	27	214	4 05
81	197	3 95	48	185	3 92½
74	238	4 05	70	206	4 00
74	238	3 95	66	218	3 95
31	250	4 00	69	222	4 00
12	251	3 85	53	223	4 00
66	231	4 00	83	206	4 05
72	178	3 85	39	180	3 50
42	148	3 50			

Sheep—The sheep market has not had much spirit this week. The receipts have not been large, but have been plentiful for the demands of the market every day this week. The Eastern movement is still suffering complete restriction as the consequence of unsatisfactory prices. This for the present reduces the demand here to practically local business. Anything below good to best grades of muttons and lambs were of no interest to the trade, being absolutely neglected. Good to best muttons sold at from $3.75 to $4.25 with a very easy feeling prevailing. Good to best lambs sold at $4 to $4.50. These figures are in duplicate of last week's. The close was steady. The representative sales from and including last Friday until noon to-day were 2,409 head. The representative sales to-day were:

No. Description.	Av.	Price.
22 Southwest common to fair	86	$3 25
67 Southwest common to fair	75	3 25
83 Southwest common to fair	71	3 25
66 Southwest common to fair	75	3 25
65 Southwest common to fair	70	3 25
40 Southwest common to fair	77	3 25
47 Southwest fair	73	3 50
32 native mixed fair	93	3 65
16 native mixed good	122	4 00
100 native mixed good	78	4 20
10 native mixed good	116	4 00

Stock Yard Notes.

Strothcamp & Sanders of Sullivan, Mo., marketed a car of hogs to-day.

Baxter & King, Hannibal, Mo., sent in a car of hogs to-day.

C. H. Knox, Davis, Mo., marketed a car of hogs.

Cobb & Hammack, New Hope, Mo., sent in a car of cattle and hogs to-day.

Wm. Moore, Troy, Mo., sent in a car of cattle and hogs to-day.

J. H. Thurman, Troy, Mo., marketed a car of cattle and hogs.

M. Gray, O'Fallon, Mo., was here with a car of cattle and hogs.

W. G. Allison, Chester, Ill., had his usual consignment of hogs to-day.

Huber & Biechle, Perryville, Mo., marketed a car of hogs.

G. T. Malone, Huntsville, Mo., sent in hogs.

A. Bradsher, Clifton Hill, Mo., sent in hogs.

N. A. Crutchfield, Clifton Hill, Mo., sent hogs and cattle.

Gardner & Pearl, High Hill, Mo., sent in hogs.

J. E. Brawner, Allerton, Mo., sent in hogs.

James Bros., Kansas City, Mo., sent in cattle.

C. C. Henderson, Cyscue, Mo., sent in cattle.

E. B. Pegram, Montgomery, Mo., sent in hogs

F. Moeller, Chamois, Mo., sent in sheep.

J. M. Hays, Hopewell, Mo., sent in cattle and sheep.

D. L. Glaics, Fredricktown, Mo., sent in cattle.

William Quisenbery, Sturgeon, Mo., sent in hogs.

E. Grant of Thompson, Mo., sent in hogs.

L. C. Anthony of Centralia, was on the market with a carload of hogs.

Fountain & Green of Sturgeon, Mo., marketed a load of hogs.

C. L. Bruce of Thompson, Mo., sent in hogs.

E. M. Pringle of Foristell, Mo., sent in hogs.

John Cunningham of Wentzville, Mo., sent in hogs and cattle.

Wm. Jackson of Chamois, Mo., sent in hogs.

Stephen Ortmeyer, Osage, Mo., sent in hogs to-day.

C. W. White, Wellsville, Mo., sent in hogs.

Mr. McBride, Jr., Centralia, Mo., sent in hogs.

Leubbert & Buthe, Westphalia, Mo., sent in hogs and cattle.

Geo. Ware, Cyrene, Mo., sent in cattle and hogs.

J. R. Harris, Allenton, Mo., sent in cattle.

T. E. Dixon, Anapolis, Mo., sent in cattle.

W. T. Hart, Boone County, Mo., sent in hogs.

S. Walz, Berger, Mo., sent in cattle and hogs.

Shaffner & Haid, Berger, Mo., sent in hogs.

L. T. Hall, Potosi, Mo., sent in cattle and hogs.

T. E. Griffith, Dewitt, Mo., sent in hogs.

E. L. McComber, Hopewell, Mo., sent in cattle.

G. W. Nifong, Fredericktown, Mo., sent in cattle and hogs.

T. D. Smith, Villa Ridge, Mo., sent in hogs.

Balcombush & Co., Westphalia, Mo., sent in cattle.

J. R. Gill, Readsville, Mo., sent in cattle, hogs and sheep.

L. M. Hayden, Silex, Mo., sent in hogs.

M. F. Ornstreet, Holt Summit, Mo., sent in cattle.

Newton Bartlett, Marshfield, Mo., sent in hogs.

Emmet Foristell, Foristell, Mo., sent in hogs.

Col. Don N. Palmer, the general manager of the Union Yards, issued an advisory circular yesterday to livestock men along the Cairo Short Line telling them to route their shipments via the Merchants' Bridge to the Union Yards to prevent any delay. Col. Palmer's efforts to improve the interests of the livestock business of St. Louis has given him a name that is nothing less than national in importance.

Horses and Mules.

Reported by Martin Bros., horse and mule market, Nos. 1438, 1442, 1444, 1446 North Broadway.

HORSES.

The horse market the past week was in a state of stagnation never before equaled in the month of October. The only activity manifested was the skirmishing of the sellers to catch the elusive buyer. There were more horses and less buyers here than we ever saw before and prices continued to fall with alarming regularity. Monday opened up fairly well, but ever since it has been an up-hill struggle to sell stock. This has been strictly a buyer's week, they having things entirely their own way. The few buyers that were here were mostly from the South, and they reaped a benefit. Buyers here from South Carolina, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas and Pennsylvania. Prices:

Heavy draft, extra	$120@140
Heavy draft, good	85@100
Drivers, extra	130@160
Drivers, good	100@120
Saddlers	100@150
Southern mares, extra	90@110
Southern mares, good	75@ 90
Southern horses	50@ 75
Plugs	15@ 25

MULES.

But little can be said of the mule market the past week except that it was unusually dull. In fact it was duller than any week has been for a long time. Fortunately the receipts were light, and this fact tended to save the prices, but even with that prices are lower than what they were. There was absolutely no demand. Prices:

14 hands	$ 50@ 60
14-hands, extra	65@ 70
14½ hands	70@ 75
14½-hands, extra	80@ 85
15 hands	85@ 90
15-hands, extra	95@105
15½-hands	100@110
15½-hands, extra	115@130
16-hands	115@125
16-hands extra	135@160

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts, 10,000, made up of 3,500 Texans, 4,000 rangers and 2,500 natives. Business continues slow, quality of native stock poor and prices about the same as for the past three or four days. Butchers' stock, on account of the moderate receipts of Texans, was more sought after, and perhaps here and there a load of prime cows and heifers may have sold for more money than for a day or two past, but the great bulk of the ordinary run of cow stock sold fully as low as at any time. Texans ruled rather strong on the best and prime rangers sold strong; stockers and feeders were in fair demand and steady. Hogs—Receipts, 39,000; opened strong on good grades, but closed a good 5c lower; light grades sold 5@10c lower from the start to the finish; rough and common, $3.75@3.85; mixed and packers, $3.90@4.05; prime heavy and butchers' weights, $4.10@4.30; regulation assorted light, $3.95@4.05; light light, $3.75@3.95. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000. In fair demand and steady.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 30.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,000; shipments, 4,500; market steady to strong. Steers, $3.25@6. Hogs—Receipts, 12,700; shipments, 3,600. Market strong. Others dull; all grades, $3.25@4.00. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; shipments, 700; steady.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29, 11 a. m.—A continuation of yesterday's strength was shown at the opening of the stock market this morning, first prices being from ⅛ to ⅜ per cent better than those of last evening, but the upward movement went no further, the whole list, with the exception of the Wheeling & Lake Erie shares declining from the opening sales. The losses, however, were insignificant, though the opening advances were wiped out, after which dullness and stagnation marked the dealings during the rest of the hour. St. Paul, Northern Pacific preferred, Atchison and Chicago Gas were the only shares showing any animation and at 11 o'clock the market was dull and fairly steady at small fractions below the opening figures.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Noon—Money easy at 3 per cent. Dullness was still the most prominent characteristic of the stock market after 11 o'clock, but there was a little more animation in Burlington and Atchison at improving prices, and the early losses were recovered in most of the leading shares. No special feature marked the trading at any time, however, and at noon the market was dull and steady to firm, at about opening figures. The sales of stock were to noon: Listed, 78,700; unlisted, 6,600.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 30.—Mexican 4s, 71⅛; stock, 71⅛; Allouez, 2@2¼; Atlantic, 12; Montana, 43⅛; Butte, 15; Centennial, 13; Franklin, 16⅛; Kearsarge, 12; Osceola, 32; Santa Fe, 30.

Special Market Letters.

Private Wire to J. P. Grier.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—The wheat market was unsettled, opening at 95⅛c and closing at 94⅛c for Dec. The wise heads predict 90c for Dec. The wish is father to the thought. Rye at 90½c and wheat at 94⅛c now, we believe in buying for investment.

Corn at the present price is too low. Buy it for year and May.

Provisions closed at about inside prices of the day. The market ruled weak during the session. Too many hogs and not enough speculation to meet the offerings of packers. There was considerable pressure to sell Dec. pork for outside account.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow are 400 cars wheat, 400 corn, 325 oats and 17,000 hogs.

F. G. LOGAN & CO.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST COMPANY.
303 North Fourth Street, St. Louis.
CAPITAL, $1,500,000.00.
OFFICERS:
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THOS. O'REILLY, M. D., Physician.
CHARLES CLARK, Capitalist.
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JOHN W. KAUFMAN, Pres't Kaufman Milling Co.
JULIUS S. WALSH, President.
Pays 4% on Savings Deposits.

UNION TRUST COMP'Y OF ST. LOUIS.
Capital One Million Dollars, Full Paid.
Offices S.W. Corner Ninth and Olive Streets
Is authorized by law to act as Executor, Administator, Guardian, Curator, Assignee and Receiver, or to become Surety upon the bond of individuals acting in either of these capacities.
Executes trusts of every description.
Receives Deposits in Any Amount FROM ONE DOLLAR and Upwards and Allows Liberal Interest on Same.
Safe Deposit Boxes in Convenient Sizes for Rent AT LOW RATES.
Carlos S. Greeley, 1st Vice President. Wm. Taussig, 2d Vice President. Wm. E. Hughes, President. C. F. Gauss, 3d Vice President. C. Tompkins, Treasurer.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION.
HULL, STEELE & CO.,
Live Stock Commission Merchants.
E. B. Hull, General Manager. C. T. Steele, Bookkeeper. Z. T. Steele, Cattle Salesman. Chas. Wells, Hog Salesman.
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J. W. OVERSTREET. J. A. McNEILEY.
OVERSTREET & McNEILEY,
Commission salesmen and forwarding agents for all kinds of LIVE STOCK.
Office: Nos. 1 and 2 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo.
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2-7 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo.
BLAKELY SANDERS-MANN CO.,
(Formerly Blakely Sanders & Co.)
Live Stock Commission Merchants
Offices { 5 and 6, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis. 5, National Stock Yards, Ill.
Consignments Solicited 2-7

FINANCIAL.
FOR SALE.
Union Depot and Mound City Street Railway Co.'s 6 per cent 20-year gold bonds.
A statement from the books of the Union Depot Railroad Co. for the first nine months of this year shows the
Gross earnings $337,720 68
Total expense 217,904 69
Net profit for nine months $119,815 99
Which will pay one year's interest on $1,000,000 bonds $ 60,000 00
5 per cent on $1,000,000 stock 50,000 00
And leave a surplus of 9,815 99
Total $119,815 99
The Mound City Street Railway Co.'s statement shows for the same period:
Gross earnings $206,719 35
Total expense 121,707 41
Net profit for 9 months $ 85,011 94
Which will pay 1 year's interest on $525,000 bonds $ 31,500 00
10 per cent on $525,000 stock 52,500 00
And leave a surplus of 1,011 94
Total $85,011 94
I still have a limited number of these issues for sale, at a price that will net about 5 1-2 per cent on the amount invested.
I also have on hand Citizens' (Cable) Railway Co.'s 6 per cent 20-year bonds.
People's (Cable) Railway Co.'s 6 per cent 5-15 year bonds.
St. Louis (Cable) Railroad Co.'s 5 per cent 20-year bonds.
Lindell Railway Co.'s 5 per cent 20-year bonds.
East St. Louis Electric Street Railway Co.'s 6 per cent 5 20 year bonds.
St. Louis City and United States Government bonds taken in exchange at the highest market rates.
Full particulars will be furnished by writing to or calling on
JAMES CAMPBELL,
Bonds and Stocks. 307 Pine st.

Saml. A. Gaylord. John H. Blessing.
GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.
307 OLIVE ST.
DEALERS IN HIGH-GRADE BONDS.
Suitable for Savings Bank and Trust Funds.
FOR SALE.
St. Louis City Bonds.
Broadway Cable 5s.
Norborne City, Carroll County, Mo., School 6s.
Macon City, Mo., 5s.
St. Joseph City 4s.
GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.,
307 OLIVE ST.
BONDS!
St. Louis 6 per cent.
St. Louis 4 per cent, due 1918.
Aurora, Mo., 5 per cent.
Ralls County 5 per cent.
Pettis County 5 per cent.
Broadway Cable 5 per cent.
New Birmingham, Tex., 6 per cent.
FOR SALE BY
A. J. WEIL & CO.,
219 N. Third St.
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Bonds and stocks of every description bought and sold outright or on commission. Will be pleased to serve you.
GEO. M. HUSTON & CO.,
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Monthly quotation circular mailed free. A large line of first-class securities always on hand.

SOME TIPS ON CLOTHING

SEE OUR GREAT
$5.00
Boys' Knee-Pant Suits.
They can't be beat anywhere for $7.50.

SEE OUR GREAT
$3.50
Boys' Knee-Pant Suits.
They are sold everywhere for $5.00.

SEE OUR GREAT
$1.50
Boys' Knee-Pant Suits.
They are sold everywhere for $2.50.

SEE OUR GREAT LINE OF
"Gold Medal" Suits for Boys.
The cream of taste; make and workmanship unexcelled.
$6.50,
$7.50,
$8.50,
$10.00.
Every one who sees these goods is delighted with them.

SEE OUR GREAT LINE OF
OVERCOATS.

SEE OUR GREAT LINE OF
"London Smoke," "Wood Browns," "Nut Browns"
For Boys 14 to 18 years.

BOYS' SUITS
In the above ages, for school wear,
$5.00,
$6.50,
$7.50,
$8.50,
$10.00.

Our Eiffel Tower Make for Dress Wear.
$12.50,
$15.00,
$16.50,
$18.50,
$20.00,
$25.00.
Equal to made-to-measure goods.

SEE OUR GREAT LINE OF
OVERCOATS.

SEE OUR GREAT
$10.00
MEN'S SUITS.
You can't match them anywhere for less than $15. These are not $10 Suits for $9.99, but just what we say they are.

SEE OUR GREAT
$12.50
MEN'S SUITS.
Match 'em if you can anywhere for less than $18.50 and $20.

SEE OUR GREAT
$15.00
MEN'S SUITS.
They are equal to Suits made to measure at $25.

SEE OUR GREAT
Eiffel Tower Make of Suits,
$16.50, $18.50, $20, $22.50, $25 and $30. They are equal to any Suits made to measure costing $30 to $75.

SEE OUR GREAT LINE OF
OVERCOATS.

SEE OUR GREAT LINE
$7.50
Tailored Trousers.
You can't match them in any tailor shop for less than $12.50.

SEE OUR GREAT
$5.00
Tailored Trousers.
You can't get better for $10 in a tailor shop.

SEE OUR GREAT
$3.50
MEN'S PANTS.
They are sold everywhere as a bargain for $5.00.

SEE OUR GREAT
$2.50
MEN'S PANTS.
They are worth $3.50 of any man's money.

SEE OUR GREAT
$1.50
Working Pants.
No better sold for $2.50 anywhere.

The London Smoke, Wood Browns, Nut Browns, in all the leading novelties for Men's, Boys' and Children's wear. No such a line of Ready-to-wear Clothing was ever shown in St. Louis.

Famous

☞ **THE CANDLE EXPIRED THIS MORNING AT 11:25** ☜

Having burnt 1,415 hours and 25 minutes, being 59 days, lacking 35 minutes. This great Candle was lit on Sept. 1 at 12 o'clock noon and burnt continuously until Oct. 30, at 11:25 a. m. Over 150,000 guesses have been received. The investigation of ballots commenced to-day at 12 o'clock and the result will be made public as soon as reached by the investigators.

OPEN TILL 10 P. M. SATURDAYS.

Typewriters still go Free with purchases of $10.00 or over.

BROADWAY AND MORGAN

VERIFIED BY POPULAR OPINION.

POPULAR opinion, backed up by popular conduct, is pretty conclusive evidence that popular opinion is correct.

This is the case in regard to the Browning, King & Co. Clothing.

Popular opinion declares it the best, and popular patronage verifies it.

Mothers and fathers of boys and men in all occupations and professions unite in this opinion and evidence their belief by their patronage.

Furthermore, they are firmly established in their belief by the knowledge of experience.

The test of service is convincing of value.

Our Elegant Overcoats,
Our Stylish Suits,
Our Perfect Trouserings,
at the prices we put on them as manufacturers, are the verities which keep us always ahead in popular opinion.

BROWNING, KING & CO.,
Cor. Broadway and Pine St.

DIRECTLY OPP. POST-OFFICE.

WHY IS IT

That we are kept constantly busy, and yet the proper fall season has not matured? It's easily guessed at. Our stock of High Art Merchant Tailor-Made Garments at popular prices has found favor with the masses.

THAT'S WHAT IT IS,

When you can buy a suit of clothes that was made up by first-class merchant tailors in every conceivable style from $25 to $50 for $10, $12, $15, $20 and $25.

When you can get a nobby made-up-to-order Fall and Winter Weight Overcoat from $10 to $20 THAT'S WORTH DOUBLE THE PRICE.

The same can be said with the Pantaloons that we are selling from $2.50 to $7, that are cheap at twice the amount we ask.

We positively guarantee a perfect fit to every purchaser.

Open daily to 9 p. m.; Saturdays till 11 p.m.

ONLY GENUINE

Misfit Clothing Parlors
808 OLIVE ST.
FAGIN BUILDING OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

808 OLIVE STREET 808

Mail orders promptly attended to.

DIRECTLY OPP. POST-OFFICE.

Wants! Wants! Wants!
Big or Little, will be obtained through the Post-Dispatch Want Columns.

HUMPHREY'S.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30, 1891.

The weather indications for St. Louis to-day are fair weather.

Beautiful and Good!

Yes, truly so, are the new lots of Suits and Overcoats that have been placed on our counters this week. The Tan and Steel Blue Cheviots, together with the Fancy Worsted Suits, all tend to make our stock the attraction that it is.

Tan Cheviot Suits, $20, $22, $25, $30.
Steel Blue Cheviot Suits, $20 and $25.
Fancy Worsted Suits,
$15, $18, $20, $25, $30 and $35.
Double-breasted Kersey Overcoats,
$20 to $40.
Single-breasted Kersey Overcoats,
$15 to $40.
Double-breasted Melton Overcoats,
$20 to $40.
Single-breasted Melton Overcoats,
$15 to $35.

F. W. Humphrey & Co.,
Broadway and Pine.

LADIES' CLOTH-TOP SHOES

AT

Joel Swope & Bro.'s,

311 North Broadway.

An elegant stock of the best makes, in Button and Lace styles, heavy or light weights, at prices from

$3 to $6.50 a Pair

Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Mailed free.

DO YOU KNOW

THAT

WOLFF'S SHOE Parlor

IS GETTING THE TRADE OF THE TOWN?

WHY?

BECAUSE you can buy Men's Shoes for $3 that will give as much wear as any $5 shoe you buy elsewhere.
BECAUSE you can buy Wolff's $2 Ladies' Shoes, which are identically the same as others ask $2.50 and $3 for.
BECAUSE Wolff's Child's Shoe, sizes 8 to 10½, for $1 are great leaders.
BECAUSE Wolff is striving harder to please the trade by giving better values than old established houses.

New York Oysters
25 Cents Per. Doz.
DELICATESSEN LUNCH ROOMS.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL
and Restaurant. 415 Chestnut st.

CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer. 814 Pine st.

IN HIS WIFE'S ARMS.

Engineer E. Weiland Dies of His Injuries This Morning.

E. Weiland, the engineer of the Chester & Keller Manufacturing Co., who was badly burned in an explosion yesterday evening, died in the City Hospital at 1 o'clock this morning in the arms of his loving wife who remained by his side from the hour he was hurt. Weiland lived at 3825 South Thirteenth street, but he was taken to the hospital yesterday, where he could be given the closest attention. The flames had burned the entire surface of his head, his arms and body. He suffered great agony from the moment he was hurt until he died. Weiland was 30 years of age, a resident of this city all his life and leaves a wife and two children.

Henry Roescher, the fireman who was burned in the explosion with Weiland, is in a fair way to recovery.

Lowest-Priced House in America for Fine
DIAMONDS.

Diamond Finger-Rings	$18 to $ 500
Diamond Ear-Rings	20 to 3,000
Diamond Lace Pins	15 to 1,200
Diamond Bracelets	25 to 900
Diamond Studs	10 to 600
Diamond Collar Buttons	5 to 150

Finest qualities, imported direct. See them at MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Broadway and Locust.
Catalogue, 2,000 engravings, mailed free.

AN UNCANNY SPECTACLE.

Human Skeletons Knocked Down to the Highest Bidder.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Human skeletons have long been recognized as a legitimate article of commerce, and year by year the demand has steadily increased from all parts of the civilized world. But an auction sale of such bones is very much of a novelty. Such a sale, however, was held, however, yesterday in Maiden Lane, when fifteen skeletons were sold to the highest bidder. Each one was carefully articulated and mounted within a glass case, and those who came to see, and perhaps to buy, gave no suggestion by their manner or remarks that the occasion was a novelty to them. The crowd was largely composed of physicians seeking specimens, with a liberal sprinkling of women. The skeletons sold at fair prices, but a lot of loose bones went for a song.

The stock was that of a firm of dealers in surgical supplies, who failed about a month since. There would have been more bones sold, but Tuesday night two deputy sheriffs removed four skeletons on a writ of replevin for the National Bank of Deposit. The skeletons were part of a consignment from Europe shortly prior to the firm's failure. The bank cashed a draft which accompanied the consignment, and the writ of replevin was taken out to recover the money.

PERFECTION IN ACCURACY AND ELEGANCE.

Our solid gold hunting, stem-winding, gentlemen's watches, with our warranted "Standard" movement, $45, $50 and $60.

MERMOD & JACCARD,
Broadway, Corner Locust.

Theodore Thomas Will Be Here.

The managers of the Thomas concerts, which will be given at Exposition Hall next Monday and Tuesday evenings, desire to correct the erroneous report which has been circulated, that Theodore Thomas would not be with his great musical organization. Mr. Thomas will be here and will direct both concerts. There has been a large sale of seats and that large and fashionable audiences will attend the concerts is assured.

CHEAPER THAN ANTHRACITE

For stove, grate or furnace,
PITTSBURGH CRUSHED COKE.
DEVOY & FEUERBORN, Sole Agents,
704 Pine street.

DESPOTIC GEN. GARCIA.

A Career of Violence on the Mexican Border.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 30.—Reports from Rio Grande City, Tex., state that First Lieutenant Alonzo Bazan, a young officer of the Mexican, army has deserted and taken up a residence in this country. Some weeks ago Bazan's brother was shot by order of Brig.-Gen. Garcia on the theory that he was a Garza revolutionist. Lieut. Bazan has been wild with rage ever since, and before leaving his army sent a challenge to Gen. Garcia. When he saw there was danger that he would be court martialed and shot for sending the challenge he bade his company an affectionate farewell, discorded his uniform and fled across the Rio Grande to United States soil.

General evidence continues to accumulate that the Mexicans executed by Gen. Garcia were not guilty of the offense for which they died, and that some of them were entitled to the protection of the Stars and Stripes by reason of having formally declared their intention of becoming American citizens. Reports are received of other like executions, which are studiously concealed by the Mexican military.

Gratifying to All.

The high position attained and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs, as the most excellent laxative known, illustrate the value of the qualities on which its success is based and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup Company.

TITLES ENDANGERED.

A Suit for Possession of a Valuable Part of Denver, Colo.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 30.—Andrew M. Adams has filed suit against Mrs. H. W. Warran, the widow of John W. Iliff, and Will S. Iliff and Louisa Iliff for the possession of 160 acres on the Union Pacific, a few miles east of Denver. In 1866 Adams was a cattle king, and Iliff was his agent. Erastus Eastman sold 100 head of cattle belonging to Adams and refused to pay for them, but finally consented to give the tract of land, which belonged to Eastman. Adams agreed, and had him deed it over to Iliff to dispose of it for him. Adams had 5,000 head of cattle taken from him by Indians on the plains in 1867, and spent years in recovering damages, and was also paralyzed. The land is now worth $500,000, and he has sued for it.

Ladies' Hand-Made Princess

—IN—

Our Price, $3.60.

CLOTH OR KID TOPS,

Double or Single Soles.

It will pay you to see our Misses' Hand-Made Welts.

FAMOUS SHOE DEP'T,

Broadway and Morgan.

TO HASTEN CONSTRUCTION.

Work on World's Fair Buildings to Be Vigorously Prosecuted.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30.—The Chief of Construction of the World's Fair has ordered the contractors who are constructing the World's Fair buildings to double the force of men employed on the buildings. The Chief of Construction made the order imperative and said that they would have to work two shifts of men eight hours each for make sixteen hours constitute a day's work.

The necessity of haste has been apparent for some time to a number of World's Fair officials. Several weeks ago Exposition officers visited the grounds and discovered that on the Electricity Building, over seven hundred feet long and nearly three hundred feet wide, there were but forty-seven men employed. On the manufacturers' building, which is 1,800 feet long and 700 feet wide, not more than twice that number of men were at work. Throughout the grounds a similar ratio of workmen to the size of the building prevailed. Since that time there has been a careful survey of what has been going on, and it was decided that the contractors would have to increase their working forces 100 per cent. The buildings actively under way and on which visible progress has been made are the mines and mining, electricity, manufactures, administration, women's, horticultural and transportation.

LADY GUIDES.

SALISBURY, N. C., Oct. 30.—Mrs. Charles Price of Salisbury, Third Vice-President of the Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair, has just received a letter from Mrs. Potter Palmer, highly approving an idea originated by Mrs. Price, of employing for guides at the Fair a number of Southern women, who will thus be given an opportunity of paying their expenses during the Exposition and perhaps of earning a handsome sum. Their duty will be to take people over the Exposition grounds, and also to act as interpreters for these who do not speak our language.

Worth $300,000.

ASHLAND, Pa., Oct. 30.—Jacob Lawrence, an old man employed as a car inspector for the Reading Railroad Co. at Gordon, received injuries last Friday which caused his death the following day. Since then it has been learned that he was worth about $300,000, which he had invested in real estate in Brooklyn, N. Y. His only relative living is a sister, who resides in Brooklyn. She inherits his fortune.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Come TO THE Globe

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

We have stirred them all up—the clothing dealer and the clothing buyer. Our competitors can't understand how we can sell

Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits and Overcoats,

The highest of tailor art and latest importations, from $12.50 to $25. But that is a secret we don't give away. Are we busy? Well—just come and see. You'd be surprised. Cheaper grades of Men's Good Suits and Overcoats as low as $4.50.

BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS—Largest variety, from $1 to $15.

PANTS FOR EVERYBODY—From a 25c Boys' Pants to the Finest Baltimore Tailor-Made pants for Men at $7.50.

LATEST JERSEY AND KILT SUITS—$3 to $6.

SPECIALTIES IN SHOES—Ladies' fine $3 Dongola Shoes at $2. Gents' $3.50 Calf Shoes at $2.50.

HATS TO COVER HEADS OF ALL SHAPES—Special $3 Fine Stiff Hats, $1.50 and $2.

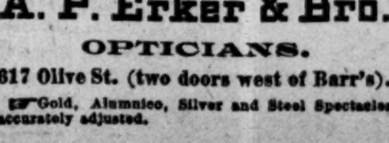
UNDERWEAR AND SHIRTS FOR ALL—Finest Australian and Camel's Hair Underwear, $1 and $1.25. All-Wool Jersey Coats, $3.

☞ **Fine Brass Drums Free with Children's Suits, $4 and above.**

GLOBE,

703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Open evenings until 9, Saturdays until 11 p. m. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Country orders promptly filled. Telephone 2840.



A. P. Erker & Bro.
OPTICIANS.
617 Olive St. (two doors west of Barr's).
☞ Gold, Alumnico, Silver and Steel Spectacles accurately adjusted.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

St. Louis School of Fine Arts.
NIGHT CLASSES

Monday, Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7:30 to 9:30 o'clock.

A full course of instruction will be furnished in Freehand Drawing, from casts and life, in Mechanical Drawing and Modeling.

Night Classes begin Monday, Nov. 2. Students will be enrolled on application at the office of the School of Fine Arts, cor. 19th and Locust sts., (entrance on east side), between 8 and 9 p. m., on Saturday, Oct. 31, and on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday evenings during the term.

HUMPHREY'S.
ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30, 1891.
The weather indications for St. Louis to-day are
weather.

Beautiful
and Good!

Yes, truly so, are the new lots of Suits and Overcoats that have been placed on our counters this week. The Tan and Steel Blue Cheviots, together with the Fancy Worsted Suits, all tend to make our stock the attraction that it is.

Tan Cheviot Suits, $20, $22, $25, $30.
Steel Blue Cheviot Suits, $20 and $25.
Fancy Worsted Suits, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30 and $35.
Double-breasted Kersey Overcoats, $20 to $40.
Single-breasted Kersey Overcoats, $15 to $40.
Double-breasted Melton Overcoats, $20 to $40.
Single-breasted Melton Overcoats, $15 to $35.

. W. Humphrey & Co.,
Broadway and Pine.

-TOP SHOES
& Bro.'s,
oadway.
kes, in Button and Lace
hts, at prices from
o a Pair
gue. Mailed free.

E
Globe
-MORROW.
aler and the clothing buyer. Our
Suits and Overcoats,
om $12.50 to $25. But that is a
just come and see. You'd be sur-
Overcoats as low as $4.50.
t variety, from $1 to $15.
ys' Pants to the Finest Baltimore
to $6.
Dongola Shoes at $2. Gents' $3.50
APES—Special $3 Fine Stiff Hats,
—Finest Australian and Camel's
Coats, $3.
s Suits, $4 and above.
BE,
RANKLIN AVENUE.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
2840.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Louis School of Fine Arts.
NIGHT CLASSES

THE POST-DISPATCH—PAGES 9 AND 10.

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 30, 1891.

REAL ESTATE INTERESTS.

Values at the Corners of Broadway and Olive—Sales of the Day.

The sale of an interest in the old Insurance Exchange property on the southeast corner of Broadway and Olive streets, on a basis of $6,400 a foot for the Broadway frontage of 88½ feet, reported in last evening's POST-DISPATCH, created a good deal of discussion among the real estate fraternity, as the price is generally recognized to be the highest figure at which property in this city has yet sold for. The consideration paid is not considered too much, however. In fact the majority of the agents who are best posted on central values are free to say that the purchasers could well have afforded to pay $10,000 for the property, rather than let some one else buy the interest. In this connection it very well known that $8,000 a foot has been refused for the southwest corner of Broadway and Olive street, and that when the owner was asked if he would consider a proposition of $10,000 a foot his reply was that he did not care about selling. The improvements on the southwest corner are no better than those on the southeast corner, the buildings on both sites being worth nothing as compared with the value of the ground. It has been stated that a sale of the southwest corner of Broadway and Olive street, where there is a fairly good building, lately remodeled, could have been made not long ago at the rate of $10,000 a front foot.

SALES.

Love & Sons report the following sales: North Tenth street—Nos. 2611 and 2613, between Warne and Montgomery, two six-room brick dwellings and 40x76 feet of ground, renting for $45 a month, property of Dr. John A. Leary, to A. W. Hutchings for $4,200.

Grand avenue—East side, 170 feet south of St. Louis avenue, a 42x120-foot lot at $80 a foot, from the Hull estate, to C. Hanansky.

J. T. Donovan & Co. report the sales of an eight-room brick dwelling and 35x180 feet of ground at No. 1364 Euclid avenue for $6,000 from Louis J. Silva to Benjamin F. Small.

Lingenfelder & Bokern report the sale of a 25x150-foot lot on the south line of the Old Manchester road, between McRea and Tower Grove avenues, from the Dundee Land & Improvement Co. to Frederick Rusche at $20 a foot, and 25x125 feet of ground on the west side of Nebraska avenue, between Arsenal and Juniata streets, from Anthony Bokern to Peter Remming at $18 a foot.

McNair & Farish sold a 50-foot lot on Greeley avenue in Tuxedo for $500 to J. C. Parker, and 50 feet on Clark avenue in the same tract at $20 a foot to H. B. Carter.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-Keepers.

WANTED—A set of books to keep by thoroughly competent young man of 21; can work on same only from 7:30 to 12 p. m., being otherwise engaged during the day; good reference. Address A 14, this office. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation as drug clerk; night or day; city references. Address Apiol, 3444 Park av.

WANTED—Sit at office work by a young man of 25; a good penman in English and German; can come well recommended. Address L 12, this office.

WANTED—Situation, registered pharmacist, 5 years experience; speaks German and English; don't use no stimulants; city preferred. Address F 13, this office. 37

NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS—Young newspaper man, several years' experience, wants position, city or country; telegraph, local, paragraphing or all around work. Address Minion, Post-Dispatch, St. Louis, Mo.

Coachmen.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class coachman who thoroughly understands the business; best of references. Address M 12, this office. 39

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by a white boy of 18 to take care of horses and work around house. Address M 13, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by colored man to do any kind of work. 3220 Laclede av. 43

WANTED—A position of responsibility by a reliable man with best of references. Address H 62, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by a single man of 28 to deliver and collector; has experience in English and German. Add. J. F., 3010 Olive st. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

The Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circulars. 53

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Grocery salesmen to sell the improved B. & G. Cheese Safe on commission. Will Dernell, St. Paul, Minn. 54

WANTED—Salesmen on salary, or commissions to handle the new patent chemical ink-erasing pencil; the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. We want one energetic general agent for each State and territory. For terms and full particulars add. the Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-
Hand and Business College. Day and night sessions. 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.

PERKINS & HERPEL'S
Mercantile College, cor. 4th st. and Washington av. Book-keeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting. Call or write for catalogue. Telephone 1207.

The Trades.

WANTED—Good stove mounter. Snyder & Baker, Belleville, Ill. 58

WANTED—First-class photo retoucher. Hammer, 1534 S. Broadway. 58

WANTED—Paper-hanger to paper 10-room house, Apply at 1125 N. 6th st. 58

WANTED—Paster and stitcher on men's shoe uppers. Apply to Emil J. Piteler, 402 Morgan st.

GRAND annual ball of the Journeymen Plumbers' Association of St. Louis at Uhrig's Cave Hall, Nov. 26, 1891, Thanksgiving night; elegant souvenirs. Thomas Phillips, Chairman. 58

COAL MINERS WANTED.

WANTED—100 coal miners at Hillsboro, Ill., transportation furnished. Apply Berry-Horn Coal Co., 510 Pine st. 58

Laborers

WANTED—Colored laborers. Apply at 2301 Kosciusko st. 59

WANTED—Immediately, men to mix concrete at 19th and Chestnut sts. Fruin-Bambrick Construction Co. 59

WANTED—25 men for digging trench on Old Manchester rd. and King's Highway. Apply on work. W. W. Penney Surveying Co. 58

WANTED—Laborers at Krampsville lock, Illinois River, 50 laborers, pay 12½ cents per hour and board. Apply at works, Krampsville, Ill. 59

Boys

WANTED—A boy at 4056 Washington av. 61

WANTED—Cash boy. 1226 S. Broadway. 61

WANTED—A young German boy, well recommended, to help in saloon. 114 N. Jefferson av.

WANTED—A first-class boy in a dental office, one who knows how and is willing to work and keep office clean, etc. Add. L 13, this office. 61

Stenographers.

$5 PAID for reporting stenographic vacancies. National Stenographers' Ass'n, 613 Pine st. 60

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Young man to take care of horse and work around yard. Inquire 5888 Cabanne pl.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

STOVES,
Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st. 48

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—By a person of experience a sit as a saleswoman; mantles or millinery preferred; understands general drapery. H. A. A., 11½ S. Broadway. 44

Laundresses.

WANTED—A colored laundress wishes work by the day. Address 1622 Linden st. 51

WANTED—Situation by a first-class laundress by the day or month. 2133 Division st. 51

WANTED—Washing for Mondays and Tuesdays by colored woman; will go out or take wash home. 705 N. 18th st. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Laundresses.

WANTED—A girl to do washing and ironing and light housework. 620 Locust st. 67

WANTED—At once, good flannel washer, good pay and steady work. Model Steam Laundry, 514 Chouteau av. 67

WANTED—At once, 1st-class starcher; good pay; steady work. Model Steam Laundry, 514 Chouteau av. 67

Cooks Etc.

WANTED—Woman cook; paid good wages. 1004 Pine st. 68

WANTED—Good cook; references required. 4320 Washington av. 68

WANTED—A cook to do plain cooking in restaurant. Apply 223 Elm st. 68

WANTED—A girl to do cooking and chamber work, by S. Pollak, 1129 N. Grand av. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply to Mrs. Perrin, 944 Laurel st.; wages $15 a month.

WANTED—German girl for cook and general housework. Apply in morning at 3159 S. Jefferson av. 68

FREE TREATMENT
FOR ALL DISEASES.
Small charge for medicine only; 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., daily and Sunday; consultation private. Separate waiting-room for ladies and children. Dr. Etavard's Central Dispensary, 1323 Franklin av. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—A nice nursegirl, aged 12 to 14. 4557 Pine st. 70

WANTED—A nurse-girl and to assist with upstairs work. 1019 S. 10th st. 70

WANTED—Nurse for children, 3 and 6, and to assist in housework. 3225 Lucas av. 70

WANTED—German girl to nurse and assist with housework; wages, $12 or $13; references required. 3733 Delmar av. 70

General Housework.

WANTED—Good girl for geneal housework. 1926 Cora pl. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 1729 Biddle st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 2215 Market st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 1303 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Girl for light housework; small family. 2403 Elliot av. 66

WANTED—At once, a girl for light housework. 3024 N. 22d st. 66

WANTED—Girl of 15 for general housework. 1533 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 2106 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. Apply 11 S. Cabanne av. 66

WANTED—Experienced girl to do general housework. Apply 3756 Olive st. 66

WANTED—A reliable girl for general housework; good wages. 2825 Dayton st. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family 3704 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 1454½ Clinton st. 66

WANTED—Respectable girl for general housework. 2827 N. 23d st., near St. Louis av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1820 Schild av., one block south of Lafayette av. 66

WANTED—A good colored girl for gen. housework; one that can go home at night. 701 N. 14th. 66

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; family of three. 3037 A Franklin av. 66

WANTED—Girl for light housework in small family in flat; German preferred. 4143 Finney av.

WANTED—Young, healthy girl to do housework and nursing. Apply Monday at 3024 Laclede av.

WANTED—A good girl to assist in general housework before Saturday morning. 3319 Laclede av 66

WANTED—A German girl to assist in general housework, at 3027 Morgan st. Call immediately. 66

WANTED—At once, girl for general housework. Apply 3630AB Olive st., opposite East Cabanne st. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family; German preferred. Apply Saturday at 3725 Page av. 66

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Dressmaking to take home. Call at 3575 S. Broadway. 69

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Milliner immediately at 824 Franklin av. 71

WANTED—Two women to work in the restaurant. 205 N. 12th st. 71

WANTED—Young German girl about the age of 15. 2735 Wash st. 71

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—To buy cigar and news stand west of 14th st.; good locality and trade. Add. K 13, this office. 3

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A second-hand Radiant Home square base-burner; large size. Add. A 1, this office.

WANTED—To buy a good second-hand shotgun; state price and where can be seen. Address G. B., 2108 Morgan st. 26

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY AGENTS—New household article every family buys. Sample and circulars by mail, 25c. Wm. Burton, 2514 N. 9th st., St. Louis. 78

NOW READY, Wonderful advertising machine, sells to every merchant and manufacturer; steady work; inclose stamp. Arc-O-Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis.

DANCING.

GRAHAME'S Select School, 1524 Olive; lessons at all hours for ball-room or stage. Call for terms.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for Furniture, Pianos, Vehicles, Trunks, Boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned ☞ Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co.
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 2890 and 4101.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A good horse; price $35. Widbin Bros., 820 Morgan st. 12

FOR SALE—An elegant family horse with carriage and harness. Inquire at 3900 Washington av. 12

FOR SALE—The finest and largest stock of new and second-hand vehicles and harness in the United States, buggies, phaetons, surreys, barouches, storm buggies, landaus, carts, open and top wagons of all kinds. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

ALL SORTS.

GAS burners put on gasoline stoves to burn gas; stoves exchanged. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 32

REMOVED.
Dr. D. I. Jocelyn
And Colton Dental Association, who introduced gas in St. Louis for extraction of teeth, have moved to 919 Olive st.; gas free. 32

MUSICAL.

DECKER BROS.' pianos are the best made; new, stylish designs of uprights and grands just received. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st. 27

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—M. W.: Letter received; am sorry about your friend; everything lovely; will write. F. H. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A MEDIUM for business and good advice is Mme. Francis. 1512 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo. 74

A MASSAGE treatment given by Mrs. Dr. Silva is a great benefit to you. I give salt rubbing and all kinds of baths which are of benefit to the sick and a luxury to the well. 1512 Olive st. 74

BATHS—1417 Pine st., Mrs. Brooks, genuine massage and magnetic treatment; alcohol, bay rum, oil rubbings; plain and sea salt medicated baths. 74

BATHS—Miss Grace Wright, 902 Pine st., gives sea salt and sulphur baths; massage treatment; alcohol and bay rum rubbings; soda baths. 74

CALL for the doctor at Pope's Pharmacy, 9th and Olive, treats all dis. Charges only for medicine.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, 29 S. 14th st. Ladies' physician and midwife; skillfully treats and cures all female diseases; board during confinement; ladies in trouble call or write. 74

HIGHEST prices paid for cast-off clothing. Call or address N. Jacobs, 318 Locust st. 74

MASSAGE and magnetic parlors. Mrs. C. Ames, 26 S. 16th st. 74

MRS MABEL EDWARDS gives massage and electric treatment. 2217 Market st. 74

MRS. L. HOTSON, midwife; recs. ladies during con., reas. rates; ladies in trouble call 2305 Market.

MRS. M. ARTHUR, graduate midwife, receives ladies in con.; 1st-class accom. at reas. terms; ladies in trouble call at 2603 Wash st. 74

MRS DR M. DOSSEN, practical ladies' physician; treats all female complaints with great success. All communications strictly con. 1006 Chouteau.

MRS. S. SHAW, 1124 Pine st., gives all kinds of baths, magnetic and electric treatment, bay rum and alcohol rubbings included; professional attendance; lady operators. 74

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write, 1031 Park av.; take U. D. cars south. 74

STOVES, ranges and furnaces at reduced prices. Condon Bros., 11th and Market sts. 74

EGYPTIAN.

Mme. Vashti, Egyptian fortune-teller, 3201 Magazine st., corner Coleman st., born with natural gift to foresee the past, present and future life. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. 74

$1 A WEEK
Buys $50 worth of Furniture at Boylan & Co.'s, 1117 Olive st., lowest price house in the city for furniture, carpets, stoves and all house furnishing goods; your own terms. 74

DR. E. C. CHASE,
Dental Rooms,
904 OLIVE ST.
Gold Fillings $2, Plastic Fillings $1, Extracting 50c., gas free, Gold and Porcelain Crowns. All Dental operations at moderate prices. Office established 20 years.

GO AND SEE PROF. WARRING,
Medium and Real Astrologer, at 2009 Olive Street.
$5,000 to anyone who can equal him in telling the past, present and future; causing speedy marriages, bringing separated together, and in business affairs his advice is invaluable. He tells your name in full, asks no questions and uses no cards of any description in his profession Fee—Ladies, $1; gentlemen, $1 Satisfaction given or no pay. Daily and Sunday. 74

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR a fine parlor, dining-room, bed-room or kitchen clock go to Dunn's Loan Office. 5

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, nearly new; easy payments. Missouri Typewriter Exchange, 613 Pine.

SEWING MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

DESKS--DESKS.
Full assortment, new and second-hand, at bed rock prices, 1117 Olive st., Boylan & Co. 5

FOR SALE.
ONE NO. 3 STANDARD BABCOCK PRESS.
26x30. Nearly new; been in use 8 months; in perfect order. Price, $800. Also 1 Hoe Tape Delivery, 23x28, in good order for $500. One double folder attached to Babcock press will fold 18x19 to envelope size. Address
H. B. ALLEN,
POST-DISPATCH OFFICE.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A young black and tan hound. Return to 2136 Adams st. and receive reward. 30

LOST—Liver and white pointer dog; chain collar with name; liberal reward for return. 600 N. 2d st. 30

LOST—$10 reward—A brown and white shepherd dog and bitch. Above reward for their return to 4266 Morgan st. 30

LOST—Red Scotch terrier dog, 7 months old; ears and tail cut. Liberal reward; return to 3732 Washington av. 30

LOST—A Scotch terrier pup answering to the name of Lotty; $10 reward for his return to Dr. Laidley, 3538 Washington av. 30

LOST—Red Morocco side pocket pocket-book containing papers of no value except to owner. Return to Bennett, 314 Olive st.; suitable reward. 30

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Boarding house outfit; 35 to 40 boarders now. 3729 N. Broadway. 4

FOR SALE—Cigar stand in centrally located hotel; good reasons for selling. Add. N 13, this office.

FOR SALE—A first-class meat and vegetable stand doing a good business; party going into other business. Address H 13, this office. 4

FINANCIAL.

REAL ESTATE PAPER
FOR SALE.
I have on hand some splendid first deeds of trust, secured on West End Real Estate. Amply secured. Interest payable semi-annually. Parties desiring to invest would do well to see me before investing.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Phone 885. 718 Chestnut st.

MONEY WANTED.
On following city real estate securities:
$14,000 on improved property worth $22,000.
$8,000 on improved property worth $14,000.
$6,000 on improved property worth $30,000.
$2,000 on improved property worth $4,000.
$1,800 on improved property worth $3,500.
Wanted AT ONCE; no cost to lender.
JOHN BYRNE, JR., & CO.,
31 10th and Chestnut.

FOR LEASE.

SOUTHEAST COR. SEVENTH AND OLIVE,
4-Story Building
Will be Leased for three years. Possession given Jan. 1. Apply to
MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST CO.,
303 N. 4th St.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

26 S. 14TH ST.—Nicely furnished front room on first floor 13

111 S. 15TH ST.—Furnished rooms complete for light housekeeping, first floor; laundry privilege. 13

120 N. 16TH ST.—Rooms completed for housekeeping; only first-class parties need apply.

502 CARR ST.—Nicely furnished room fronting on Broadway. 13

523 GRATIOT ST.—3 rooms, 1st floor, $10. Keeley & Co., 1113 Chestnut st. 13

525 WARE AV.—Finished, 2d-story front and adjoining room, to gentlemen; private family; reference required. 13

710 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms; rents reasonable. 13

810 N. CARDINAL AV., 31st st.—One well furnished third floor room. 13

817 FRANKLIN AV.—Nicely furnished front and other rooms at reasonable rates. 13

823 N. 23D ST.—Newly fur. first floor front room to gent and wife, or two gents; cheap. 13

914 N. 18TH ST.—Nicely furnished side front room, with all conveniences, for light housekeeping. 13

926 WARE AV.—Corner of Bell av.—Two front connecting rooms on second floor, nicely furnished, separate or en suite. 13

1011 S. 15TH ST.—A widow lady has 2d-story front and connecting back rooms, furnished for light housekeeping, suitable for couple without children. 13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. rooms, 3d-story front and one 2d-story back. 13

1019 OLIVE ST.—Large front, sunny, furnished rooms, single or en suite, $1.25 per week.

1222 OLIVE ST.—Large room, nicely furnished; $10 per month with fire. 13

1406 FRANCIS ST.—3 rooms on 1st floor, water included, $12 per month; three doors north of Easton and Page avs. 13

1409 OLIVE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms; hot and cold water in bath. 13

1411 CHESTNUT ST.—Rooms, front and back parlors, separate or en suite. 13

1506 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front and second-story hall room; hot and cold water. 13

1511 S. 8TH ST.—Three large rooms, 2d floor, in good order; front and side entrance; $11. 13

1723 N. 10TH ST.—5 rooms with bath and w. c. 13

1807 GARRISON AV.—3 rooms 1st floor, front; nicely furnished for light housekeeping. 13

1829 OLIVE ST.—2d floor front and hall room. 13

2105 WALNUT ST.—Newly furnished second-story front and connecting room; also third-story front room, southern exposure, bath and gas.

2126 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished front and back rooms; hot and cold water; furnace heat. 13

2241A CASS AV.—A nicely fur. pleasant room in private family, suitable for one or two gents, at very reasonable rate. 13

2624 OLIVE ST.—Splendid room furnished completely for light housekeeping; gas; every modern convenience; private family; rent very reasonable to desirable parties. 13

2635 PARK AV.—3 rooms, furnished for light housekeeping. 13

2735 WASH ST.—Furnished room, with fire, $6 per month. 13

2820 OLIVE ST.—Three unfurnished second-story rooms. 13

2943 MONTGOMERY ST.—5 rooms, $16 per month, first floor. 13

2950 HICKORY ST.—3 elegant rooms, 2d floor; newly papered and decorated; furnished for light housekeeping; steam heat, bath room and modern conveniences; no transients. 13

4037 COTTAGE AV.—Four rooms for $10. 13

FOR RENT—Two furnished adjoining rooms, with every modern convenience, in an exclusively private family. Address J 13, this office. 13

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished room for two gentlemen; heat and bath; convenient to Lindell electric cars, one block west of Grand av. Address G 13, this office. 13

BOARDING.

713 CHESTNUT ST.—Newly fur. rooms, with or without board. 18

928 LA SALLE ST.—A furnished room with board; in private family. 18

1318 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two large well-furnished front rooms, bath, furnace; best German table board. 18

1623 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; first class board. 18

1721 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegant rooms and first-class board. 18

1806 OLIVE ST.—2d-floor, front room, with alcove; with or without board. 18

2113 LUCAS PL.—Elegantly furnished rooms; first-class board. 18

2326 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly furnished 2d-story front and other rooms; good board. 18

2344 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; also rooms for light housekeeping 18

2601 PINE ST.—Excellent table board with first-class attention and most desirable rooms. 18

2603½ WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms, with excellent board; second story front; private family. 18

2631 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen; first-class board and comforts of home. 18

2635 37 AND 39 WASHINGTON AV.—Fine rooms, with board. Yorkshire. 18

2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished room with board; all conveniences. 18

2648 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story rooms, with board. 18

2714 LOCUST ST.—Newly furnished room, with or without board. 18

2930 LOCUST ST.—Elegant rooms, with board; also large rooms for 2 gents. 18

3038 LUCAS AV.—Room with best table board. 18

3142 LOCUST ST.—To couple; 2d-story front room; first-class board, etc.; ref. ex. 18

4629 MARYLAND AV.—One or two gentlemen to board in the West End; Olive st. cable passes house. 18

FOR RENT—Third-story front room, neatly furnished; one block west of Grand; suitable for two or three gentlemen, with breakfast and Sunday meals or full board; strictly private family; home comforts; references exchanged. Address S 10, this office. 18

FOR RENT—FLATS.

415 S. GARRISON AV.—4-room flat, first floor. Apply at 413. 83

2610 GARRISON AV.—Elegant 4-room flat, new; hot and cold water, etc.; first floor. 83

2850-54 EADS AV.—Two elegant 6-room flats, 2d-floor. Apply on premises. 83

3540 CASS AV.—One flat of four rooms; separate front and side entrance. 83

4103 OLIVE ST.—Five-room flat, all modern conveniences; 6 closets and porch; key in drug store. 83

FOR RENT—Flat in vicinity of Laclede av. and 29th st., carpets, shade curtains, and all of the furniture if desired; rent $20 per month. Address Lock Box 520, Post-office. 83

FOR RENT—917 Channing av., near Bell av., 7 rooms, bath; modern; $37.50.
4062A Finney av., 4 rooms, bath; $22.50.
1400 N. Grand av., cor. Easton av., 7 rooms, bath; choice; $40.
1400 N. 15th st., 3 rooms; stable; $12.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
83 713 Chestnut st

ELEGANT FLAT.
3917 West Bell pl., 5 rooms and bath; separate yards; very desirable location; two rapid transit lines near by. CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
83 713 Chestnut st.

NEW OLIVE STREET FLATS.
Those choice flats of 6-rooms, hot bath and laundry, with new embossed wood finish and cabinet mantels; choice neighborhood.
4223 Olive st., 1st floor, $32.
4221 Olive st., 2d floor, $35.
83 NELSON & MERSMAN, 8th and Chestnut sts.

NEW FLATS.
2019 S. Jefferson av., just finished, 6-room flat; hot and cold bath. Eight-room flat, hot and cold bath. Rent low for winter.
JOHN BYRNE, JR., & CO.,
83 10th and Chestnut

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1223 VICTOR ST.—Just finished, pressed brick, 7 rooms, hall, gas, bath, laundry; rent, $28. Apply at 2617 S. 12th st. 14

1523 HICKORY ST.—14-room house, having every convenience; large yard; gas fixtures, range and 2 fine mirrors go with house; cheap.
CHAS. H. TURNER & CO.,
14 304 N. 8th st

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2313 CHESTNUT ST.—12 rooms, $50 per month.
McLARAN R. E. & I. CO.,
14 722 Pine st.

2844 MORGAN ST.—Seven-room house, bath, etc.; large yards and stable; $30. Apply 610 Olive st. 14

FOR RENT.
No. 4338 Delmar av., a modern 9-room dwelling containing all conveniences, bath, furnace, stable, etc.; rent reasonable. CORNET & ZEIBIG,
110 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT.
4241 Finney av.—A new 7-room house, furnace, stable, hot and cold water, etc. 14

4 Rent.
LACLEDE AND CABANNE.
Four new houses, 7 rooms and reception hall; furnaces, etc., complete; rent, $40 and $35.
RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK,
14 720 Pine st.

HOUSES.
For rent, 2712 Pine st., 8 rooms, brick, porch, large lot, 75 feet front, $50.
1024 Leonard av., modern 7-room houses; bath; $45. CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
14 713 Chestnut st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

717 LUCAS AV.—2d floor; 46x105; suitable for jobbing trade. Inquire on premises. 17

WAREHOUSE FOR RENT.
Near Union Depot, five stories; good facilities for shipping.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
17 713 Chestnut st.

Fourth Street Store.
For rent, No. 508 N. 4th st., 4-story building; splendid facilities for shipping; splendid location.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
17 713 Chestnut st.

303 NORTH FOURTH ST.
2d, 3d, and 4th Floors
FOR RENT CHEAP. APPLY TO
MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST CO.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
ACRE PROPERTY
In the city and suburbs, for Homes or Factories, with
TUCKER & TESSON,
Room 316 Odd Fellows' Building, St. Louis.

$20 PER FOOT WILL BUY
In beautiful West End; streets, sidewalks, sewers made; near two electric cars; lot 100x155.
Vernon av., 120x140, east Bell av., near Arcade building.
~~Maple av., west Union av., 60x140.~~
Cabanne pl., 200x208, between Goodfellow and Hamilton avs.; elegant location; improvements all made.
Grand av., 50x120, near North Market st.; splendid for stores and flats.

BARGAIN.
$40 per foot for 100 feet, near Forest Park, south Washington av., near electric cars.

RESIDENCES.
Greer av., near Marcus av., new 7-room brick; lot 50x155.
4334 Bell av., 7 rooms, reception hall, bath; lot 25x155.
2501 Bacon st., 8 rooms, finished basement, laundry; lot 25x120, can be arranged for two families.
5837 Clemens av., 6 rooms, lot 60x185; city water.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Phone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

"GOOD THINGS."
Capitalists seeking real estate investments should call upon
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

PARTIES wishing to secure homes should call on
JOHN T. FIELD, & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE have a customer for a residence lot on Union av.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE have a customer who has a finely improved residence property for sale at Benton Station, Mo. P. R. R.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE HAVE a customer who wants to sell a Delmar av. residence, east of Sarah st.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE have a customer who wants to lend $2,000 on improved real estate.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE have a customer desiring to sell fine building lots at Sutton Station, Mo. P. R. R.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
8 513 Walnut st.

FOR SALE—A farm in St. Louis County.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE have a customer who wants to sell 100 feet on McPherson av., near Taylor av.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE have a customer for a residence lot; vicinity of Taylor avenue and Westminster Place.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

WE have a customer who wants to sell 50 feet on Washington av.
JOHN T. FIELD & CO.,
513 Walnut st.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Monthly Payments—4316 New Manchester rd., between Park and Mount Vernon avs., new one and a half story brick cottage of five rooms; lot 25x125 feet to alley. Terms $300 cash, balance $20 per month.
7 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—Monthly Payments—5029 Shaw av., one block west of King's highway; new 2-story pressed brick house of 6 rooms; lot 27x170 feet; terms, $500 cash, balance $20 per month. Apply to G. Neukum, builder, 2113 Oregon av., or
7 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—Monthly payments—House and lot No. 1217 Victor st., cor. alley, brand new 2-story pressed-brick house of 7 rooms, hall, gas, bath, finished cemented laundry; lot 28 ft. 6 in. by 68 ft. deep; terms, $500 cash; balance $30 per month. Apply to German Neukum, builder, 2113 Oregon av., or KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

GOOD BUSINESS CORNER.
For sale—Northeast corner 13th and Victor sts., being a new 2-story brick house, with large store on first floor and fine large rooms on 2d floor; lot 28½x68 feet; house open Sunday; this is a good corner for business. Apply to German Neukum, carpenter and builder, 2113 Oregon av., or
7 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

$500 CASH DOWN,
Balance $25 per month, will purchase house and lot No. 2932 Sheridan av., near Garrison, being a brand new two-story pressed brick front house of 6 rooms, bath-room and bath, inside water closet, finished laundry, marble mantels up and down stairs. Lot 26½x150 feet to a 15-foot alley, sidewalk made and paved. Keys at KEELEY & CO.,
7 1113 Chestnut st.

YOU are perhaps a member of a Building and Loan Association If you are, we congratulate you and suggest that on the opening of the New Year you increase your holdings in your present company or take shares in some other good association. Indeed, it is not necessary to wait until the inception of the New Year, as an opportunity is now offered whereby you can

Take Shares in the Western Union Building & Loan Association

by paying $1 per share from November, as we issue a new series of stock at that time.

Remember, it is not a new association being organized, but a new series that participates in the earnings of one or more other series that have loans in force to exceed Sixty Thousand Dollars. It is a very good way to save your income. It is a safe way to invest your earnings. Try it; become a shareholder in our November Series, and live to be surprised at the quick accumulation of your dollars. Six per cent allowed on dues paid in advance on shares or loaned direct on certificates. Our office is open daily from 8 in the morning until 6 in the evening, and on Mondays until 10 p. m.

Every opportunity is offered and inducement extended to have you join us. Very truly yours,

Milo T. Bogard
110 N. 9th St. Secty

PROPOSALS FOR LEASE.

To Merchants and Manufacturers:

The property recently occupied by the Post-Dispatch, Nos. 515 and 517 Market street, is offered for lease for a term of ten years. A substantial building will be erected to suit the wishes of lessee. The locating of the new Union Depot and the new City Hall, both on Market street, and other extensive improvements in the immediate neighborhood makes this a very desirable location for the near future. Proposals may be addressed to

D. W. WOODS,
Post-Dispatch Office.

HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, Agents.

FOR SALE!
TEMPLE SHAARE EMETH,
Northeast Corner Seventeenth and Pine Sts.
122 feet on Pine by 109 feet on Seventeenth.
We have been authorized by the Board of Pewholders to offer this elegant temple, including furniture, for sale at the sum of $65,000, on terms to suit. This is one of the most desirable corners in the city, being only two blocks from the new Union Depot. For particulars call on
CHARLES H. BAILEY, 304 North Seventh Street, or
HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 North Eighth St.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

$600 CASH DOWN,
Balance $30 per month, will purchase house and lot No. 2834 Park av., a brand new 2-story pressed brick front house of 6 rooms, hall, bath and inside w. c.; lot 29½x125 ft. to alley; sewered; Park av. is 80 ft. wide and street and sidewalk is made. Apply to Chas. A. Miller at house. KEELEY & CO.,
7 1113 Chestnut.

ELAINE
BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
Has a few shares of stock for sale at $1 per share of $300 each.
T. F. TERRY, Secretary,
7 613 Chestnut st.

COMPLETE MODERN HOUSE.
Ten-room bargain. An elegant residence on one of the choicest West End streets; every convenience—water, sewer, granitoid walks, Telford street, shade trees, shrubbery and flowers; house elegantly furnished; will sell furnished or unfurnished; large lot. NELSON & MERSMAN,
7 Eighth and Chestnut sts.

4 Sale.
N. E. COR. GRAND AND CASS.
Eight choice 6-room houses (flats); new and desirable; rent, $2,880. Price, $22,500.
RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK,
7 720 Pine st.

6%
Deposit your money with the Western Union Building & Loan Association and receive 6 per cent interest therefor.
MILO T. BOGARD, Secy.,
110 N. 9th st.

CHOICE INVESTMENTS.
$16,000 will buy well-built sets of flats renting for over $2,000 per year; flats are furnished with bath and furnace; see us for location.
$35,000
Will purchase a No. 1 set of flats in western part of city, with baths; rental $4000 per year for these flats. NELSON & MERSMAN,
7 Eighth and Chestnut sts.

Investment paying 15 per cent net on purchase price; good 3-story building covering 144 feet front, in business quarter. A great bargain for quick buyer.
NOONAN REAL ESTATE BANK,
800 Chestnut st.

MUST BE SOLD.
New 7-room Queen Anne dwelling, No. 4242 McPherson av., only 200 feet east of the Olive St. Cable, with lot 35 or 70 feet by 162 feet deep; sewer, water, electric light, furnace and hard-wood finish. Open every day from 8 until 5 until sold. This is a rare opportunity.
ADAM BOECK & CO.,
No. 207 N. 8th st.

MAKE OFFER!
OWNER'S SACRIFICE!
Three new very neatest style Queen Anne bricks and one new handsome frame house in GREER'S BEAUTIFUL MARCUS AV. ADDITION, each 50x150; lawns, trees, etc.; 6, 7 and 10 rooms; each decidedly different. Attention is called to the much superior finish, also special plan (best architects) of each; baths, w. c., s. w. r. h. sewers each. Easton av. cable; Marcus av. cars. Call at 4723 Labadie av., Greer's Addition. 7

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

THE FIDELITY LOAN GUARANTY CO.
OF WEST VIRGINIA.
Our business is to loan money on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons, diamonds and fine watches. The goods remain in your possession, and all transactions regarded and kept confidential. You can pay any amount at any time on the loan, and the cost of carrying it will be lessened proportionately. If you are now making payments that are too large to meet, call and see if we cannot benefit you.
619 Pine Street.

FURNITURE LOANS.
$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN
On Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Clothing, Trunks, Valises and Musical Instruments.
Unredeemed pledges for sale.
BARNETT'S LOAN OFFICE,
9 South Broadway, between Market and Walnut.
Highest price paid for old gold and silver. 31

FROM 50c to $10,000
To loan on diamonds, watches, jewelry, guns, pistols, musical instruments, trunks, valises, clothing, etc. Reasonable rates of interest.
CENTRAL LOAN CO.,
JAS. A. BRICE, Manager,
204 N. 4th st., near Pine

IF YOU NEED MONEY
And wish to borrow on your furniture, piano or building association books it will pay you to get my terms and rates. J. W. STALEY,
31 1011 Chestnut st.

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 1-2 Pine St.,
Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodations will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

MUTUAL LOAN CO., 216 N. 8TH ST., Near Olive.
Money loaned at reduced rates on furniture and other personal property. No removal necessary. Business confidential. No commission or charge for papers. Borrowers will receive the best terms and be treated right. Loans can be paid off part at a time and save interest. Do not fail to see us before making a loan.

DO YOU WANT MONEY
Advanced on Your Furniture or Piano?
If so, then call on us for low rates and easy terms; we make loans in any sum you desire, from $15 upwards in strict confidence, without removing your property from your residence; if you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet payments, we will pay it for you. You can make payments at any time you desire.
If you are in need of money you will find it to your advantage to call on us before borrowing.
Eagle Loan Co., 714 Pine St.,
O. C. Voelcker, Mgr., Room 14, 2d Floor.

IF YOU WANT MONEY
Loaned on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons.
Etc., without removal or publicity, then call and get our rates, which are the very lowest on any sum from $10 to $10,000. We will carry your loan as long as desired. Part payment taken and costs reduced in proportion. If you bought furniture or piano on time and can't meet payments we will pay it for you; no charges taken out in advance; borrowers get full amount of loan.
GERMAN-AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
515 Pine st., 2d Floor.
F. W. PETERS, Manager.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

RACING IN WINTER.

How It Interferes With the Big Summer Meetings.

VALUABLE HORSES NOW RACED DURING THE COLD MONTHS.

Sullivan Returns and Wants to Fight Slavin—Rusie and Buckley Expected to Join the Chicago Association Club—An Alleged Base Ball Peace Conference—Sporting News in General.

The end of the Baltimore meeting and the beginning of the Washington race meeting, which opened this week, mark the close of what a few years ago was called the racing season. Now, however, such has been the growth of the turf, nobody thinks of looking for the end of racing in October. Five years ago fewer than two thousand persons could be got to attend a race as late in the year as this, but on Saturday last at least six thousand New Yorkers saw six brilliant contests at the North Bergen track of the Hudson County Jockey Club and heard the solos of Levy at intervals between the racing. There has been a great and radical change indeed, and one which is giving the stockholders of the costly summer tracks something to think of. When there was no racing during the late autumn and the winter months the public appetite for the spring events was whetted by the long cessation of racing; but now that the contests of the turf go on day after day, month after month, never ending, there is no dividing line except with a very few of the old-time race-goers, and, as a result, winter racing is beginning not only to prove as interesting as the summer sport upon the turf, but is also menacing the fatness of the dividends to be earned by the long-established jockey clubs. With racing every day in the year there is a strain upon the time and the pocket book of the race-goer, and this is felt in the falling off of the normal attendance at the spring, summer and early autumn tracks. Winter racing did not amount to much until it was demonstrated to practical horsemen that the cold weather did not affect the speed or the physical condition of the horses. On the contrary, it seemed to benefit them, and in fact does. It is for this reason that turfmen of national repute are now running their horses at the Hudson County Club. The presence of these horses has, of course, elevated the quality of the sport; made speculation lively and added a dignity to winter racing which otherwise it would not possess. With horses like Raceland, Banquet, Madstone, Tulla Blackburn, Now or Never, Civil Service, Dashing Belle, Lester, Dalsyrian, Castaway II., Kirkover, Sirocco, Esquimau, Autocrat, Portchester and Early Blossom running at the Hudson County track, it is hard to distinguish the difference between summer and winter racing, and certainly both the average quality of the sport and the attendance have been well kept up since the opening of the North Bergen track. The vigilence in the judges' stand and the smoothness of the management have, of course, had much to do with the progress of winter racing in New Jersey. Apart from the actual contests, horsemen have learned to view all the year racing with satisfaction. Formerly the horses went into winter quarters in October and remained there until early April, when the winding-up process for the early May racing began. There was often great difficulty in getting the thoroughbreds unlimbered after a long cessation of racing, and when pushed along at a rapid pace in their training they frequently broke down. It has been found that horses do not need any such rest in order to properly fit them for the summer campaign. Racing and consequent exercise do not hurt them in winter if not overdone and an occasional period of rest brings them to the post again fresh and sound. This has, of course, increased the market value of the thoroughbreds, and so has materially increased the profits of the breeders by materially swelling the demand for useful race horses. Without winter racing, as now established, there will be no such brisk demand for horses, as too many are bred to find opportunity for winning on the purely summer tracks.

THE TURF CONGRESS.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 30.—Mr. M. Lewis Clark, President of the American Turf Congress, has appointed Col. E. C. Hopper of the Latonia Jockey Club Secretary pro tem in place of the late B. G. Bruce. The Congress is composed of various racing associations of the West and South, and Col. Hopper is now sending to them notices of the next meeting of the Congress, which takes place at the Auditorium Hotel in Chicago, Nov. 11. It is expected that the new Cumberland Park Association of Nashville and the Memphis Jockey Club will become members of the Congress.

WHY CHICAGO WITHDREW.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from St. Louis yesterday morning conveyed the information that two of the strongest associations in the American Turf Congress, the Washington Park Club of Chicago and the St. Louis Jockey Club, would probably withdraw from the Congress. The reason given in the dispatch was on account of the rule placing the minimum distances for races for 2-year-olds and upward at one mile. It is a fact that the resignation of the Washington Park Club has been in the hands of Col. M. Lewis Clark, President of the Congress, also President of the Louisville Jockey Club and Presiding Judge at Garfield Park, since Oct. 1, but the mile rule was not the cause of the club's dissatisfaction. The Washington Park Club could not consistently oppose the mile rule even if it were so inclined, as it was one of its first advocates, and will, in all probability, continue to enforce it. Secretary John E. Brewster said last night: "Our reason for withdrawing from the Turf Congress is simply that we did not feel inclined to remain in and refuse to collect forfeits issued by other associations not members of the congress, which is in full adherence to the rules. We have rigidly enforced the rule of the congress, even to our own detriment in many cases, and at the same time seen them repeatedly violated by other clubs. We do not say, as the dispatch would indicate, that we can get along without the co-operation of other jockey clubs. Such co-operation is necessary to the well-being of the turf, and we do not think to profit by withdrawing from the Congress. As a matter of fact our secession places us in a position where we can extend full recognition to all racing associations, East and West, and that is where the Washington Park wants to be."

With Chicago and St. Louis out the jurisdiction of the American Turf Congress extends only to tracks at Memphis, Lexington, Louisville, Latonia St. Paul.

RUNNING AT NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 30.—At West Side Park yesterday the races resulted:

First race, selling, purse $300, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—Nettie Kent won; Cornie Buckingham, second; Borealis, third. Time, 1:10.

Second race, selling, purse $300, for 3-year-olds and up, $1,200, weight for age, allowances, seven furlongs—John G. won; Grandpa, second; Clark, third. Time, 1:31½.

Third race, for 3-year-olds and up, penalties and allowances, one mile—Vortex won; Rorka, second; Donnell, third. Time, 1:42¾.

Fourth race, purse $300, for 3-year-olds, five furlongs—Ceverton won; Clintie C., second; Glenn, third; Time, 1:03¼.

Fifth race, purse $300, for maiden 2-year-olds, four furlongs—F. G. Murphy won; Ten to One, second; Celerity, third. Time, :51¾.

RUNNING AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30.—The races at Bennings yesterday were as follows:

First race, purse $500, for 2-year-olds, six furlongs—Lamplighter won; Madrid, second; Mrs. Peck, third. Time, 1:15½.

Second race, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling, allowances, five furlongs—Watterson won; St. Charles, second; Gold Dollar, third. Time, 1:02.

Third race, handicap sweepstakes, one mile and an eighth—Senorita won. Time, 1:50½.

Fourth race, purse $400, 3-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, on mile—Margherita won; Tattler, second; Cerebus, third. Time, 1:43¾.

Fifth race, purse $500, for maidens of all ages, allowances, six furlongs—Tarantella won; Balbriggan, second; Gondolier, third. Time, 1:15¼.

GUTTENBURG MEETING.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The races at Guttenburg yesterday were as follows:

First race, five furlongs—May D. 106 pounds (Martin), first; Gonzales 113 (Taral), second; Lord Dalmeny 127 (Dorsey), third. Time, 1:02¾.

Second race, six furlongs—Donohue 117 pounds (Miller), first; Florimor 114 (Taylor), second; Sade 119 (Flynn), third. Time, 1:17¼.

Third race, six furlongs—Irregular 103 pounds (Martin), first; John Hickey 106 (Taylor), second; Glen Roller 110 (Delong), third. Time, 1:17¼.

Fourth race, one mile—Roquefort 104 (Lamley), first: Belwood 109 (Flynn), second; Little Fred 92 (Clay), third. Time, 1:43½.

Fifth race, six and a half furlongs—John Cavanagh 104 pounds (Walker), first; Mohican 105 (Flynn), second; Salisbury 105 (Lamley), third. Time, 1:27¼.

Sixth race, seven furlongs—Mabelle 114 pounds (Martin), first; Sparling 122 (Taral), second; Derango 119 (Flynn), third. Time, 1:29¼.

GARFIELD PARK RACES.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 30.—Yesterday's races at Garfield Park resulted:

First race, five furlongs—Berndene, first; The Scalper, second; Lucy Hitt, third. Time, 1:03¼.

Second race, six furlongs—Adelina, first; C. L. Von Tromp, second; Miss Patton, third. Time, 1:17¼.

Third race, one mile—Blue Banner, first; Barney, second; Lizzie B., third. Time, 1:43¼.

Fourth race, one mile—Dore, first; Falero, second; Salonica, third. Time, 1:43½.

Fifth race, six furlongs—Warren Leland, first; Lucinda, second; Zed, third. Time, 1:14¼.

Sixth race, five furlongs—Harry Dixon, first; Oakdale, second; Maggie Jordan, third. Time, 1:02½.

GLOUCESTER RESULTS.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., Oct. 30.—Summaries of yesterday's races:

First race, seven furlongs—Prince Edward, first; Faustina, second; Roger, third. Time, 1:32¼.

Second race, six furlongs—Umilita, first; Sister Ione, second; Leon T., third. Time, 1:19.

Third race, seven and one-half furlongs—Rose Howard, first; Eric, second; Question, third. Time, 1:39¾.

Fourth race, one mile—Lotion, first; Belisarius, second; Lonely, third. Time, 1:46¼.

Fifth race, four and one-half furlongs—Emma J., first; Benjamin, second; Basil Duke, third. Time, :57¾.

Sixth race, six and one-quarter furlongs—Patrocles, first; Lady M., second; Albert Stull, third. Time, 1:23.

TRACK TALK.

But two men have driven three trotters to records below 2:13, C. W. Williams and Budd Doble, and at present Doble leads Williams by a nose, having driven Nancy Hanks, 2:09, Delmarch, 2:12, and Jack 2:12¼, while Williams' performers were Allerton, 2:09¼, Axtell, 2:12, and Mary Marshall, 2:12¾. Mr. Williams, however, has the sole distinction of having owned the horses he drove, and having bred two of them.

Mr. Joseph D. Lucas' imported stallion Abingdon, by Wenlock out of Lady Langdon, has arrived here and is now at his Goodwood stud. Abingdon, who is almost a full brother to Hampton, who for six consecutive years ranked as the leading sire of England, is a magnificent dark bay with black marks. He stands 16 hands ½ inch, and as he is only 4 years of age he may be raced before being retired to the stud.

Mr. W. S. Barnes of Lexington has recently purchased for his Melbourne stock farm as he has named his place, four finely bred fillies. They are Gypsy Queen by imp. Rayen d'Or, dam Liatonah; Miss Colville by imp. Glengarry, dam Dublin Belle, the filly being a full sister to Stuyvesant and Lillian Beatrice. Seminole by Hindoo, dam Katie, this purchase being a full sister to Jim Gore, and the imp. filly British Royalty by the great Bendigo, dam Pleasance by Cremorn, the English derby winner. Mr. Barnes now has forty seven finely bred mares.

THE RING.

The Pacific Mail steamer Alameda arrived from Australia at San Francisco yesterday with Champion John L. Sullivan and combination on board. Joe Choynski, the California heavy-weight, was also among the passengers. The world's champion was in splendid condition, weighing over 235 pounds and sporting a pair of English mutton-chop whiskers. In company with his manager, Barnett, Duncan Harrison and his sparring partner, Jack Ashton, he registered at the Baldwin. Speaking of his trip to the antipodes, Sullivan confessed that it was a complete failure. "There ain't a dozen decent sports in the bloomin' place," exclaimed the champion of champions, "but more hoodlums to the square inch can be found there than at any place in the world. I got enough of foreign lands, and in the future I will confine myself to the United States. Fairy tales, I understand, have been published here about my behaving unruly on the way down, and then cleaning out saloons and hotels while we were traveling through the country. They are the same style of yarns writers have been dishing up ever since I have been before the public. My friends will not believe such trash, and they need no denial from me. I will leave as soon as possible for a tour across the Continent to New York, which point I expect to reach next spring. I have telegraphed my New York agents my willingness to fight Slavin as soon as my theatrical contract expires in the spring, and have instructed them to make the necessary preliminary arrangements as soon as possible. But I want it understood that this will be my last appearance in the ring."

FITZSIMMONS AS A HORSEHOER.

The horseshoeing contest between the champion of the coast (in that line), Edward Granney, and "Bob" Fitzsimmons, the champion middle-weight pugilist, has been postponed. Granney was badly kicked in the face last Saturday while at work. At first it was thought he would die from congestion of the brain, but the young blacksmith's splendid constitution pulled him through and he it now on the road to recovery. The Pacific Athletic Club of San Francisco has taken the matter in hand and a purse of $500 will be hung up for the contest to take place in the athletic club's fighting arena. The contest, instead of being for 100 shoes, will be reduced to 50, so that it can be finished in one night. Each man will make fifty light shoes and will have two helpers, "one to fire" and "one to strike." Fitzsimmons, in his prime, is said to have had a record of making one dozen ¾x⅜ shoes in twenty minutes, two dozen in forty minutes and three dozen in an even hour, which is considered by experts to be first-class work.

JACKSON AND MAHER.

Peter Jackson announced in San Francisco yesterday that he was willing to meet Peter Maher, the Irish champion, providing he is allowed a month or two to get in condition. One of the 'Frisco athletic clubs will, in all probability, offer a good-sized purse for the contest. Billy Madden, who is handling the Irishman, received a telegram from Jas. Tony, the Dublin bookmaker, who handled Maher on the other side, stating that he, Madden, should not let Maher go up against any of the American pugilists but the big guns, such as Corbett and Jackson. The prevailing opinion is that the Celtic champion will be badly beaten should he conclude to take chances and enter the ring with the dusky Peter. Jackson says he will not only fight Maher, but any pugilist, though he would prefer another go with Corbett.

A CHANCE FOR CORBETT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 30.—The Pacific Athletic Club has telegraphed Jim Corbett asking him if he would meet Joe Choynski, who has just returned from Australia, for a purse of $5,000. Choynski is willing.

PUGILISTIC POINTERS.

George LaBlanche, the "Marine," is in Salt Lake City trying to secure a match with the Mormon champion, Jim Williams, who is considered out there a greater fighter than John L. Sullivan. LaBlanche writing from that point says, that he has been chasing the "champion of the Mormons" without success so far. But another communication from the same point says, that the "Mormon champion" has posted a forfeit and that LaBlanche backed down.

Jack Dempsey has left San Francisco for Portland, Ore., to settle up his business affairs there preparatory to leaving for the East with his variety and boxing combination, which will make a tour of the United States. The combination will include young Mitchell and numerous other cracks of all classes, who have found that the coast is not such a bed of roses as they expected it would be. They will join the Dempsey combination to work their way East.

BASE BALL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The *Herald* base ball reporter says: "I have it from an undoubtedly good source that the Chicago Association team, which has offered $500 more than the Boston, will secure Rusie. He has promised to go to Chicago, providing Buckley can be secured to catch him. Association men are now after the New York catcher. When he left here at the close of the season he told me he had been badly treated and he did not care whether he came back or not."

AN ALLEGED PEACE CONFERENCE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—It was said last night that a conference had been held up-town by a number of well-known base ball men, both players and magnates, from both organizations. Byrne and Von der Horst had a long talk, in which the latter said he thought it was about time that the hot-headed representatives of both the leading organizations stepped down and out and gave some of the clear-headed ones a chance to adjust all existing differences. Among those present were Billie Barnie, John M. Ward, Tim Keefe, Danny Richardson and others. Richardson is said to have stated that he and Connor have signed with the Athletics.

INTERNATIONAL TUG OF WAR.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—In the international tug-of-war last night, Denmark beat America in 24m. 23s., and Scotland beat Germany in 23m. 43s. Scotland has not yet been defeated, and is now sure of first prize. Denmark has been beaten once and America twice.

CHAUTAUQUA WEEK.

Four Days of Entertainment and Instruction Next Week.

Next week will be Chautauqua week in St. Louis. The exercises are to be held in Pilgrim Congregational Church, on Twenty-ninth street and Washington avenue, and the first entertainment will be given next Tuesday evening. Art studies are to be discussed, and normal studies, health studies, children's meetings and various other subjects of interest, not only to the members of the Chautauqua Society, but also to the public at large. These discussions are to be led by such prominent speakers of national reputation as Rev. Joseph Cook, Prof. Rollo Kirk Bryan, Mrs. Clara Holbrook Smith, Mrs. W. F. Crafts, Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts and Mr. John DeWitt Miller. The last named gentleman will speak at the opening meeting next Tuesday night on "Love, Courtship and Marriage" a subject most dear to all St. Louisans out of their teens and to a good many still in them. Other speakers will be introduced and Mrs. M. E. Laety will entertain the audience with a solo.

The exercises next day, Wednesday, will open with a Bible reading at 9:30 o'clock. At 10 o'clock a Sunday-school normal class will be conducted by Rev. Wilber F. Crafts, which will be illustrated with charts, pictures and oriental curiosities, and at 11 o'clock Mrs. Crafts will conduct a Sunday-school primary class. In the afternoon Mrs. Clara Holbrook Smith will lecture on the Grecian method for health and artistic dress, and the next hour, 3 o'clock, speeches will be made on a number of customs that need reforming. The opening speaker on each subject will be allowed fifteen minutes and the following speakers five minutes each. At 4 o'clock a childrens' meeting will be opened. This is to be conducted by Mr. Crafts and will be illustrated with curiosities from Bible lands, pictures and object lessons. In the evening the C. L. S. C. round table will be conducted by Mr. Crafts, and Prof. Bryan will then discuss a Thanksgiving turkey with "performing chalks."

MASONIC CELEBRATION.

Seventy-fifth Anniversary of Missouri Lodge No. 1.

Last night's seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of Missouri Lodge No. 1, A. F. and A. M., was a brilliant success. The members of the lodge left out every suspicion of a formal entertainment and made the anniversary an occasion for a grand reunion of themselves and their families. Nearly four hundred people were seated around the tables which were spread in the auditorium of Masonic Hall. The entertainment opened with a song from the Olympia Quartette entitled the "Menu." At the conclusion of the banquet John H. Deems, the toast-master, read a letter from Frederick L. Billon, the oldest Mason in Missouri, who for the past sixty-eight years has been a member of Missouri Lodge. Mr. Billon is 92 years of age. He regretted very much his inability to be present, and sent a hearty greeting to his brethren. Mr. A. Moore Berry responded to the toast, "Missouri Lodge." John R. Parsons to "The Grand Lodge," V. O. Saunders to the "Masonic Home," W. H. Mayo to "The Craft," and John D. Vincil to "Our Wives and Daughters." The banquet closed with benediction by Rev. John W. Robinson.

SUITS and Overcoats for boys up to 19 years, $2.50 to $15. Prices the lowest; qualities the best. GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Society News.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Black have removed to 2936 Gamble street.

Miss Ida Schmittle of New Orleans will return to her home next week.

Mr. Fred Cook has returned to the city after a trip through the West.

Mr. J. M. Fitzroy will not leave the city for Memphis, as was erroneously stated.

Mrs. Henry Sayers of 3510 Laclede avenue will receive on Tuesdays during the winter.

The Beau Ideals will give their first party this season at Concordia Club Hall, to-morrow evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Gaal of Benton, will celebrate their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary Tuesday next.

Mrs. Charles Beamer of Denver, with her children, are the guests of her parents on Leonard avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. James Francescus, Jr., have gone to housekeeping in their new home on the South Side.

Mrs. Wm. C. Wilson of 2930 Morgan street is enjoying a visit from her sister-in-law, Mrs. Dr. Wilson of Chicago.

Miss Margaret Foley and Mr. Will Grant spent Sunday with Miss Della Beard at her home near Glencoe, Mo.

Mme. Cleremont, teacher of French at Mary Institute, has removed from 1804 Lucas place to Leffingwell avenue.

Miss Lillie Wheaton has returned to the city after a year and a half's traveling in the West and is located at 2728 Olive street.

A musicale was given at the residence of the Misses Kelleher, 2820 Cass avenue, Tuesday evening, and an enjoyable time was had.

Miss Agnes McFall, one of the young lady students of the Visitation Academy, is out from school this week to attend several social events.

The Wolfner Literary Society will give a literary and musical entertainment on Sunday evening at B'nai El Temple. Refreshments will be served.

Miss Chaillie Benson will leave with Mr. and Mrs. Hyde for Salt Lake City this week. Miss Amy Hyde will remain at her school, Monticello Seminary.

The members of the Y. W. C. T. U. and friends were entertained Saturday, Oct. 24, from 3 to 5 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. Culver, 4004 Washington avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Strong of Memphis, Tenn., have located here and desire to make St. Louis their future home. They have taken a house on Delmar avenue.

News comes to St. Louis of a very pleasant entertainment given to Miss Guy of Omaha, and Miss Lichty of St. Louis, who are visiting Misses Gilcrest of the former city.

The Misses Kaime gave an "at home" yesterday, from 3 to 5 o'clock, at their residence, 3717 Delmar avenue, to which their friends were invited to meet Miss Duff.

Mr. John McCarthy of 2704 Pine street gave a party Wednesday night in honor of his sister, Miss Eva McCarthy of London, Ontario, and at present visiting in the city. Music and dancing whiled away the merry hours.

Mr. and Mrs. James V. Byrne, who left St. Louis not quite one year ago to reside abroad, where Mr. Byrne was engaged in business, are expected in St. Louis soon. It is said that neither Mr. Byrne nor their little 6-year-old son enjoys as good health in Scotland as he did in this country.

A clam bake gave variety to the week's entertainments. A wagonette carried the merry party of nine belles and beaux, chaperoned by Mrs. Geo. C. Thompson of West End place, out to Aris Heights, where, in the cottage grounds of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. E. Carroll, the party alighted and obtained permission to bake their clams and enjoy an impromptu spread within. Among the guests were Misses Ida Thompson, May Killingsworth, May McFadden, Lily Wright, Mae Murphy and Messrs. Edward Sessions, G. M. Rackcliffe and A. H. St. Clair.

First Regiment Officers Meet.

The meeting of the First Regiment last night was unusually lengthy. A new constitution and by-laws were up for consideration, and after a spirited discussion which lasted until midnight they were adopted. Col. Comfort was present and ready to make all explanations the officers might choose to demand. The matter was laid over until Nov. 5. The officers pledged themselves before adjourning to pay the regimental expenses for November.

QUAY IN A CORNER.

Suit for Libel Brought Against a Pittsburg Paper.

PUBLICATION OF THAT CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT THE BASE OF ACTION.

The Boss Endeavoring to Get Away From Apparent Connections With Bardsley—Facts Explaining the History of the Transaction—The Pennsylvania Senate Investigation.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 30.—Senat or Quay has instituted suit for libel against the *Post* of this city for publication of the fac-simile of Bardsley's certificate and for comments thereon connecting the names of Bardsley and Quay. Civil suits are also entered against the same persons and against Chairman Kerr of the Democratic State Central Committee for $100,000. John S. Robb, Thos. M. Marshall and E. A. Montieth have been retained by Quay as counsel. He also sent a telegram to Lieut. Gov. Waters, Chairman of the State Republican Committee, asking him to purchase and save "for future reference" all Democratic papers that published a certificate of the fac-simile.

The following facts will explain this move upon the part of the Beaver boss:

The Attorney-General has in his possession photographs of a Keystone National Bank certificate of deposit for $8,877, and the indorsement on the back, which shows the payment of that amount to Quay and his receipt through the Beaver Pennsylvania Deposit Bank for the same.

This certificate is No. 2,315 and dated Philadelphia, Nov. 29, 1889. It shows that John Bardsley deposited on Nov. 29, 1889, $8,877, payable to the order of himself on the return of the certificate, properly indorsed. It was signed by G. W. Marsh, Cashier. The indorsements are:

"Pay to the order of M. S. Quay," and signed "John Bardsley:" "M. S. Quay;" "Pay to F. C. Hutchinson, cashier or order, for collection account of Beaver Deposit Bank, J. R. Parrah, cashier;" "Pay to H. C. Stroup, Esq., cashier, or order, for account of Alleghany National Bank, Pittsburgh, F. C. Hutchinson, cashier." Stamp: "Received through Clearing-house of Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank, Philadelphia."

The facts in connection with the payment are thus summed up: "Bardsley placed almost a million of the State's money in the Keystone Bank, from which it was stolen by himself or his confederates. None of the experts who have examined the bank books has been able to discover where this money all went.

The certificates now in Receiver Yardley's possession show that Bardsley got $8,877 from the bank on Nov. 29, 1889, and sent it to Quay. Quay collected the money through his bank at Beaver; and when the certificate was sent on here the Keystone Bank paid it. The question is, where did this money come from?

"Why did Bardsley send it to Quay?" On Nov. 2, 1889, Auditor-General McCamant Sent the money for magistrates costs in Philadelphia to Bardsley, over $30,000.

Bardsley deposited it in the Keystone Bank and on Nov. 29, 1889, he (Bardsley) paid $1,575 to H. N. Graffen, a clerk to Auditor-General McCamant. On the same day he sent the $8,877 to Quay.

Of the persons whose names appear on above certificate as drawer, payer and indorser, G. W. March is a fugitive, John Bardsley is in jail, M. Q. Quay is in the United States Senate, and a charge of the Republican State Committee trying to elect Gregg and Morrison to succeed McCamant and Boyer and to displace Redwood Wright with George D. McCreary as City Treasurer in Philadelphia.

THE SENATE INVESTIGATION.

PROBABLE WHITEWASH OF BOYER BY HIS POLITICAL FRIENDS—JURISDICTION.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 30.—The efforts of Gov. Pattison to cleanse the records of the State offices in Harrisburg are likely to end in failure. It is now apparent that the Republican plan is to continue the argument on the question of the Senate's jurisdiction until this evening. They will then adjourn until after the election. They will meet on Wednesday after the election and will pass a resolution that the charges against Boyer have not been proven, and they will then decide the Senate has no jurisdiction in the matter and will adjourn without hearing the cases of McCamant or the Philadelphia magistrates.

The argument of Counsel for the accused State officials yesterday was on this line: Judge Orvis denied the constitutionality of the proceedings and the jurisdiction of the State. The proposition the Senate is now considering, said Judge Orvis, is that punishment may be inflicted without trial and without impeachment. There are two plain propositions opposed to this: (1) That no citizen of the Commonwealth who has been elected to an office, has entered upon the duties thereof, can be lawfully relieved from that office as a punishment for misbehavior without first being impeached by the House of Representives and tried before the Senate and indicted and tried in the courts of Dauphin County; (2) that neither the Senate of Pennsylvania in executive session, nor the Governor of the Commonwealth, nor both combined, are authorized under the constitution or laws of the State to try a public officer for crimes and misdemeanor in office at common law.

Merchants Dining at the Mercantile Club

Will find the Chemical National on the route "en passant"—a convenient and reliable institution of deposit.

SMALL FIRES.

Sheds Burned at Barnett's Brick Yard—Hot Ashes Cause a Blaze.

The brick kiln sheds of W. H. Barnett's brick yard on the southwest corner of Newstead avenue and Wabash road caught fire about 3 o'clock this morning and were totally destroyed, causing a loss of $2,000 to the sheds and an equal amount to the stock of bricks. Neither the shed nor bricks were insured. The fire was caused by the kiln becoming overheated.

Hot ashes thrown in a shed in the rear of 2646 Chestnut street set fire to it about 1 o'clock this morning and caused $25 damages. An alarm was turned in by some unknown party.

Met the New Chancellor.

Dr. W. S. Chaplin, the new chancellor of Washington University, was tendered a very pleasant reception last evening by the members of the University Club. The early part of the evening was spent by the Chancellor in meeting the club men and distinguished guests. After an hour of conversation the club members and their guests adjourned to the banquet hall, where an elegant collation was served. Prof. Marshall Snow offered a toast to the health of the new Chancellor, who modestly responded. The club members then took turns about making the evening pleasant for their guests.

Struck by a Stone.

Joseph Gozzolo, a silverplater by trade, while standing in the alley adjoining N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Co.'s factory on Eighth and St. Charles street, was struck on the head by a stone which came from one of the upper stories of the Nelson building. It could not be learned whether the stone dropped or was thrown maliciously. The blow rendered Gazzolo unconscious. It will not result seriously.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.

PLEASE READ THIS.

90 Cents a pound for VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA ("Best & Goes Farthest") seems to be high. Let us compare it with the price of Coffee:

1 lb. of good coffee costs at least 30c., makes 31 half-pint cups.
3 " " " " " therefore 90c., " 93 " " "
1 " "V. H. COCOA" also 90c., " 150 " " "

Which is the Cheaper Drink?

90c.={ 93 cups of Coffee,
150 " "V.H.Cocoa!

Sold by every Grocer.

RETAIL PRICE.
90 cents per pound.
50 " " ½ "
25 " " ¼ "
15 " " ⅛ "

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IN JUDGE PAXSON'S COURT.

The Green-Eyed Monster in Clabber Alley—Cruelty to Animals.

Timothy Maloney is an excavator. He has teams, and now and again days of weary toil bark their necks. Mr. Maloney did not heed this fact as carefully as he should and he was fined $20 for cruelty to animals in the Second District Police Court. Special Officer Holmes testified that Maloney had three mules at work on a scraper at Pendleton and Delmar avenues and one of the mules had a sore on the top of his neck, six inches long. Mr. Maloney saw in this an opportunity for the play of native wit, and, pulling out his rule, measured six inches and wondered was there ever a mule with the roof of his neck so broad; if there was, that animal should go to the fair or the hospital. Mr. Maloney, however, was thinking of a flat roof and the court a slanting one, with the main for shingles, for he was assessed a $20 fine, and this the court would not remit. Mr. Maloney said that as soon as Mr. Holmes complained of the animals' condition work was stopped, and the mules were put in the stable. He was surprised to receive a summons a few days after.

Love tickles the hearts of the lowly as well as the great and runs rampant in Clabber alley just as well as in the ranks of the Four Hundred. It shakes the frame of colored amazons and tinges the creamy tint of their eyes to a rich reptilian green. Mary Cooper and Mattie Slemmens have looked on each other with eyes gleaming with hate, all on account of Jim Greeves. Their hatred broke out in open warfare last Saturday. With rocks and knives the merry fray went on, and Jim stood a likelihood of having but one to choose from. Officers Farrell and Simcox ended the disturbance, however, and Judge Paxson fined them $5 apiece to-day.

Dan Coughlin, a troublesome citizen of Fifteenth and O'Fallon and an ex-convict, did the brotherly act last Saturday, which resulted disastrously to-day in Court. Officers Maguire and O'Connor had his brother under arrest for loitering, when Dan took a hand in the affair and tried to convince the officers that they were meddling with the wrong people. The officers told him to mind his own business. Dan talked back, and he accompanied his brother to the Third District Station. The brother had his case continued and Dan got a $5 fine to-day.

A PREACHER'S FAMILY TROUBLE.

Rev. Wm. Alsbury Charged by His Wife With Abducting Her Child.

If the story that Mrs. Perline Alsbury tells of the Rev. Wm. Alsbury be true, and she claims she has letters to prove it, he is not all that he should be. Mrs. Alsbury swore out a warrant for wife abandonment against him yesterday, and informed the officers that he was booked to preach at Blodget, Mo., to-day. The Rev. Alsbury is a regularly licensed traveling evangelist of the Free Will Baptist Church and goes about from place to place in Missouri preaching to the multitude. With the same lips, however, according to his wife, he told his uncle, B. W. Alsbury, Chief of Police of Charleston, Ill., that his family was dead. W. B. Alsbury found out that his wife and three children were living in St. Louis, whereupon the Rev. William is said to have remarked that they were dead to him. He has also cast insinuations on his wife, she claims, and this she wants him to prove. Mrs. Alsbury is most desirous to have her 9-year-old son returned to her. The husband came to her house, 208 South Eleventh street, some five weeks ago and took away the little boy, to Bismarck, Mo., refusing to return him or school him. Mrs. Harris, the good matron at the Four Courts, Mrs. Alsbury says, has promised to have the boy schooled and given surgical attendance, because he is a cripple. Mrs. Alsbury's 13-year-old daughter is now in the country in a very nice home, and will return next month. The Rev. Alsbury was a track foreman on the Iron Mountain road about eight years ago, but he found itinerant preaching more lucrative, and took it up as a calling. Mrs. Alsbury says, however, that he never contributed to her support, and she does not know what he did with his money.

Sewing Schools for Children.

The Queen's Daughters' reopen their industrial schools for the instruction of children in sewing, to-morrow. There are three schools, one at St. John's, another at St. Patrick's and a third in the Annunciation parish. The children are taught how to sew, each one being presented with the article, the material being supplied by the society. The opening of the schools is the result of a large and enthusiastic meeting held last Wednesday at St. John's Library Hall. The reports of the officers then read showed the society to be in a flourishing condition.

The Finest Pianos for Rent at Half

Price at Koerber Piano Co., 1108 Olive.

For the Russian Refugees.

The Grand Lodge of the Order of Britto Abraham has issued a call to all the lodges in the United States to assist, to the limit of their ability, the Russian refugees. Representatives of the two local lodges met Wednesday evening at Lightstone's Hall and decided to give a charity ball for the purpose of raising funds for the needy Russians. A date and place of holding the ball will be arranged by committees appointed for that purpose. An Executive Committee was appointed with B. Burenstein, District Deputy Grand Master, Chairman; Jacob Berger, Secretary, M. H. Smit, Treasurer; S. S. Rencoe, Julius Rechnitzer and John Ellman, Vice-Chairmen. The two lodges in the city have about 500 members who will contribute to the success of the event.

Stolen Goods Recovered.

Detectives Freese and Fitzgerald arrested James Smith, alias Howard, on Sixth and Cerre streets last night. He had a sack in his possession which contained ten suits of clothes. The detectives then went to his room at 210 South Eighth street and recovered stolen goods to the value of $300.

Come to Stay.

The terribly aggravated form of influenza, which physicians on the continent of Europe designate as "la grippe," seems to have effected a permanent lodgment this side the Atlantic. It makes its reappearance as soon as the cool weather sets in, and not infrequently during the summer months. In the spring it is rampant. Nothing checks its first attack, or so effectually counteracts its subsequent ravages, as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The fortifying, invigorating influence of that beneficent tonic protects the system against the dangers which beset a feeble physique and a weakly constitution consequent upon abrupt transitions of temperature. It diffuses a general warmth through the diaphragm, which is the best corrective or preventive of a chill, and is a means of neutralizing the effect of exposure in damp or rigorous weather. In dyspepsia, liver complaint, costiveness, rheumatism, malarial and kidney troubles it is never resorted to without good results.

BACCILLI IN BLOOD.

Recent experiments as read before the last Congress of Surgeons at Berlin, leave no doubt that the true way to *CLEAR THE SYSTEM OF MICROBI* is through the pores of the skin. It has been found that a remedy which kills the Microbi will also destroy the life of the patient; but it has also been found that the Microbi can be forced out through the skin, and it is in this way that **S.S.S.** relieves the system of poison.

HAVING SUFFERED much from Contagious Blood Poison, after using half a dozen bottles of **S.S.S.** I WAS RESTORED TO PERFECT HEALTH, and all eruptive sores disappeared. You are at liberty to make any use of my statement that you wish.—J. CROSBY BYRON, 208 Third Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

Treatise on Blood and Skin diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3. Atlanta, Ga.

FOR GIRLS.

Mable Allen, 113 Paterson St., Paterson, N.J., writes: 'Prior to monthly period I suffered terribly; sick a great deal. Nerve Beans cured me. My skin is bright; appetite good; gained 12 lbs.'' $1. Sold at Frost & Ruf's, 7th and Olive; Fernow's, Broadway, cor. Market; Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 6th, cor. Washington Ave.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

I took Cold,
I took Sick,
I TOOK
SCOTT'S
EMULSION

RESULT:
I take My Meals,
I take My Rest,
AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; **getting fat too,** FOR Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda NOT ONLY CURED MY **Incipient Consumption** BUT BUILT ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING
FLESH ON MY BONES
AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. I TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK." SUCH TESTIMONY IS NOTHING NEW. SCOTT'S EMULSION IS DOING WONDERS DAILY. TAKE NO OTHER.

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians as a safe and sure cure in seven days, whether inherited or acquired. $1.50 per box. All druggists

TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, **Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.**

STRICTURES,

With all their bad results, strangury, nervous excitement, nervous debility, unnatural discharges and weakness of manhood, *positively cured,* by safe and easy methods. For description of treatment, in book form, call upon or address **DR. GEO. C. PITZER,** 1110 Chambers St., St. Louis, Mo. Books and consultations, in office or by mail, all *free of charge.* Office hours: 7 to 9 A.M., 12 to 2 P.M., 6 to 8 P.M.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 per bottle.

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST—Whereas, John Knox, more than 9 months dead, and Bridget Knox, his wife, by their deed, dated the 14th of August, A. D., 1879, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 852, page 527, conveyed to Herman Obrock in trust the following described real estate, lot or parcel of ground, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number seven (7) in block number two (2) of Germantown, a subdivision of a certain tract of land situated at the junction of the North Missouri Railroad with the Bellefontaine road, made by Claus Wilshusen and Edward C. Schults, a plat of which said subdivision is on file in the St. Louis County (now City) Recorder's office, said lot number 7 having a front of 25 feet on the north side of Francis avenue, and with that width running northwardly to the northern boundary line of the whole tract of land, being the same property acquired by the said party of the first part, from Frank Stoppenbrinck and wife by deed dated Aug. 14, 1869, recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, Mo., in book 391, page 244. Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described. And, whereas, the said note remains due and unpaid, and the said Herman Obrock, said trustee, has departed this life without having completed the performance of the duties imposed on him by said deed of trust. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on THURSDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1891, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the Eastern front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property to satisfy said note and the cost of executing said trust.

St. Louis, Oct. 13, 1891. PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff and Trustee.

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST—Whereas, Robert W. Eastman (more than nine months dead) and Sarah E. Eastman, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated Aug. 7, A. D. 1889, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in Book 920, page 507, conveyed to Henry N. Baird in trust the following described real estate with the improvements thereon, situate in block 3699 of said city, to wit: A lot of ground fronting twenty-five feet two and three-eighths inches on the east side of Newstead avenue, by depth eastwardly between parallel lines fifty-five feet; said lot is bounded on the north by Lucky street and on the west by Newstead avenue, on which said lot is erected a brick dwelling house, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described, and whereas, several of said notes remain due and unpaid and the said Henry N. Baird, said trustee, has refused to act as trustee under said deed of trust and has refused to perform the duties imposed on him by said deed of trust, now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that at the request of the legal holders of said notes and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on MONDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1891, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the above described property to satisfy said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

St. Louis, Oct. 16, 1891. PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff and Trustee.

JACKSONVILLE SOUTHEASTERN LINE.

Chicago and Peoria Mail	† 7:45 am	† 8:00 pm
Jacksonville Accommodation	† 5:25 pm	†10:55 am
Chicago and Peoria Express	† 7:45 pm	† 7:35 am
Springfield Mail	7:45 am	8:00 pm

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL RAILROAD.

Mail and Express	* 8:30 am	* 11:55 am
Mail and Express	* 5:00 pm	* 6:30 pm

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains Running Into Union Depot—St Louis Time.
*Except Sundays; †Daily; §Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. Pullman Sleepers on all trains and Free Chair Cars on all West bound trains.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:35 am	† 5:50 pm
Rock Island, Bushnell, Galesburg and Peoria Express	§ 8:20 pm	‡ 6:50 am

The 8:20 p. m. train is daily except Saturday, and the 6:50 arrives daily except Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids Express	* 9:15 am	* 5:40 pm
Kansas C'y, St. Joseph, Denver, Lincoln, Omaha and Deadwood Express	† 8:25 am	† 7:05 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, St. Joe, Kansas City and California Express	† 8:15 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Spirit Lake, St. Paul and Minneapolis Night Express	† 8:45 pm	6:50 am

VANDALIA LINE.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Trains No. 20 and No. 21, daily	7:30 am	6:00 pm
Day Express, daily	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Indianapolis Accom., exc. Sun.	11:25 am	5:00 pm
N.Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp., daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Fast Line, daily	7:30 am	
Chicago Local, exc. Sunday	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Chicago Diamond Spec'l, daily	9:00 pm	7:30 am
Cincin. Day Express, daily	7:30 am	7:00 pm
Cincinnati Night Express, daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Accom., daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE, ST. L., A. & T. H. R. R. CO.

New Orleans Fast Mail and Texas Express	†8:30 am	†6:50 pm
St. Louis and New Orleans Limited and Florida Fast Line	†7:40 pm	*6:50 pm
Memphis & Cairo Fast Line	†7:40 pm	*7:20 am
Cairo & Paducah Express	†8:30 am	*1:45 pm
Sparta, Chester, Murphysboro & Carbondale Accom'dation	*4:25 pm	*1:45 pm
Grand Tower & Cape Girardeau Express	*8:30 am	*1:45 pm

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Kansas City Mail	† 8:45 am	† 7:10 pm
Chicago Express Mail	† 8:15 am	† 7:35 pm
Alton Express	*10:00 am	† 8:30 am
Through Chicago Express	† 4:40 pm	†10:45 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:50 pm	*10:45 am
Chicago Lightning Express	† 8:15 pm	† 7:30 am
Kansas City Vestibuled Limited	† 8:40 pm	† 7:00 am
Godfrey & Alton Accom		* 1:30 pm

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE." Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Railway. No change of cars.

Day Express	* 7:15 am	* 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	* 8:05 am	* 7:15 pm
Alton Express, Daily	10:40 am	7:50 am
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:20 pm	*10:30 am
Southwestern Express	7:25 pm	7:30 am
Alton Express, Daily	5:55 pm	1:30 pm

Ticket office, corner 5th and Chestnut sts.

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE."

Louisville Day Express	† 8:20 a m	† 6:45 pm
Louisville Night Fast Line	† 8:25 p m	† 7:40 am
ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS DIVISION		
Belleville Accommodation (b)	† 8:25 a m	† 7:55 am
Belleville Accommodation (b)	*11:00 a m	*10:30 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 2:50 p m	* 2:00 pm
Belleville Accommodation (b)	† 5:35 p m	† 5:10 pm

On Sundays trains marked (b) will run thirty minutes later.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Mt. Vernon Accommodation		* 9:10 am
Southern Fast Mail	* 7:50 a m	† 7:45 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	* 5:00 p m	
Belleville Accommodation	†10:45 a m	† 1:50 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 p m	† 7:20 am

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 7:00 am	* 6:45 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 8:10 am	* 8:45 am
Texas & Col. Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	*10:45 am	*10:30 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	a 1:00 pm	
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 1:30 pm	* 1:40 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 4:05 pm	* 4:05 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 7:35 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 6:30 pm	* 6:00 pm
Col. & Cal. Express	† 8:25 pm	* 6:30 am

a—Sundays only.

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

10 hours to Cin. and Lou., solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phila and New York.

Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:55 am	* 7:00 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:05 pm	† 7:15 am
Vincennes Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	* 8:40 am

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston, Galveston Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.

Columbus Accommodation	† 7:57 am	† 6:47 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Ft. Worth Express	† 9:20 am	† 5:40 pm
Memphis Express	† 8:20 pm	† 7:10 am
Texas Special to Hot Springs, Dallas, Fort Worth, Galveston, San Antonio, Laredo and City of Mexico Fast Line	† 8:10 pm	† 7:20 am
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas, Fort Worth		
El Paso & California Express	† 9:30 pm	† 6:20 am

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R.
(Bluff Line, via Big 4.)

Grafton and Elsah Express	* 10:40 am	* 5:45 pm
Jerseyville, Springfield & Grafton Express	* 4:20 pm	† 1:20 pm

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Fast Mail	† 5:00 am	† 8:10 am
Creve Cœur Lake Passenger	† 6:00 am	
Oak Hill Passenger	* 6:20 am	* 6:35 am
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:45 am	* 6:30 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only)	7:30 am	7:35 am
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:25 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 8:00 am	* 8:40 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 8:05 am	* 8:20 am
Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Southern Kansas & Gal. Ex p.	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 9:30 am	†12:40 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 9:50 am	* 9:50 am
Oak Hill Passenger	†10:00 am	†10:30 am
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:50 am	
Oak Hill Passenger	*11:55 am	*11:55 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	9:05 am
Oak Hill Pass. (Sunday only)	1:15 pm	
Kirkwood Passenger	* 1:25 pm	*12:35 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	† 3:00 pm	† 1:30 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 3:15 pm	1:50 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 4:20 pm	† 3:10 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 4:25 pm	† 7:00 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	* 4:45 pm	* 5:35 pm
Washington Passenger	* 5:25 pm	* 8:00 am
Kirkwood Passenger	* 5:50 pm	* 5:10 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	* 6:15 pm	† 7:05 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:20 pm	* 5:55 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:30 pm	* 7:40 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha and Wichita Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:55 am
Kirkwood Passenger	* 8:45 pm	* 8:20 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Colorado and Texas Express	†9:30 pm	† 7:15 am
Kirkwood Passenger (Sunday only)	9:45 pm	10:25 am
Kirkwood Passenger	*10:30 pm	* 9:15 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:30 pm	*10:45 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	*11:35 pm	* 7:45 pm

WABASH RAILROAD.

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER		
Chicago Local Express	† 7:05 am	† 6:15 pm
Chicago Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Toledo, Detroit & New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:00 pm
Decatur Accommodation	* 4:50 pm	*10:35 am
Toledo, Detroit, New York & Boston Vestibule Limited	† 6:55 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Vestibule Limited	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Kansas City Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:20 pm
Kansas City, Ottumwa & St. Paul Fast Line	* 9:00 am	* 6:15 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	*11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	* 7:30 am
Kansas City Fast Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 7:15 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 8:50 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 3:50 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 5:35 pm
Ferguson theater train (Thursday only)	11:15 pm	7:45 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	10:20 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	3:00 pm
FROM FRANKLIN AVENUE STATION.		
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 6:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 8:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*10:45 am	*10:35 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 1:40 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:10 pm
Ferguson theater train (Wednesdays and Fridays only)	11:15 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	8:55 am	8:45 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:30 pm	10:25 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	2:45 pm	2:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	5:45 pm	5:35 pm

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO R. R.

Creve Cœur Accommodation	* 6:00 a m	†11:10 am
Creve Cœur Accommodation	* 9:20 a m	† 4:00 pm
Creve Cœur Accommodation	* 1:10 p m	† 7:10 pm
Union Express	† 4:50 p m	† 8:20 am
From Grand Avenue—Union Accommodation	* 5:20 a m	* 5:50 pm

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line)

Chicago Fast Line, daily	7:30 a m	
Chicago Local Express, ex-Sunday	8:10 a m	7:00 pm
Chicago Diamond Special, d'y	9:00 p m	7:30 am

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY R. R.

Toledo Day Express	* 7:35 am	9:10 pm
Toledo Night Express	7:05 pm	7:58 am

ST. LOUIS & SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY.

Arkansas & Texas Express	† 8:15 pm	
Arkansas & Texas Express		† 7:30 am
Jonesboro Accommodation	* 7:55 am	* 6:45 pm

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.

New Orleans Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Mobile & Florida Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Cairo & Jackson Express	† 7:40 am	† 7:00 pm
Murphysboro & Chester Acc'm	* 4:30 pm	*11:15 am

VOL. 42.—NO. 350.

ALL IN ARM

Miners Release the Convicts
Coal Creek Valley.

Guards Attacked, Driven Out a
Stockades Burned.

THREE THOUSAND MOUNTAINEER
WINCHESTERS

Pledged to Prevent the Return
Prison Birds to the Coal Min
Released Convicts Clad in Ci
Clothing by Their Captors and C
to Leave the Region—The Gove
Tennessee Notified.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 31.—The wa
in the Briceville coal region. The
see Coal Co's stockade is in ashes
convicts released.

At Thistle Switch, near Coal Creek
the Chunbless' stockade is demolish
all the convicts employed by that c
tion set free.

The guards have been driven away
convicts are roaming the country in c
clothes, while the property of the co
panies is at the mercy of 3,000 in
mountaineer miners, armed with W
ters and shotguns and pledged to up
contract convict labor iniquity of Te
at the risk of their lives.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

Knoxville is only thirty-five miles f
scene of rebellion against the laws of
see, but with the wires down it is d
get accurate and full information
events which have had such a star
max. Assistant Labor Commission
man, who has just arrived from Br
brings the most accurate informatio
tainable. He says: "For some time
the confidence of the miners in
Creek Valley have been aware tha
thing desperate had been determine
Last evening there was an ominous
ing of men soon after dark. Th
bered, perhaps, 1,500. After cons
among the leaders the column ma
the Tennessee company's stockade,
manded the surrender of the guards.

"The demand was complied with,
the guards, who had been appris
attack, beating a hasty retreat.
victs, to the number of 163, were rel
taken in charge by the besiegers. T
was then resumed and the stockad
Creek, known as the Chunbless s
before the attacking party. It
burned, but all the convicts were
men."

NO CASUALTIES REPORTED.

There were many shots fired duri
tack on the stockades, but no casua
been reported. It is said, the guar
firing, and in all probability, findi
sistance, the miners fired in the
view of intimidating the guards
victs.

In all there were 320 convicts rel
some way not yet known the miners
supplied with a large lot of citizens'
Each convict was directed to doff h
and don a suit of new apparel.
tranformation had been compl
prison birds were told to ge
the valley as quickly as the
and they lost no time in
Another gentleman just in from
Creek Valley says: "The first at
made at 9 o'clock on the stockade o
nessee Mining Co. at Briceville. Th
was surrounded by at least 3,0
armed with Winchesters. The gu
overawed by the superior num
offered no resistance, feeling tha
be useless and probably result in gr
life. One hundred and forty-one con
attired in citizens' suits and rele
which the stockade and three othe
were burned. The miners then m
tack on the stockades of the Knox
Co. at Coal Creek, where they ov
the guards. Convicts to the num
were furnished citizens' suits and
The stockades at Coal Creek
burned. It has been ascertained t
number of citizens' suits were
several days ago. It is reported t
ing that most of the miners have
wards the Kentucky line."

A GUARD'S STORY.

Some of the guards who capitula
armed miners have just arrived
guns. One of them said this aftern

"The stockade at Briceville was
reported last night. That at Coal
longing to the Knoxville Iron Co.
burned, but the convicts employe
released, and all are at large. T
the guards were nearly all captur
sistance was made, and conseque
was no bloodshed.

The miners have possession o
graph office at Coal Creek, and no
can be sent out.

The Secretary of the Tennessee
sent a telegram this morning
point to Gov. Buchanan app
of the outbreak and asking for ass

A telegram received here fro
capital of the county where the
located, says:

Intense excitement prevails he
wires between Clinton and Bri
cut. A great many shots were h
feared the trouble will increa
miners will go to the Knoxvill
place, then to Oliver Springs and
pany property. Reports of firi
heard in Clinton to-day.

WILL THE MILITIA GO

GOV. BUCHANAN CONSIDERING THE
A CONVICT'S TELEGRAM.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 31.—U
nothing new has been received
Briceville, nor has the Governo
step in regard to ordering out mili
it is expected something will be do
A full report from the seat of
looked for shortly. There is consi
citement here.

Gov. Buchanan announces that
sidering the matter regarding th
out of the militia. He received
from State authorities stationed a